

## Part VII - Water Mains and Service Laterals

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## **ARTICLE 701 - GENERAL**

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### **701.1 Definition.**

- (1) Whenever the term “Engineer” is used with respect to water main or water service lateral construction, it shall be understood to include the General Manager of the Madison Water Utility and all duly authorized representatives thereof.
- (2) All other definitions as described in Article 101.

### **701.2 General.**

- (1) Unless otherwise ordered by the Engineer, specified in the Contract Documents or shown on the approved drawings, conform to the requirements of the Specifications herein. In case of discrepancy, conform to the hierarchy as described in Article 104.

### **701.3 Emergency Contact.**

- (1) Furnish the Engineer with a local telephone number where a duly authorized representative can be contacted in case of an emergency at night or on weekends.

## **ARTICLE 702 - MATERIALS**

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### **702.1 General.**

- (1) Conform to the requirements specified herein for the type and class of material named. The Engineer reserves the right to reject any materials not meeting these Specifications as being defective.
- (2) Prior to use, obtain approval in writing from the Engineer for any proposed substitutions of equivalent material.
- (3) Ensure that the manufactured year of all materials is the current or previous year.
- (4) Inspect all materials when delivered to the job site. Promptly remove from the worksite any materials that are rejected by the Engineer due to cracks, flaws, or other defects. The City will not be held liable for project delays that occur due to rejected materials.
- (5) Unload, haul, and distribute all materials near their respective point of installation. Unload any City-furnished pipes and accessories in an area that is deemed acceptable to the Engineer as accessible and convenient to the job site. Handle the materials with care to avoid damage. Do not drop or bump materials against the ground.

### **702.2 Equipment.**

- (1) Ensure that all equipment and tools necessary for performing any specified work are satisfactory to design, capacity, and mechanical condition for the purposes intended.
- (2) Repair, improve, replace and/or supplement any equipment which is not maintained in full working order, or which as used is inadequate to obtain the results prescribed by the Contract Documents.
- (3) Use of any unpowered hand tools is considered incidental.

### **702.3 Ductile Iron Water Main & Accessories.**

#### **702.3.1 Ductile Iron Pipe:**

- (1) Ductile iron pipe and accessories shall conform to the requirements of American National Standard for Ductile Iron Pipe, Centrifugally Cast, for Water (ANSI/AWWA C151/A21.51 - latest revision).
- (2) Pipe requirements:
  1. Class 52 ductile iron.
  2. Cement lined.
  3. Push-on joint.
  4. Furnished with all necessary accessories.
  5. Bonding straps to provide electrical conductivity without field welding.

**702.3.2 Gaskets:**

- (1) Gaskets shall conform to the requirements of American National Standard for Rubber-Gasket Joints for Ductile Iron Pressure Pipe and Fittings (ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11 - latest revision).
- (2) Gasket Requirements:
  1. Plain rubber gaskets.
  2. Restrained-joint locking gaskets.
    - i. Use restrained joint locking gaskets when electing to *or* are otherwise required to meet thrust-restraint requirements by means of restrained-joint pipe.
    - ii. Restrained-joint locking gaskets must be certified as compliant for use with the furnished pipe material by the pipe manufacturer.

**702.3.3 Polyethylene Encasement:**

- (1) Polyethylene encasement materials shall conform to the requirements of the American National Standard for Polyethylene Encasement for Ductile Iron Pipe Systems (ANSI/AWWA C105/A21.5 - latest revision).
- (2) Polyethylene Encasement Requirements:
  1. 8-mil thickness (minimum).
  2. Furnish in either tube or sheet form.

**702.4 Fittings & Accessories.**

**702.4.1 Mechanical Joint Fittings:**

- (1) Mechanical joint fittings are to conform to the requirements of American National Standard for Ductile Iron and Gray Iron Fittings, 3-inch through 48-inch, for Water (ANSI/AWWA C110/A21.10 - latest revision).
- (2) Mechanical Joint Fitting Requirements:
  1. Class 250 mechanical joint pipe fittings.
  2. Cement lined.
  3. All bells.
  4. Entire fitting tarred.
  5. Conductive mechanical joint (no lead)
  6. Furnished with all necessary accessories (rubber gaskets, flanges, bolts, etc.).

**702.4.2 Mechanical Joint Restraints:**

- (1) EBAA Iron Inc. - MEGALUG® Series 1100, or approved equal.

**702.4.3 Nuts and Bolts:**

- (1) Comply with AWWA C111/A21.11. - latest revision.
- (2) Ensure that bolts are of sufficient length such that a minimum of ½-inch of threads are exposed beyond the end of the nut when tightened.
- (3) Refer to the following table for the numbers, diameters, and lengths of bolts to be used:

<b>Pipe Diameter (inches)</b>	<b>No. of Bolts Required</b>	<b>Bolt Diameter (inches)</b>	<b>Bolt Length (inches)</b>	<b>Bolt Length for MEGALUG® (inches)</b>
3	4	5/8	3	3-1/2
4	4	3/4	3-1/2	4
6	6	3/4	3-1/2	4
8	6	3/4	4	4-1/2
10 - 12	8	3/4	4	4-1/2
14	10	3/4	4-1/2	5
16 - 18	12	3/4	4-1/2	5
20	14	3/4	4-1/2	5

**702.4.4 Solid Sleeves:**

1. Class 52 ductile iron.

**702.4.5 Repair Sleeves:**

- (1) Repair sleeves may only be used when solid sleeves will not fit over existing pipe without major modification, such as significant grinding of pipe.
- (2) Allowable Repair Sleeves:
  1. Rockwell 441.
  2. Ford FCI Bolted Flex Coupling.
  3. Powerseal 3501.

**702.5 Services and Stops & Accessories.**

**702.5.1 Service Laterals:**

- (1) 2-inch diameter and smaller laterals:
  1. Type K soft copper tubing.
  2. Straight length sections for 1½ -inch and 2-inch sizes.
- (2) 4-inch diameter and larger laterals:
  1. Class 52 ductile iron

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2. See Article 702 – Ductile Iron Water Main & Accessories.

### **702.5.2 Saddles:**

- (1) Saddles are required at:
  1. All 1-½-inch and 2-inch service lateral taps.
  2. All service lateral taps on PVC, HDPE, or CIPP-lined water mains.
- (2) Approved saddles:
  1. Ford Series 202B double strap brass saddle.
  2. A.Y. McDonald - Series 3825 saddles (double strap).

### **702.5.3 Couplings:**

- (1) Couplings shall be copper-to-copper fittings.
- (2) Compression couplings are only permitted when reconnecting existing copper tubing to new copper tubing.
- (3) Allowable couplings:
  1. Mueller H15400.
  2. Mueller H15405.
  3. Mueller H5403.
  4. Mueller P15403.
  5. Ford C44-33 / 44 / 66 / 77

### **702.5.4 Corporation Stops & Service Fittings:**

- (1) 1-inch diameter Corporation Stops:
  1. Mueller H – 9971.
- (2) 1½-inch and 2-inch diameter Corporation Stops:
  1. Mueller H – 10003.
- (3) 1-inch diameter Service Fitting (1/8 bends):
  1. Mueller H – 15485.
- (4) 1½-inch and 2-inch diameter Service Fittings (1/8 bends):
  1. Mueller H – 15470.
- (5) Supply all Service Fittings (1/8 bends) with a fiber gasket.

**702.5.5 Curb Stops:**

- (1) 1-inch diameter Curb Stops:
  1. Mueller H1502-2.
- (2) 1 ½-inch and 2-inch diameter Curb Stops:
  1. Mueller H15201.

**702.5.6 Curb Boxes:**

- (1) Ensure that all curb boxes are complete, with covers marked “WATER.”
- (2) Curb Box Assemblies shall include the following:
  1. Brass screws.
  2. 2½-inch new style flush fit cover.
  3. 54-inch rods and guide rings.
  4. 2½-inch screw type shaft.
  5. 37-inch bottom section.
  6. 29-inch top section.
  7. 16-inch center section.
- (3) 1-inch diameter Curb Boxes:
  1. Bingham and Taylor 94 F.
- (4) 1½-inch and 2-inch diameter Curb Boxes:
  1. Tyler or Bingham and Taylor (Standard Valve Box).
  2. No rods or rings.
  3. See valve box material requirements of Article 704 – ‘Furnish & Install Water Valve’

**702.6 Disinfection Chemicals.**

- (1) Dry chemicals:
  1. Chloride of Lime.
  2. HTH.
  3. Pittchlor.
  4. Or equal (65 % available Chlorine), granular form only.
- (2) Liquid:



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1. Only to be used with Engineer's written authorization.
2. Sodium hypochloride.

## **ARTICLE 703 - CONSTRUCTION METHODS**

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### **703.1 General.**

- (1) Construct water main and appurtenances in accordance with AWWA C600 - latest revision except when otherwise required in these Specifications.
- (2) In case of discrepancy between these Specifications and the approved drawings and/or Contract Documents, conform to the hierarchy as described in Article 104.
- (3) All existing and new water valves are to remain visible and accessible at all times.
- (4) Valves and hydrants may only be operated in the presence of, and with the authorization of the Engineer.
- (5) Work done in the vicinity of any tree located in **City property or public right-of-way** is to be done in accordance with Article 107 of these Specifications.
- (6) Conform to the requirements of Article 203 of these Specifications for all existing pipes, structures, attached parts, and connections that are approved by the Engineer to be removed.
- (7) Utility trench patches are to be done in accordance with the requirements of Article 502 of these Specifications and the Standard Detail Drawings.
- (8) Utility line openings, as required in the Contract Documents or as ordered by the Engineer, are to be done in accordance with Article 508 of these Specifications.

### **703.2 Installation Tolerance.**

- (1) Do not install new water main and appurtenances without field-staked line and grade. Install water main and appurtenances to the line and grade depicted on the approved drawings.
- (2) Allowable installation tolerance:
  1. Horizontal: 0.1 feet.
  2. Vertical: 0.1 feet.
- (3) Work performed without line and grade, beyond the allowable installation tolerance, or Extra Work performed without authority, will be considered unauthorized and may not be measured or paid. The Violation consequences for unauthorized work are subject to Article 105 and Article 703 – ‘Repairs and Alterations’.
- (4) The lines, grades, locations, and dimensions shown on the plans are subject to adjustment by the Engineer during construction per Article 105. It shall be understood that the elevations for water mains as shown on the drawings are subject to revisions to accommodate field conditions as necessary. The Engineer reserves the right to adjust profile grades within 2-feet of the elevations shown on the approved drawings without adjustment in compensation.
- (5) Before installing any proposed variance from the approved drawings, obtain authorization in writing from the Engineer per Article 703 - ‘Repairs and Alterations’ and Article 105 of these Specifications.

### **703.3 Repairs and Alterations:**

(1) This section covers:

1. Emergency repairs of the water system.
2. Proposed alterations of the water system.
3. Unauthorized tampering of the water system.
4. Proposed deviations from the approved water main construction drawings or Contract Documents.

#### **703.3.2 Requirements:**

- (1) Per Madison General Ordinance Section 13.205, make no unauthorized alterations to the water system. Only when properly authorized to proceed may any work on the water system occur.
- (2) When authorized, this work is subject to but not limited to the following requirements:
  1. Perform all work in accordance with these Specifications.
  2. Safeguard and protect all Madison Water Utility facilities at all times.
  3. Do not operate valves or hydrants without direction from the Water Utility Inspector.
  4. Provide proper water shut-off notification to affected customers in accordance with these Specifications.
  5. Perform all field-cuts with an approved mechanical pipe cutter or power saw. All field-cuts shall be made straight, true, and without damaging the pipe.
  6. Concrete encasement pipe repairs are not permitted. Concrete encasement for other purposes, such as a concrete collar, requires written approval from the Engineer.
  7. Perform a complete clean-up of the work area and completely restore all disturbed surfaces to original condition, or better.

#### **703.3.3 Notice and Approval of Work:**

- (1) For anticipated repair work, including the raising or facing of hydrants, notify the Engineer a minimum of 2-working days prior to the proposed beginning of such work.
- (2) To propose an alteration of the existing system or a deviation from the approved water main construction plan or Contract Documents, submit the request in writing a minimum of 3-working days prior to when work will be needed. The variance request shall include a sketch that effectively depicts the proposed revision. The Engineer will review the request and respond within 3-working days.
- (3) Emergency repairs or planned work may be authorized by the Engineer with less notice or verbal approval at their discretion.

**703.3.4 Violation Consequences:**

- (1) Be subject to a forfeiture per Madison General Ordinance Section 13.205 for each day or partial day of violation.
- (2) Unauthorized work may not paid for by the City and may be ordered to be removed or replaced at the Contractor's expense as specified in Article 105.
- (3) Risk loss of prequalification status with the City of Madison.
- (4) Be liable for all damages, claims, lawsuits, and/or other associated costs including Water Utility costs for labor, equipment and materials.

**703.1 Excavation.**

- (1) Construct water mains and appurtenances in open trenches and in a manner to protect the pipe and appurtenances from unusual stresses at all times.
- (2) When permitted by the Engineer in writing, water mains may be installed by tunneling and/or jacking methods in lieu of open trenching. Prepare and submit to the Engineer in writing, the details of construction including a bore pit plan and according to Article 703 – 'Repairs and Alterations'.

**703.1.1 Trench Excavation:**

- (1) All excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing shall be done in accordance with the latest edition OSHA regulations and any additional requirements specified in the Plans or Contract Documents.
- (2) Provide all sheeting, bracing and/or shoring necessary to protect the work, existing property, utilities, pavement, etc., and to provide safe working conditions in the trench. All costs of sheeting, bracing and/or shoring is considered incidental to any work which necessitates it.
- (3) When not in use, remove sheeting and bracing, unless permission to leave in-place has been given in writing by the Engineer.
- (4) Excavate trenches in conformity with the required alignment and grades as shown on the drawings and as laid out in the field by the Engineer.
- (5) Remove all vegetation and topsoil along the trench line to the width of the proposed trench before beginning excavation.
- (6) Deposit material excavated from the trench on the sides of the trenches and excavations, beyond the reach of slides. Transport material to spoil banks as an alternative.
- (7) Properly dispose of surplus material at no additional cost to the City. Surplus material includes but is not necessarily limited to:
  1. Vegetation from the trench line.
  2. Excavated rock or cobbles in excess of 6-inches in diameter.
  3. Boulders (per Article 704).

4. All other material from excavation not needed or suitable for backfilling trenches.
- (8) For water main construction, the width of the trench shall be such as to leave a clear space of not less than 6-inches nor more than 1-foot between the earth wall, or the supporting sheeting or bracing where such is used, and the sides of the pipe. The trench width established by this pipe clearance, measured at the spring line, shall be applicable to that portion of the trench from 1-foot above the top of the pipe to the bottom of the trench.
- (9) On streets opened to traffic, on restricted easements, and other specified locations, the width of the trench at the ground surface is limited to the outside diameter of the pipe plus 2-feet, plus the amount necessary for sheeting or bracing.
- (10) The Engineer reserves the right to limit the extent of excavation depending on the nature of the soil and other conditions.
- (11) As ordered by the Engineer due to trees, fences, buildings, shrubs, etc., dig trenches by hand.

**703.1.2 Excavation in Poor Soils:**

- (1) If, in the opinion of the Engineer, an artificial foundation is necessary because of the nature of the excavated material, excavate the unsuitable material and replace with suitable specified material to produce an acceptable pipe foundation.
- (2) The undercut depth shall be as directed by the Engineer but shall be a minimum of 1-foot below the bottom of the pipe. Any work involved in forming a satisfactory foundation at depths of 1-foot or less below the bottom of pipe will be considered to be incidental to the work.
- (3) Backfill this portion of the trench with specified approved bedding material and mechanically compact the select fill prior to laying the pipe. Limit the width of the trench excavation to the outside diameter of the pipe plus 2-feet, plus the amount necessary for sheeting and/or bracing.
- (4) Excavation beyond the allowable 1-foot shall be considered undercut and will be paid as specified for undercut.

**703.1.3 Dewatering:**

- (1) In accordance with Part V of these Specifications, remove by pumping, bailing, or otherwise, any water that may accumulate or be found in the trenches and other excavations.
- (2) Form all dams, flumes or other works necessary to keep the trenches or excavations entirely clear of water while the water mains and their appurtenances are being installed.
- (3) Direct all water from excavations, so as not to flow over or damage private or public property.
- (4) All costs of dewatering are considered to be incidental to the associated work.

**703.2 Temporary Support.**

- (1) Under no circumstances shall new water main pipe be used to support any underground facilities, structures or any other objects. If new water main pipe is used for support, the pipe will be rejected, tagged by the City as rejected pipe, and will be immediately removed from the job site. The rejected pipe shall not be used on any other City projects.

- (2) Construction of pipe supports and utility line supports shall conform to the latest edition OSHA regulations and the requirements of Article 508 of these Specifications.

### **703.2.1 Temporary Water Main Support:**

- (1) Temporarily support water mains whenever 12 or more lineal-feet of main is exposed for a period of 48-hours or longer. Exposure may be perpendicular, parallel or at any angle to an opening or trench.
- (2) Submit a support plan designed and stamped by a State of Wisconsin Licensed Professional Engineer to the Engineer a minimum of 2 working days before the exposure is anticipated to occur.
- (3) The Engineer reserves the right to require immediate temporary support of any exposed pipe in the case of a justifiable concern for the integrity of the pipe, worksite or public safety.
- (4) The Engineer reserves the right to pressure test or re-test any pipe which has been subjected to temporary support. In the event of a failed test, correct any defects until the pipe passes pressure testing at no additional cost to the City.

### **703.3 Backfilling.**

#### **703.3.1 Backfill Requirements:**

- (1) Backfill trenches and excavations immediately after the water main and appurtenances have been installed.
- (2) Close trenches at the end of every day.
- (3) Backfill to the original surface elevation or otherwise specified elevation. In the event of a shortage of material to perform this work, including replacement as may be required by rock excavation or removal of boulders, provide the necessary fill material at no cost to the City.
- (4) Except as may be necessary in compacting and backfilling, do not walk or work on installed pipe until the trench has been backfilled to an elevation at least 2-feet above the top of the pipe. Do not take backfill material from trench walls below an elevation 2-feet above the top of pipe.
- (5) Evenly place backfill material so that no unbalanced pressures are placed upon the water system. Backfill material may be dumped directly into the trench from trucks when the amount of material to be dumped is controlled by proper equipment.
- (6) Deposit, spread and level backfill material in layers not exceeding 12-inches in thickness before compacting. Compact each layer to the density specified herein before placing the succeeding layer. When the material being compacted is of a granular nature and the compacting equipment is adaptable for the purpose, the thickness of the layer may be increased to a maximum of 24-inches at the Engineer's discretion, provided the required compaction density is obtained.
- (7) Only use heavy equipment in the trench for compaction or other purposes if the pipe is adequately protected and the Engineer approves. Trucks, vehicles, or other equipment are not allowed within the limits of the trench prior to the completion of the backfilling operations.

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- (8) Dump imported backfill material along the top of the trench beyond the reach of slides. Do not store imported material such that it increases the stresses on the trench section.
- (9) Carefully draw and remove any required sheathing and bracing such that it will not disturb the completed work. Carefully fill and compact any voids created by the removal of sheathing and bracing with approved backfill material.
- (10) Backfilling of structures shall be done in accordance with Article 301 – ‘Protection of the Concrete’.
- (11) Whenever possible, backfill trenches and other excavations with materials excavated during the course of the work.
- (12) Do not include vegetation, stones, or fragments of broken rock in excess of 6-inches in any dimension in the backfill.
- (13) Note that the Engineer may reject material due to:
  1. Unacceptable moisture content.
  2. Unacceptable gradation or composition
  3. The presence of frozen material.
  4. Remove all rejected materials from the site.

### **703.3.2 Compaction Requirements:**

- (1) Mechanically compact backfill layers in trenches and excavations to thoroughly consolidate the material to the density specified and to not damage or disturb the pipe or other structures.
- (2) Begin mechanical compaction of the backfill material when the depth of the backfill material is 2-feet above the top of the pipe. (In the case of structures, begin compaction of the backfill material with the placing of the first layer of backfill material).
- (3) The Engineer will perform compaction testing as necessary to verify uniformity of compaction.
- (4) Compaction Density Requirements:
  1. From 2-feet over the pipe to within 3-feet of the bottom of subgrade:

A minimum of 90% of maximum density.
  2. Within 3-feet of the bottom of subgrade:

A minimum of 95% of maximum density.
- (5) Determine maximum density in accordance with the Standard Method of Test for the Moisture-Density Relations of Soils, ASTM Designation: D 1557, Method D, latest revision. Replace the fraction of material retained on a ¾-inch sieve, with No. 4 to ¾-inch material.
- (6) Determine the density of compacted backfill in accordance with one of the following: Test for Density of Soil-in-Place by the Sand-Cone Method, ASTM Designation: D 1556, latest revision,

or Test for Density of Soil and Soil-Aggregate in Place by Nuclear Methods, ASTM Designation: D 2922, latest revision.

- (7) In the event that the material in the density sample differs in percentage of aggregate retained on a No. 4 sieve from that in the sample upon which maximum density was determined, adjust the maximum density in accordance with approved procedures.
- (8) In the event of inadequate moisture in the backfill materials, add water as necessary to obtain the required compaction.
- (9) Whenever the work of installing water pipes takes place during freezing weather, follow the specifications for trench compaction above, if practicable. If the specified compaction cannot be achieved, and the Engineer determines that the work may not be suspended until more favorable weather conditions exist, proceed as follows:
  1. Remove all frozen material in the trench at the beginning of the day's work.
  2. Do not compact frozen materials.
  3. Compact material in 6-inch maximum lifts.
  4. Compact to densities specified herein.
- (10) If the top 3-feet of material does not meet 95% of maximum density, remove the material and place Select Fill using 6-inch maximum lifts and compact to 95% of maximum density.
- (11) As a guideline, no construction will be permitted when the temperatures are too cold to achieve the specified compaction of the backfill. Ensure that temperatures are at least 15°F and rising, with winds less than 10 mph, before considering working in freezing conditions.

### **703.3.3 Embankments:**

- (1) Where the grade of the water main is such that the top surface of the pipe requires protection, construct an embankment over the pipe.
  1. Embankment height:

Specified by the Engineer and adequate to provide proper protection.
  2. Embankment width:

Minimum of 2-feet wider than the external diameter of the pipe at the top.
- (2) Embankment side slopes:
- (3) A ratio of not less than 2-feet horizontal to 1-foot vertical from the top of the embankment to the existing ground surface.
- (4) Use surplus acceptable excavated material or, if required, furnish other approved material for embankment construction. Placing and constructing the embankment over the pipe is incidental.
- (5) If imported material is required by the Engineer to complete the embankment over the pipe, only the authorized imported fill quantities will be paid for as provided herein.



- (6) Compact embankment material as required in Article 202 – ‘Standard Compaction’.

### **703.4 Connecting to Existing Water Mains.**

- (1) There are three types of connections to existing mains:
1. A plug-removal connection is a connection that requires the removal of a slip or mechanical joint plug from an existing fitting or the end of a water main. Perform all work associated with the plug removal connection per Article 704 - ‘Cut-In or Connect-To Existing Water System’.
  2. A cut-in connection is a connection that requires the installation of a new fitting or valve in an existing water main. Perform all work associated with the cut-in connection per Article 704 - ‘Cut-In or Connect-To Existing Water System’. Cut-in connections to HDPE water mains shall also be constructed in accordance with Article 704 - ‘Horizontal Directional Drill Pipe’.
  3. A live-tap is a connection in which the main is tapped under pressure and in-service while a tapping valve is installed by the City. Furnish the ditch as necessary for the City to make the tap and perform the associated cut-off and cap of the existing water main per Article 704 ‘Furnish Excavation and Ditch for Live Tap’. Isolate and depressurize all live-tap connections on any PVC, HDPE and CIPP-lined water mains prior to providing the ditch to the City.

### **703.5 Water Main Shutoffs.**

- (1) Do not interrupt water service without prior notification to all affected residents and property owners.
- (2) In the case of an emergency or an unplanned shut-off, notify all affected residents and property owners during or immediately after the water is turned off.
- (3) Minimum requirements for all planned shut-offs:
1. Provide 2 working days notice to affected water users.
  2. The shut-off may not begin earlier than 8:00 AM.
  3. The shut-off may not exceed 8-hours.
- (4) In the event a planned shut-off is anticipated to require more than 8-hours, re-notify all affected water users prior to the expiration of the time limit listed on the original notification.
- (5) Perform all shut-offs as proposed in the Contract Documents. The proposed shut-offs are provided for reference purposes to aide planning connection point isolation and preparing water user notification lists for planned outages. Propose any alternative connection methods which differ from the proposed shut-off in accordance with Article 703 – ‘Repairs and Alterations’.
- (6) Obtain prior authorization from the Engineer and be responsible for all valve turnings. Be properly equipped at all times for doing such work.

### **703.6 Mechanical Joint Pipe and Fittings.**

- (1) A mechanical pipe joint is made by compressing a rubber gasket between a bell, cast on the end of one pipe, and a gland that slides along the plain end of the pipe to be joined. The joints are tightened using nuts and bolts.
- (2) Assemble mechanical joints in accordance with AWWA C600 – latest revision.
- (3) Restrained joints using MEGALUG® Series 1100 or equal mechanical joint-restraint retainer glands shall have bolts tightened in accordance with the manufacturer’s installation specifications.
- (4) Before slipping the gland and the gasket onto the plain end for joint assembly, lubricate both the gasket and the plain end of the pipe with an approved pipe lubricant meeting the requirements of ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11 - latest revision.
- (5) Place the gland on the plain end with the lip extension toward the joint, followed by the gasket with the narrow edge toward the joint. Insert the pipe into the bell and press the gasket firmly and evenly into the gasket recess in the bell keeping the joint straight during assembly. Push the gland toward the bell and center it around the pipe, with the flange lip against the gasket. Insert bolts and hand tighten nuts. Deflect pipe after assembly, but before tightening bolts.

### **703.7 Thrust Restraint.**

- (1) Provide thrust restraint for all fittings by one of two methods:

1. A combination of concrete thrust blocking and mechanical joint restraint.
2. A combination of push-on joint and mechanical joint restraint.

- (2) Regardless of the restraint method employed, restrain all mechanical joints using MEGALUG® Series 1100 or equal retainer glands installed per the manufacturer recommendations and include concrete blocking at all hydrant installations per Standard Detail Drawing 7.03(A).

#### **703.7.1 Concrete Thrust Blocking:**

- (1) Where concrete blocking serves as the thrust restraint method, block all hydrants and fittings, except vertical down bends, per the required bearing area in the table below and Standard Detail Drawing 7.03(A). Block vertical down bends per Detail 7.03(B). Restrain per Detail 7.03(C) only where specified or approved by the Engineer.

<b>Required Undisturbed Bearing Area of Concrete Thrust Blocking (Square Feet)</b>					
<b>Fitting Size(In)</b>	<b>Tee, Wye, Hydrant, Plug or Cap</b>	<b>90° Horizontal Bend, Plugged Cross or Tee (Plugged on Run)</b>	<b>45° Horizontal Bend</b>	<b>22-1/2° Horizontal Bend</b>	<b>11-1/4° Horizontal Bend</b>
4	0.9	1.3	0.7	0.4	0.2
6	2.1	3.0	1.6	0.8	0.4
8	3.8	5.3	2.9	1.5	0.4
10	5.9	8.3	4.5	2.3	1.2
12	8.5	12.0	6.5	3.4	1.8
16	15.1	21.3	11.5	6.0	3.2
20	23.6	33.3	18.0	9.4	4.9
24	33.9	48.0	26.0	13.5	7.1
30	53.0	75.0	40.6	21.1	11.1

Note: Listed areas are based on a test pressure of 150 psi and an allowable soil bearing pressure of 3,000 pounds per square foot. To compute bearing areas for different test pressure, use the following equation: Bearing area = (Test Pressure ÷ 150) x (Table Value)

- (2) On hydrants and fittings requiring less than 4-square feet bearing area use either cast-in place concrete or solid concrete blocks placed between the appurtenance and the undisturbed wall of the trench. Fill all voids with compacted clear stone or screenings.
- (3) For fittings requiring 4-square feet bearing area or greater, use only cast-in-place concrete meeting the requirements of Article 301 of these Specifications and a minimum strength of 3,000 psi at 7-days. Protect the concrete from freezing for a minimum of 24-hours after placement.
- (4) Do not perform pressure testing within 72-hours of pouring the thrust block. A 9-bag concrete mix may be authorized by the Engineer upon request.
- (5) Do not extend the concrete blocking beyond the joint. Protect all nuts and bolts from the concrete during pouring so they can be removed without damaging the thrust block.
- (6) Do not backfill over thrust restraint blocking until it has been inspected by the Engineer. If backfilling takes place prior to the inspection of the blocking, the Engineer may require the blocking to be re-exposed for inspection at no additional cost to the City.

**703.7.2 Joint Restraint:**

- (1) Where joint restraint serves as the thrust restraint method, with the exception of vertical bends, restrain all push-on joints within the lengths specified in the ‘Required Joint Restraint Distance from Fitting’ table below. Restrain vertical bends per Standard Detail Drawing 7.10.
- (2) Restrain push-on joints with the pipe manufacturer’s approved joint restraint locking gasket per Article 702.
- (3) Restrain all mechanical joints per Article 702 and Article 703 – ‘Mechanical Joint Pipe and Fittings’.

REQUIRED JOINT RESTRAINT DISTANCE FROM FITTING (FEET)								
FITTING TYPE	4-IN	6-IN	8-IN	10-IN	12-IN	16-IN	20-IN	24-IN
TEE: RUN OR CROSS: PLUGGED	10	10	10	10	10	20	20	20
TEE: BRANCH	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
CAP/PLUG ON DEAD END	30	45	60	70	80	110	140	160
90° HORIZONTAL BEND	10	15	20	25	25	30	40	50
45° HORIZONTAL BEND	5	10	10	10	15	15	20	25
22-1/2° HORIZONTAL BEND	5	5	5	5	10	10	10	15
11-1/4° HORIZONTAL BEND	3	3	3	3	5	5	5	5
REDUCER: SIZE X 4"	-	25	45	60	75	100	130	150
REDUCER: SIZE X 6"	-	-	25	45	60	90	120	145
REDUCER: SIZE X 8"	-	-	-	25	45	80	110	135
REDUCER: SIZE X 10"	-	-	-	-	25	65	100	125
REDUCER: SIZE X 12"	-	-	-	-	-	50	85	115
REDUCER: SIZE X 16"	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	90
REDUCER: SIZE X 20"	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50
HYDRANT	RESTRAIN ALL JOINTS ON HYDRANT LEAD							
NOTES:								
SOIL TYPE = GM (SILTY GRAVELS & GRAVEL/SILT/SAND MIXES)					DEPTH OF BURY=6 FT			
SAFETY FACTOR=1.5			TRENCH TYPE =4		TEST PRESSURE=150 PSI			

**703.7.3 Alternate Restraint Methods:**

(1) For locations where the Engineer determines one of the two approved restraint methods will not provide adequate thrust restraint or is impractical, the Engineer may require an alternate means of restraint. Alternate thrust restraint methods include those shown in Standard Detail Drawings 7.02 and 7.03(C). Alternate thrust restraint methods are to be used only when specifically authorized.

(2) Requirements:

1. Where pipe is used for an anchor, provide a sufficient length to fully restrain the fitting.
2. When using threaded rod for restraint use 3/4-inch 304 stainless steel threaded rod with stainless steel nuts and washers.

(3) The contractor may propose alternate restraint methods in accordance to Article 703 – ‘Repairs and Alterations’.

**703.8 Polyethylene Encasement.**

- (1) Encase all ductile iron pipe, joints, and fittings in polyethylene wrap installed per the requirements of the American National Standard for Polyethylene Encasement for Ductile Iron Pipe Systems (ANSI/AWWA C105 - latest revision) and the manufacturer’s requirements. All cuts and repairs to the polyethylene wrap shall be in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C105 and the manufacturer’s requirements.
- (2) Install polyethylene encasement with a minimum overlap of 1-foot at all joints. Tape the polyethylene wrap every 3-feet and at joints to prevent soil from coming into contact with the pipe.

- (3) Carefully place backfill material to prevent tears and punctures in the polyethylene encasement. Promptly repair any tears and punctures per the manufacturer's recommended procedures.
- (4) When connecting to or tapping into existing or new polyethylene encased pipe, repair or replace any polyethylene wrap which was cut away to allow for the connection or tap. Include the required overlap and taping requirements as described herein.

### **703.9 Copper Service Laterals.**

- (1) Provide and install saddles on all 1-1/2-inch and 2-inch services and at all service lateral taps on new or existing PVC, HDPE, or CIPP-lined water mains. Use a standard valve box in lieu of a curb box, with no rod or rings required, for all 1-1/2-inch and 2-inch services.
- (2) Use a pipe cutter to cut all copper tubing. Hacksaws or other such devices to cut copper tubing are not permitted.
- (3) Excavate and expose the area on the water main for new service connections, as noted on the drawings or as otherwise instructed by the Engineer. Locate the tap on the upper half of the main at a 45° angle from the vertical plane, perpendicular to the water main and on the side of the main to which the service extends.
- (4) Tap the water main and install the corporation stop using a tapping machine specifically designed to tap water main under pressure. No other method of tapping the water main will be allowed. Repair and replace any cut or removed polyethylene encasement following the tap to ensure that the water main is fully protected.
- (5) After the tap has been made and the corporation stop and bend have been inserted, loop the copper tubing out and then back toward the main, then back away from the main to form the shape of a vertical "S". Ensure that the "S" loop is of sufficient size so that it uses a minimum of 2-feet of copper tubing. Ensure that the highest portion of the loop is not higher than the top of the water main.
- (6) Lay the service flat to the property line or otherwise indicated point of termination. Provide a minimum of 6-feet of cover below finished grade.
- (7) Place at least 1-foot of approved bedding material around the copper service pipe. The bedding material is considered incidental to the cost of backfilling the service lateral trenches. Protect all laterals and appurtenances from damage when backfilling. Stones 3-inches in diameter or larger are not allowed within 18-inches of the copper service. Backfill containing rocks 3-inches or larger may not be placed around curb boxes.
- (8) Restore any disturbed terrace or turf areas associated with the lateral installation work. Any terrace or turf restoration work is considered incidental to any work associated with service laterals.
- (9) Coordinate with property owners to allow for flushing service laterals both prior to and immediately after any work impacting a service. Resolve any problems with property owners, including but not limited to problems regarding discolored water or low/no water flow.
- (10) Repair any damage to new or existing service laterals, curb stops or curb boxes resulting from adjacent excavations located within 5-feet of the water lateral at no cost to the City.

**703.10 Disinfection.**

- (1) Conform disinfection of materials, procedures and requirements to AWWA C651 – Standard for Disinfecting Water Mains - latest revision, except as otherwise required herein.
- (2) Prevent dirt, mud, muddy water, or other foreign matter from entering the pipe or fittings during installation.
- (3) Furnish and install a watertight plug for all open ends of pipe and fittings whenever work is temporarily stopped, including during work breaks or overnight. Failure to properly plug and protect the pipe during construction may result in additional costs to for all work and materials necessary for cleaning pipes and fittings contaminated during construction.
- (4) Deposit the following amounts of Calcium Hypochlorite (HTH or approved equal - 65% available chlorine by weight) in each 20-foot length of pipe:

Pipe Diameter (inches)	Amount of HTH or approved equal required (ounces)
4	1
6	2
8	3-1/2
10	5-1/2
12	7
16	14

- (5) The Engineer reserves the right to require any pipe or fittings to be swabbed cleaned prior to lowering into the trench. When swabbing is required, disinfect the subject material by swabbing or soaking thoroughly with a 10:1 (water:bleach) solution.

**703.11 Flushing.**

- (1) Flush out the highly-chlorinated disinfection water after meeting the required contact time. The City will execute the water main flushing. Provide labor to assist the Engineer with valve turning for the duration of the flushing operation.
- (2) The discharge volume is estimated to be three times the volume of water contained in the section of main to be flushed. Estimates in CCF (100 cubic feet) calculated as:

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$$V = 3 * \left[ \frac{(3.14) * D^2 * L}{400} \right]$$

Where:

*V = Flush Volume in CCF*

*D = Pipe Diameter in Feet (see below)*

*L = Pipe Length in Feet*

<u>D(in)</u>	=	<u>D(ft)</u>
6		0.50
8		0.67
10		0.83
12		1.00
14		1.16
16		1.33
18		1.50
20		1.67
22		1.83
24		2.00

- (3) Discharge to the stormwater sewer system whenever possible. Discharge to the sanitary sewer system may be permitted only when no other option exists.
- (4) Discharge to Storm Sewer System:
  1. Inform the Engineer, in writing, of the intent and means to flush water main to the storm sewer a minimum of 2-working days prior to the proposed scheduled flush.
  2. Note that the Engineer will schedule the next available flushing crew to perform the flush.
  3. Note that all discharge to the storm sewer will be de-chlorinated by the Engineer.
- (5) Discharge to Sanitary Sewer System:
  1. Inform the Engineer, in writing, of the intent and means to discharge flushing water to the sanitary sewer system.
  2. Verify with the Engineer that other discharge options are unavailable.
  3. With the consent of the Engineer, obtain a permit for approval to discharge flushing water to the sanitary sewer system from the City of Madison Engineering Department.
  4. The Engineer will schedule flushing operations no sooner than **2 working days** from the time the permit is requested (the timeframe for permit approval is 2 working days).
  5. Obtain permit approval in advance of flushing operations.
  6. The Water Utility will pay all costs associated with the sanitary sewer discharge permit.

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- (6) To obtain a sanitary discharge permit, call City Engineering at (608) 267-1995 and provide the following information:
  1. Contractor contact information.
  2. Requested time and date of discharge.
  3. Diameter and length of the water main to be flushed.
  4. Estimated discharge volume.
  5. Location of the proposed sanitary access structure.
- (7) Do not exceed the permit-approved flushing rate.
- (8) Do not flush to any location other than the permit-approved sanitary access structure.
- (9) Proceed with flushing until the Engineer deems the flushed sections of water main to be adequately de-chlorinated.
- (10) In cases where, for example, a downstream lift station is located, the Engineer may require a vac-truck be provided at no additional cost to ensure that the station is not overwhelmed by discharge.
- (11) Vac-truck assistance and all other on-site assistance (outside of the standard flushing operations) provided by the Engineer, City of Madison Engineering Department, or Madison Metropolitan Sewer District will be billed on a time and material basis.
- (12) In the event that the permit limit on discharge rate to the sanitary sewer is such that using the sanitary sewer would require extensive time, or the flushing operation would be determined to be ineffective, the Engineer may require an alternative flushing plan at no additional cost to the City.

### **703.12 Testing.**

- (1) Newly installed water mains shall undergo water quality testing and hydrostatic pressure testing prior to final acceptance by the City. The mains may also be tested for electrical conductivity through the joints. Repairs or replacement of any defective work is to be done at no additional cost to the City.

#### **703.12.1 Conductivity Testing:**

- (1) Complete all backfilling and obtain approval of the hydrostatic pressure tests prior to performing conductivity testing. The Engineer is to be witness and verify all conductivity testing procedures, test section lengths, and results.
- (2) Testing of the first section of pipe installed may be required by the Engineer to demonstrate that the pipe is being installed in an acceptable manner.
- (3) Furnish approved testing equipment. Perform test while the newly installed main is at normal operating pressure with all air expelled.
- (4) Repair or replace any defective areas noted during the conductivity testing to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Any required repairs or replacement shall be done at no cost to the City.



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- (5) When the connection to the existing system is not made with a valve, test on the existing section of main to the first available valve(s) to determine the condition of the system. Alternatively, provisions may be made to test the work separately (prior to connection to the existing system), with the Engineer's approval.
- (6) Make connections for the test at fire hydrants or valves:
- (7) Hydrant connection requirements:
  1. In the open position with the caps on during the test.
  2. Clamp the cable to the hydrant standpipe and flange bolt.
  3. Do not use the hydrant-operating nut as a terminal during the test.
- (8) Where hydrants or valves are not available, connections will be made to straps welded directly to the pipe.
- (9) Use a length of insulated wire that can reach from one connection to the other (the "external circuit"). Testing the external circuit may be conducted two ways.
- (10) Method One:
  1. Measure the resistance of the external circuit with an ohm-meter and record this number prior to testing the pipe length.
  2. Hook the external circuit wire to the new main as previously described and take a new measurement with the same ohmmeter.
  3. In an electrically continuous length of main, the total resistance measured should be just slightly more than that of the external circuit – generally no more than 2-3 ohms. Instances of the measured total resistance measured being significantly greater, equate to evidence of defective electrical contact in the pipe.
  4. Isolate and correct defective segments, if required. Re-test until the requirements are met.
- (11) Method Two:
  1. Display conductivity by the reactivity of "tester" devices, such as a low-wattage light bulb with a battery. Any such equipment will be subject to approval of the Engineer.
  2. Hook the external circuit wire to the new main as previously described and connect the external circuit to the tester.
  3. Instances of non-reactivity in the tester equate to evidence of defective electrical contact in the pipe.
  4. Isolate and correct defective segments, if required. Re-test until the requirements are met.

### **703.12.2 Water Quality Testing:**

- (1) Perform water quality testing procedures to AWWA C651 – Standard for Disinfecting Water Mains - latest revision, except as otherwise required herein.

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- (2) Test water main after a section has been installed and the trench is backfilled. Test sections are not to exceed 1,200-feet in length. A separate test is to be performed for each branch of main.
- (3) Assist the Engineer in slowly filling the new main from an uncontaminated source by operating the necessary valves. DO NOT operate any valves under any circumstances, except as directly instructed to do so, by and in the presence of the Engineer.
- (4) Loosen one nozzle cap per hydrant to allow air pockets to dissipate along the full length of the pipe segment being filled.
- (5) Hold the chlorinated water in the newly installed main for a minimum of 48-hours. Upon commencement of the 48-hour period, schedule flushing and sampling activities with the Engineer.
- (6) The Engineer will collect and submit samples for bacteriological testing. The newly installed system will not be put into service until the Engineer receives a safe bacteriological sample result from the certified lab.
- (7) If a sample receives an unsafe test result, schedule with the Engineer to have the main flushed and sampled two additional times, occurring at least 24-hours apart.
- (8) If either of the two follow-up samples collected do not pass the test, disinfect the main again per AWWA C651 and the chlorinated water again held in the pipe for a minimum of 48-hours.
- (9) Following the 48-hour holding period, assist the Engineer with flushing the line again and re-sampling.
- (10) Repeat this process, at no additional cost to the City, until a safe sample is received from the City's designated testing lab. Cover all costs incurred by the Engineer, including any labor and material.

### 703.12.3 Hydrostatic Pressure Testing.

- (1) Hydrostatically pressure test all new water main, including hydrants, in accordance with the AWWA Standard for Installation of Ductile Iron Water Main (AWWA C600 - latest revision).
- (2) After the main has been declared bacteriologically safe by the designated testing lab, and following the installation of service laterals on new private development work, or as soon thereafter convenient for the Engineer, conduct a hydrostatic pressure test. On street reconstruction projects, pressure test mains prior to making any water service lateral connections. All pressure tests shall be witnessed and verified by the Engineer.
- (3) Expel all air from the pipe prior to the engineer's arrival to witness the start of the pressure test. If hydrants or blow-offs are not available at high points, make the necessary taps at high points to expel the air and insert plugs after the air is expelled.
- (4) Hydrostatic Pressure Test Requirements:
  1. 150 psi test pressure (minimum).
  2. Minimum duration of 2-hours.
  3. Test pressure may not drop below 125 psi at any point during the pressure test.

- (5) The Engineer reserves the right to install a locking mechanism at the test gage or install direct-connect pressure recorders for the test.
- (6) Higher pressures and shorter durations may be considered upon request.
- (7) Use only clean, disinfected containers and equipment to add make-up water at the end of the pressure testing. The Engineer reserves the right to require make-up water be added at any point during the pressure test if the test pressure drops more than 5 psi during the test. Furnish all equipment, labor, and supplies necessary to apply pressure to the pipeline in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer.
- (8) The testing allowance (allowable makeup water) shall be no greater than as calculated in the formula:

$$L = \frac{SD\sqrt{P}}{133,200}$$

L = Gallons per hour

S = Length of test main in feet

D = Diameter of pipe in inches

P = Average pressure in pounds per square inch during testing

- (9) When testing against closed metal-seated valves, an additional testing allowance per closed valve of 0.0078 gph per inch of nominal valve size is permitted.
- (10) If the pipe line fails the pressure test, locate the leak and repair it to like-new condition. The proposed repair method is to be reviewed by the Engineer and result in an end product that is equal to, or better than new construction.
- (11) Following location and repair of the leak, repeat the pressure test until a satisfactory result is obtained. All costs associated with retesting the pipe line is considered to be incidental.

### **703.13 Finishing Work and Maintenance.**

- (1) Repair any structures or other features damaged during construction, including but not limited to:
  1. Concrete, asphalt, and gravel pavements.
  2. Stone flagging or paving.
  3. Sidewalks, curbs and gutters.
  4. Culverts.
  5. Fences.
- (2) Rebuild or re-lay all surfaces properly to the original line and grade in accordance these Specifications, or in the absence of applicable specifications, to original condition.
- (3) Prior to final acceptance by the Engineer, clean and grade the project area. Final payment will be withheld until such work is completed in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer

- (4) Maintain all repaired, restored, or replaced surfaces until final acceptance of the project by the City.
- (5) Repair, restore or replace all failures occurring during the guarantee period at no cost to the City.

**703.14 Final Inspection.**

- (1) Final inspection will not be scheduled until:
  - (1) Repair, replace or adjust valve boxes, curb boxes and hydrants. The use of cheaters or other extensions to reach finished grade is not permitted.
  - (2) Repair or replace any other features disturbed or damaged by construction activities.
  - (3) All applicable finish work and maintenance is complete.
  - (4) All water system testing is satisfactorily completed.
- (2) When satisfied that all work is complete, notify the Engineer and schedule a walk through final inspection at least two working-days ahead of paving.
- (3) Complete the final inspection with the Engineer, reviewing all project records and paperwork for completeness.
- (4) Make the necessary repairs or corrections of any noted deficiencies, before final payment is made.

**703.15 Water Utility Construction Services.**

- (1) Supplemental construction services provided by the Engineer include:
  1. Water main filling.
  2. Flushing.
  3. Testing.
  4. Live-tap installations.
- (2) Schedule services as follows:
  1. Between the hours of 7:00 AM and 3:00 PM.
  2. Monday through Friday.
- (3) Requests for supplemental construction services occurring outside of the approved hours will be subject to any associated overtime charges being billed.
- (4) Do not schedule live-tap installations to occur outside of the approved hours.
- (5) The Engineer reserves the right to decline any supplemental construction services which are requested to occur outside of the approved hours.

## **ARTICLE 704 – BID ITEMS, MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT**

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### **704.1 General.**

- (1) Visit the site prior to bidding and become familiar with the existing conditions. It will be the responsibility of the Contractor to work with the utilities located in the right of way to resolve conflicts during the construction process.
- (2) Prices for the various items include all means to complete the work as specified, such as (but not limited to):
  1. Equipment.
  2. Tools.
  3. Materials.
  4. Labor.
  5. Related incidentals.
- (3) The Water Utility will furnish tapping valves, tapping sleeves, and one valve box for all pressurized taps 4-inches or larger. With this one exception, the Water Utility will not furnish any materials to the Contractor unless specifically stated in the Contract documents.
- (4) Only work that is completed and accepted in accordance with the terms of these Specifications and the Contract Documents will be measured for payment.

### **704.2 Bid Items.**

- (1) Note that all requirements of Articles 701-704 and these Specifications, Standard Detail Drawings, and Contract Documents are applicable to all bid items as described or otherwise considered incidental. Include the costs of all required work in the unit prices that were bid in the Contract Documents, unless specifically noted otherwise.
- (2) This includes any sections of a bid item listed as “(Vacant)”.
- (3) In the event of conflicting information within these Specifications, the bid items govern.

### **704.3 Furnish & Install Pipe & Fittings.**

**4-Inch, Bid Item 70001; 6-Inch, Bid Item 70002; 8-Inch, Bid Item 70003; 10-Inch, Bid Item 70004; 12-Inch, Bid Item 70005; 16-Inch, Bid Item 70006; 20-Inch, Bid Item 70007; 24-Inch, Bid Item 70008.**

#### **704.3.1 Description:**

- (1) Furnish, install and test new water main and fittings. Work for this item also includes:
  1. Thrust restraints.
  2. Temporary flushing devices (blow-offs and/or temporary hydrants).
  3. Polyethylene encasement.
  4. Temporarily raising or lowering existing water services.
  5. Exposing existing water main to verify location and depth.
  6. Concrete and asphalt pavement removal.
  7. Restoring the site.

#### **704.3.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) All materials necessary to perform the work, including:
  1. Pipe and accessories.
  2. Fittings and accessories.
  3. Sleeves, clamps, tie rods, plugs.
  4. Thrust blocking and/or restrained-joint gaskets.
  5. Polyethylene encasement.
  6. Bedding material to cover the pipe.

#### **704.3.3 Construction:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703 and this section.
- (2) Pipe Laying and Bedding:
  1. Pipes with a minimum of 6-feet and a maximum of 7-feet of cover from final grade.
  2. For line or grade adjustments of 24-inches or less, use offsets in lieu of bend fittings.
  3. Inspect all pipe and fittings for damage and cleanliness prior to lowering into the trench. Any costs due to the repair of damaged valves and hydrants caused by sand or silt in the pipe will be assessed.

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4. Never roll or push the pipe into the trench from the bank. Always lower the pipe into the trench using mechanical equipment.
5. Do not place chlorine in a pipe during installation that will not be filled and flushed within 45 days of installation.

(3) Slip Joints:

1. A slip joint is made by compressing a rubber gasket between a bell cast in the end of one pipe and the plain end of the pipe to be joined.
2. Assemble in accordance with AWWA C600 - latest revision, including:
3. Thoroughly clean the groove and the bell socket of the pipe or fitting, and the plain end of the mating pipe.
4. Using a clean gasket of the proper design for the joint to be assembled, make a small loop in the gasket and insert it in the socket, making sure the gasket faces the correct direction and that it is properly seated.
5. Apply lubricant to the gasket and plain end of the pipe in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11 - latest revision. Only use lubricant supplied by the pipe manufacturer.
6. Be sure that the plain end of the pipe is beveled, as square or sharp edges may damage or dislodge the gasket and cause a leak.
7. Push the plain end into the bell of the pipe, keeping the joint straight while pushing.
8. Deflect the pipe as required only after the joint is assembled.
9. Connect the bonding straps after the pipe is in place to ensure conductivity across the joint.

**704.3.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Measured by length, in feet, to the nearest half foot for each size (diameter) of pipe installed.
- (2) Measured along the centerline of the pipe, from center to center of valves and fittings.
- (3) No deductions from the measured lengths for fitting installations.

**704.3.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid at the contract unit prices under the following bid items:

<b>ITEM NUMBER</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>	<b>UNIT</b>
70001	FURNISH AND INSTALL 4 INCH PIPE & FITTINGS	L.F.
70002	FURNISH AND INSTALL 6 INCH PIPE & FITTINGS	L.F.
70003	FURNISH AND INSTALL 8 INCH PIPE & FITTINGS	L.F.
70004	FURNISH AND INSTALL 10 INCH PIPE & FITTINGS	L.F.
70005	FURNISH AND INSTALL 12 INCH PIPE & FITTINGS	L.F.
70006	FURNISH AND INSTALL 16 INCH PIPE & FITTINGS	L.F.
70007	FURNISH AND INSTALL 20 INCH PIPE & FITTINGS	L.F.
70008	FURNISH AND INSTALL 24 INCH PIPE & FITTINGS	L.F.

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- (2) Payment for temporary flushing hydrants and/or blow-offs will be considered only if subsequently required as a result of plan revisions issued by the Engineer:
  - 1. A payment of \$1,500.00 will be made for any authorized temporary flushing hydrant.
  - 2. Any hydrant used for temporary flushing purposes may not become a permanent fixture anywhere in the system.
  - 3. A payment of \$500.00 will be made for any 2-inch or larger blow-off device.
  - 4. Temporary hydrants or blow-offs resulting from a plan revision must be reviewed by the Engineer for payment considerations.
- (3) Additional Fittings, where authorized, are to be paid as follows:

DESCRIPTION	UNIT	PRICE
4-INCH FITTING	EACH	\$575.00
6-INCH FITTING	EACH	\$705.00
8-INCH FITTING	EACH	\$950.00
12-INCH FITTING	EACH	\$1,200.00
16-INCH FITTING	EACH	\$2,150.00
20-INCH FITTING	EACH	\$2,685.00

- (4) Total fitting quantity to be balanced out by any fittings identified on the plan set to be furnished and installed, but that were not furnished and installed.
- (5) Additional tee fittings:
  - 1. Paid or credited as 1½ fittings.
- (6) Additional offset and cross fittings:
  - 1. Paid or credited as 2 fittings.



#### **704.4 Horizontal Directional Drill Pipe.**

**8-Inch, Bid Item 70010; 10-Inch, Bid Item 70011; 12-Inch, Bid Item 70012; 16-Inch, Bid Item 70013; 20-Inch, Bid Item 70014; 24-Inch, Bid Item 70015.**

##### **704.4.1 Description:**

- (1) Furnish, assemble, install and test horizontal directional-drilled water pipe and fittings. Work for this item also includes:
  1. Excavating boring pits and other trenches. Backfilling and compacting said excavations.
  2. Exposing existing water mains to verify location and depth.
  3. Installing tracer wire, joint adapters, bracing, plugs and other accessories.
  4. Hard-rock drilling.
  5. Disposing of surplus material.
  6. Restoring the work area.

##### **704.4.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE), as described herein, is the approved standard pipe material for Horizontal Directional-Drilling pipe installations.
  1. If proposing to use pipe material other than HDPE for horizontal directional-drilling, submit full material specifications to the Engineer for review **per Article 703 – ‘Repairs and Alterations.’**
  2. Any proposed alternative material needs to have been used on a minimum of five similarly sized horizontal directional-drilling projects within the last three years to be considered.
- (3) HDPE Pipe Requirements:
  1. In compliance with AWWA C906 – latest edition, ASTM F714 – latest edition.
  2. 200 psi pressure rating.
  3. DR-11 dimension ratio.
  4. Match inside diameter as closely as practical to the inside diameter of the connection pipe.
  5. Outside diameters shall be Ductile Iron Outside Diameter (DIOD).
  6. Comply with the requirements of the Safe Drinking Water Act and certified as suitable for drinking water by ANSI/NSF Standard 61.
  7. Identified as water with either a factory installed co-extruding longitudinal blue stripe in the pipe or blue underground warning tape with “Caution Buried Water Line Below” imprinted on it, placed 2-feet above the new pipe.

8. Cuts or gouges in the HDPE pipe, per ASTM F585 are acceptable up to 10% of the wall thickness. Cut out and remove any pipe sections where cuts or gouges are greater than 10% of the wall thickness and butt fuse the ends.
- (4) Joining HDPE pipe to HDPE pipe *or* HDPE fittings:
  1. Thermal butt fusion.
  2. Thermal butt fusion is to be executed in accordance with the requirements of the pipe and/or fitting manufacturer. Equipment used to execute the thermal butt fusion joints shall be furnished or approved by the pipe and/or fitting manufacturer.
- (5) HDPE pipe joints to valve joints *or* ductile iron pipe:
  1. HDPE mechanical joint adapter with restraining device (Electrofusion Flex Restraint) and a concrete collar (cast in-place).
  2. Concrete collars are to meet specifications of Article 703 – ‘Thrust Restraint’ and the Standard Detail Drawings.
- (6) Mechanical Joint Adapters:
  1. Join HDPE pipe to mechanical joint bells in accordance with the requirements of ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11.
  2. Mechanical joint adapters shall be certified to meet the requirements of ANSI/AWWA C901 and C906 requirements (latest revisions).
  3. Thermal butt fusion is required at joints between mechanical joint adapters and HDPE pipe.
- (7) Tracer Wire:
  1. Galvanized or stainless steel.
  2. ¼-inch diameter braided cable.
  3. 2,000-lb minimum breaking strength.
  4. Protective PVC coating (to resist corrosion and damage during installation).

**704.4.3 Construction:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703 and this section.
- (2) Prior to bidding, become familiar with anticipated subsurface and existing field conditions that will affect the location of the bore pits and the lengths and depths of the pipe installation, as well as any equipment, tools and materials required to keep the necessary installation within the limits identified on the drawings.
- (3) The Contract Documents represent the best information available with regard to anticipated field conditions; however, any provisions necessary for encountering hard-rock drilling are to be included and are considered incidental to the installation.
- (4) Exposing existing water mains to verify location is considered incidental to the installation.

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- (5) Submit a horizontal directional-drilling plan, sequence of work, and drilling schedule to the Engineer for review prior to commencing work. At a minimum, include:
  - 1. Detailed site plan drawing which depicts location and size of boring pits and staging areas.
  - 2. Proposed sequence and schedule of HDD operations.
  - 3. Method of controlling and monitoring **and recording** the bore location, accuracy, and depth.
  - 4. Drilling mud storage, handling and contingency plan.
  - 5. Any other applicable details regarding how the work will progress and be controlled.
- (6) The Engineer will review the precision of the installed pipe. For gross misalignment, the Engineer reserves the right to require that the pipe be reinstalled at no cost to the City. Maintain liability for all costs associated with modifying to easements due to HDPE installation alignment errors. Pipe installation accuracy requirements:
  - 1. Horizontal accuracy of +/- 3-feet.
  - 2. Vertical accuracy of plus 6-inches and minus 3-feet.
- (7) Perform pipe joining with personnel trained by the thermal fusion equipment manufacturer in the use of the equipment for thermal butt fusion/electro-fusion of HDPE pipe.
- (8) Install tracer wire along the full length of the pipe. Bring the tracer wire up to finish grade at each end of the bore inside a valve box to allow access for future use. Securely clamp or weld the tracer wire to the valve box.

**704.4.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Measured by length in feet, to the nearest half-foot for each size (diameter) of pipe installed.
- (2) Measured along the centerline of the pipe from center-to-center of valves and fittings.
- (3) No deductions will be taken from the measured lengths for fitting installations. No additions to the length of the pipe will be given due to misalignment of the bore.

**704.4.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid at the contract unit prices under the following bid items:

<b>ITEM NUMBER</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>	<b>UNIT</b>
70010	HORIZONTAL DIRECTIONAL DRILL 8 INCH PIPE	L.F.
70011	HORIZONTAL DIRECTIONAL DRILL 10 INCH PIPE	L.F.
70012	HORIZONTAL DIRECTIONAL DRILL 12 INCH PIPE	L.F.
70013	HORIZONTAL DIRECTIONAL DRILL 16 INCH PIPE	L.F.
70014	HORIZONTAL DIRECTIONAL DRILL 20 INCH PIPE	L.F.
70015	HORIZONTAL DIRECTIONAL DRILL 24 INCH PIPE	L.F.

- (2) Valve boxes required for tracer wire endpoints are to be paid separately.

**704.5 Furnish & Install Casing.**

**18-Inch, Bid Item 70020; 20-Inch, Bid Item 70021; 24-Inch, Bid Item 70022; 30-Inch, Bid Item 70023.**

**704.5.1 Description:**

- (1) Install steel or reinforced concrete casing pipes for water mains.

**704.5.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) Steel Casing Pipe:
  - 1. Minimum yield strength of 35,000 psi.
  - 2. Minimum wall thickness:

<b>Pipe Diameter (inches)</b>	<b>Wall Thickness (inches)</b>
18	0.31250
20	0.34375
24	0.37500
30	0.46875

- (3) Reinforced Concrete Pipe:
  - 1. Class V minimum.
- (4) Carrier Pipe:
  - 1. US Pipe TR-Flex, or equivalent.
- (5) Casing fill:
  - 1. Silica sand or pea gravel.

**704.5.3 Construction:**

- (1) Prior to installation of the pipe casing, perform required ULOs to verify the location of surrounding utilities and structures. Provide utility location information to the Engineer for review and approval of any adjustments in casing installation line or grade, in writing.
- (2) Install per the approved drawings to an accuracy of +/- 1% or +/- 2-feet, whichever is less.
- (3) Install the pipe casing by traditional open trench construction wherever applicable.
- (4) For untrenched installation of the pipe casing, install by dry auger boring and jacking methods.
- (5) Requirements:
  - 1. Borehole diameter to be essentially the same as the outside diameter of the casing.
  - 2. Auger is to remain inside the casing at all times.

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3. Pressure-grout the annular space around the casing if the auger is pushed ahead of the casing.
  4. Pressure grout voids as they develop.
  5. Pressure-grout any spaces greater than approximately 1-inch from the outside of the casing.
  6. Provide a steerable front section of casing to allow vertical grade adjustments.
  7. Provide a water level or other means to monitor the grade elevation of the auger casing.
  8. Water jacking for excavation of the soil is not permitted.
- (6) Provide a boring and jacking plan to the Engineer for review and approval prior to commencing work.
  - (7) Connect adjacent lengths of steel pipe by continuous, circumferential, field butt-welding in accordance with AWWA C206.
  - (8) Install carrier pipe on line and grade through the casing pipe.
  - (9) Install approved casing spacers at the required distances (see Standard Detail Drawings).
  - (10) Fill the annular space between the casing and carrier pipe with specified sand or gravel material.
  - (11) Take care to ensure that developed thrust pressures do not disturb existing utilities in or around the bore pit area.
  - (12) Properly dispose of excess material off-site.

**704.5.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Measured by length in feet, to the nearest half foot for each size (diameter) of casing installed.
- (2) Measured along the centerline, from end to end of the casing.

**704.5.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid at the contract unit prices under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
70020	FURNISH AND INSTALL 18 INCH STEEL CASING	L.F.
70021	FURNISH AND INSTALL 20 INCH STEEL CASING	L.F.
70022	FURNISH AND INSTALL 24 INCH STEEL CASING	L.F.
70023	FURNISH AND INSTALL 30 INCH STEEL CASING	L.F.

**704.6 Furnish & Install Water Valve.**

**4-Inch, Bid Item 70030; 6-Inch, Bid Item 70031; 8-Inch, Bid Item 70032; 10-Inch, Bid Item 70033; 12-Inch, Bid Item 70034; 16-Inch, Bid Item 70035; 20-Inch, Bid Item 70036.**

**704.6.1 Description:**

- (1) Furnish and install water main valves and associated accessories. Work for this item also includes, but is not limited to:
  - 1. Mechanical joint restraint:
  - 2. Valve boxes and box extensions.
  - 3. Valve box adjustments.

**704.6.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) Valves 12-inches and smaller - Requirements:
  - 1. Resilient Wedge Gate Valves.
  - 2. Meets the requirements of AWWA C509- latest revision.
  - 3. Supplied with mechanical joints.
  - 4. Supplied with conductive mechanical joint (no lead) gaskets.
  - 5. Open to the left.
  - 6. Non-rising stem.
  - 7. O-ring packing.
  - 8. 2-inch square operating nut.
  - 9. Acceptable models include:

<b>Brand</b>	<b>Model</b>
Kennedy	K4571 or equal
Mueller	A2360 or equal
Clow	F6100 or equal
AFC	Series 500 or equal – <i>OR</i> – Series 2500 or equal

- (3) Valves 16-inches and larger - Requirements:
  - 1. Rubber Seated Butterfly Valves.
  - 2. Meets the requirements of AWWA C504 - latest revision.
  - 3. Supplied with mechanical joints.
  - 4. Supplied with conductive mechanical joint (no lead) gaskets.

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5. Open to the left.
6. Acceptable models include:

<b>Brand</b>	<b>Model</b>
Kennedy	B4500 or equal
Mueller	B3211-20 or equal

(4) Valve boxes:

1. Bingham and Taylor cast-iron, size “DD”, 50-inches to 70-inches.
2. Three piece screw type.
3. No. 6 round base.
4. 5-1/4-inch shaft.
5. With stay-put covers marked “WATER.”.

(5) Valve Box Alignment Devices:

1. All valves shall be supplied with a Gate Valve Adaptor as manufactured by Adaptor Inc., or equal.
2. Metal frame
3. Supplied with 3/4-inch rubber gasket.
4. Sized to fit the brand of valve being supplied.

(6) Valve Box Extensions:

1. Tyler, or equal
2. Screw type
3. 5-1/4-IN shaft
4. No. 58 - 12-IN long,
5. No. 59 - 18-IN long,
6. No. 60 - 26-IN long.

**704.6.3 Construction:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703 and this section.
- (2) Prior to installation, inspect all valves and associated accessories for:
  1. Cracks or other handling damages.
  2. Verification of bolt tightness.
  3. Opening direction and number of turns to open.

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4. Freedom of operation.
5. Cleanliness of valve ports, especially seating surfaces.
- (3) Set and join valves and associated accessories to the pipe with mechanical joints per Article 703.
- (4) Always install valves in the closed position to prevent foreign material from causing damage.
- (5) Adjust valves following installation so they operate easily and properly.
- (6) A valve box is required at every valve installation. Valve box installation requirements:
  1. Ensure that the valve box does not transmit shock or stress to the valve.
  2. Center the valve box over the valve operating nut using the valve box alignment device.
  3. Set the box cover ¼-inch to ½-inch below the finished surface.
  4. Verify that there is adequate adjustment in the valve box to reach proper grade without the use of “cheaters”.
  5. Reset any valve boxes that have shifted so they are plumb and centered over the valve at any time throughout construction, and until formal acceptance of the project by the Engineer.

**704.6.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Measured by each completed unit.

**704.6.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid at the contract unit prices under the following bid items:

<b>ITEM NUMBER</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>	<b>UNIT</b>
70030	FURNISH AND INSTALL 4-INCH WATER VALVE	EACH
70031	FURNISH AND INSTALL 6-INCH WATER VALVE	EACH
70032	FURNISH AND INSTALL 8-INCH WATER VALVE	EACH
70033	FURNISH AND INSTALL 10-INCH WATER VALVE	EACH
70034	FURNISH AND INSTALL 12-INCH WATER VALVE	EACH
70035	FURNISH AND INSTALL 16-INCH WATER VALVE	EACH
70036	FURNISH AND INSTALL 20-INCH WATER VALVE	EACH



**704.7 Furnish and Install Hydrant.**

**Bid Item 70040.**

**704.7.1 Description:**

- (1) Furnish and install fire hydrants and associated thrust restraints. Adjust hydrant as necessary.
- (2) Prepare a proper drain field for the hydrant.
- (3) Restore all disturbed terrace or turf areas.

**704.7.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) Hydrant requirements:
  - 1. Hydrants are required to have “breakaway” capability
  - 2. Acceptable models include:

<b>Brand</b>	<b>Model</b>
AFC Waterous	Pacer WB-67
Mueller	Super Centurion A423

- (3) Nozzle requirements:
  - 1. Side nozzles: Two at 2½-inch diameter.
  - 2. Pumper nozzle: One at 4½-inch diameter.
  - 3. National Standard threads.
  - 4. Chains attaching the caps to the hydrant.
  - 5. Embossed with the word OPEN and an arrow showing that the hydrant opens left.
  - 6. Valve opening: 5¼-inch with National Standard operating nut shape.
  - 7. Painted red with blue nozzle caps – Waterous color M4152 (Houston Blue), or equal.
  - 8. 360-degree top rotation.
  - 9. “Dry top” operating threads to be sealed when open.
  - 10. 6-inch mechanical joint bottom connection with conductive mechanical joint (no lead) gasket and necessary accessories.
- (4) Upper valve plate requirements:
  - 1. Brass with a brass-to-brass foot valve.
- (5) Drain valve facing requirements:
  - 1. Furnish hydrant with plastic drain valve facing (otherwise, drain tube/drain valve assembly).

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- (6) Reflective locating device:
  - 1. “Hydra-Finder” manufactured by RoDon Corp.
- (7) Extensions: Per manufacturer’s recommendations.

### **704.7.3 Construction:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703 and this section.
- (2) Ensure that the Engineer is present whenever:
  - 1. A hydrant is to be set.
  - 2. A hydrant has been set, prior to backfilling.
  - 3. A hydrant extension is to be installed.
  - 4. A hydrant is to be disassembled for adjustment or maintenance.
- (3) Be responsible for the proper operation of all hydrants on the project until the City formally accepts the water mains, and the warranty period has expired.
- (4) Unless directed otherwise, set all hydrants so the back of the hydrant is 8-feet from the associated property line.
- (5) Ensure that the hydrant is set so the bury-line is not below finished grade and not more than 3-inches above finished grade.
- (6) The base of the hydrant barrel may not exceed a depth of 9-feet below finished grade.
- (7) Hydrant extensions:
  - 1. Extensions may be necessary to bring the bury-line to finish grade.
  - 2. Notify the Engineer at least 2 working days prior to installing an extension.
  - 3. Coordinate with the Engineer to have the extension furnished.
  - 4. When an extension becomes necessary as a result of Engineer-ordered grade adjustments during construction or plan revisions issued by the Engineer, the City will furnish the extension and the installation labor.
  - 5. When an extension is necessary as a result of negligence, or when the planned depth is greater than the available hydrant length, supply an approved extension. Do not install the extension until the Engineer is present.
  - 6. No more than 1 hydrant extension will be permitted per hydrant installation.
  - 7. Note that any subsequent adjustments to the hydrant elevation, including any extra fittings needed to meet these requirements, are considered incidental to the hydrant installation.
- (8) Restrain the full length of hydrants lead from the tee on the water main to the hydrant, including the hydrant valve and any associated fittings, with mechanical joint restraints. Push-on pipe joints are not permitted along the hydrant lead unless there is a continuous pipe dimension on

the lead longer than the full-length of a new pipe. Under that condition, an approved joint-restraint locking gasket is required at the joint.

- (9) Install a 4-inch x 8-inch x 16-inch solid concrete masonry unit, laid flat, in the excavation to provide a firm base for the hydrant.
- (10) Install solid concrete or poured concrete thrust blocking against undisturbed soil behind the base of the hydrant in accordance with Article 703 of these Standard Specifications.
- (11) Set the hydrant in a truly vertical position and securely brace it until backfilling is complete.
- (12) Rotate the hydrant so that the small nozzles are parallel to the curb line.
- (13) Use 1-inch washed stone as backfill around the lower portion of the hydrant. Take special care to keep the weep holes/drain holes in the hydrant elbow open to allow drainage.
- (14) Cover the stone backfill with 6-mil polyethylene, or suitable geotextile fabric, to prevent loose dirt from filling in the voids in the stones.
- (15) Backfill the remainder of the excavation with approved material and compact evenly in lifts not exceeding 12-inches. Ensure that the pressure of the backfill on the stem is evenly distributed.
- (16) Restore all disturbed turf areas associated with the hydrant installation.

**704.7.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Measured by each completed unit.

**704.7.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid at the contract unit prices under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
70040	FURNISH AND INSTALL HYDRANT	EACH

**704.8 Relocate Hydrant.**

**Bid Item 70041.**

**704.8.1 Description:**

- (1) Remove and relocate existing fire hydrants.

**704.8.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) (Vacant)

**704.8.3 Construction:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703 and this section.
- (2) If the hydrant lead valve is adequately restrained to the water main tee:
  - 1. Shut off the hydrant lead valve and excavate as necessary along the hydrant lead.
  - 2. Add or remove fittings, extending or shortening the hydrant lead as shown on the drawings or as ordered by the Engineer, to properly install the hydrant in accordance with Article 704 – ‘Furnish & Install Hydrant’.
- (3) If the hydrant does not have a valve, or if the valve is not adequately restrained to the main:
  - 1. Shut off the water main after coordinating with the Engineer.
  - 2. Excavate along the hydrant lead and cut the lead.
  - 3. Install valve per Article 704 and securely restrain the new valve back to the water main tee.
  - 4. Return the water main to service as soon as practical and safe.
  - 5. Add or remove fittings, extending or shortening the hydrant lead as shown on the drawings or as ordered by the Engineer to properly install the hydrant in accordance with Article 704 – ‘Furnish & Install Hydrant’.
- (4) Backfill and compact the excavation to an elevation 6-inches below the finished grade of the street terrace in accordance with Article 704 – ‘Furnish & Install Hydrant’.

(5) Restore all disturbed turf areas associated with the hydrant relocation/installation.

**704.8.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Measured by each completed unit.

**704.8.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid at the contract unit prices under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
70041	RELOCATE HYDRANT	EACH

## **704.9 Furnish & Install Water Service Laterals.**

**1-Inch, Bid Item 70050; 1½-Inch, Bid Item 70051; 2-Inch, Bid Item 70052.**

### **704.9.1 Description:**

- (1) Install new copper service laterals and related accessories. Work for this item also includes:
  1. Tapping the water main and installing or repairing polyethylene water main encasement.
  2. Installing the associated service lateral fittings and curb box.
  3. Adjusting the new curb box to finished grade.
  4. Removing any existing curb stops/curb boxes inside the excavated service ditch.
  5. Restoration of disturbed terrace or turf areas.

### **704.9.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) (Vacant)

### **704.9.3 Construction:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703 and this section.
- (2) Whenever possible, install the curb stop on the service at a point 8-feet from the property line.
- (3) Install a 4-inch x 8-inch x 8-inch solid concrete masonry unit, laid flat, in the excavation to provide a firm base for the curb stop.
- (4) Adequately wrap the curb stop with polyethylene wrap to prevent debris from entering or impacting the operability of the curb stop.
- (5) Install the curb box vertically over the curb stop so that after the service is backfilled to final grade, a key may be placed on the rod of the curb stop and it may be operated easily.
- (6) Set curb boxes flush with the finished ground elevation.
- (7) Do not locate curb boxes in curb, sidewalk, driveways, or within 5-feet of the base of trees.
- (8) When backfilling new service lateral trenches:
  1. Place a 2-inch x 4-inch board next to each curb or valve box in the terraces.
  2. Ensure that the board is at least 4-feet long, with at least 2-feet buried and 2-feet exposed.
- (9) Following installation, open the corporation stop and the curb stop, and flush out the service lateral. Once flushed, securely install a plug or copper end cap to keep rocks and dirt out of the lateral.
- (10) Leave the corporation stop open.

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- (11) Restore any disturbed terrace or turf areas associated with the lateral installation. The restoration is considered incidental to the service lateral work.

**704.9.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Measured by length in feet along the centerline of the service lateral at the surface, from the center of the water main to the center of the curb stop.
- (2) If the Engineer relocates a curb stop due to conflict, tail extensions beyond the curb stop will be paid along the centerline of the service lateral at the surface from the curb stop to the property service connection.

**704.9.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid at the contract unit prices under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
70050	FURNISH AND INSTALL 1 INCH SERVICE LATERALS	L.F.
70051	FURNISH AND INSTALL 1½ INCH SERVICE LATERALS	L.F.
70052	FURNISH AND INSTALL 2 INCH SERVICE LATERALS	L.F.

**704.10 Replace Service Lateral.**

**1-Inch, Bid Item 70053; 1½-Inch, Bid Item 70054; 2-Inch, Bid Item 70055.**

**704.10.1 Description:**

- (1) Abandon existing service lateral and replace it with a new service lateral. Typically a result of:
  - 1. Tree ordinance restrictions (see Article 107).
  - 2. Utility conflicts, or driveway approach/pavement conflicts.
  - 3. Broken curb stops or damage to the existing copper tubing on the existing lateral.
  - 4. The request of the Engineer.

**704.10.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) (Vacant)

**704.10.3 Construction:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703 and this section.
- (2) Allow for any services designated for replacement on the plans to first be reexamined by the Engineer in order to determine the necessity for replacement and evaluate alternatives.
- (3) Alternatives to the indicated total replacement may include a combination of:
  - 1. Extending/reconnecting a service lateral per Article 704.
  - 2. Disconnecting/reconnecting a service lateral per Article 704.
  - 3. Replacing a curb stop/box per Article 704.
- (4) If the Engineer determines the existing service lateral shall be replaced, abandon the existing service lateral and install a new service lateral in accordance to Article 704 – ‘Furnish & Install Water Service Lateral’.

**704.10.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Refer to Article 704 – ‘Furnish & Install Water Service Lateral’.

**704.10.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid at the contract unit prices under the following bid items:

<b>ITEM NUMBER</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>	<b>UNIT</b>
70053	REPLACE 1-INCH COPPER SERVICE LATERAL	EACH
70054	REPLACE 1½-INCH COPPER SERVICE LATERAL	EACH
70055	REPLACE 2-INCH COPPER SERVICE LATERAL	EACH

**704.11 Extend and Reconnect Service Lateral.**

1-Inch, Bid Item 70056; 1½-Inch, Bid Item 70057; 2-Inch, Bid Item 70058.

**704.11.1 Description:**

- (1) Connect-to and extend existing water service laterals to the new water main. Restore any disturbed terrace areas, as necessary.

**704.11.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) (Vacant)

**704.11.3 Construction:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703 and this section.
- (2) Excavate to expose the existing water main at the existing service connection.
- (3) Cut-off the service pipe at the exposed location.
- (4) Couple the disconnected end of the service with a new service of the designated size.
- (5) Extend the new copper lateral to the new water main and connect the new service tubing to the corporation stop on the new water main.

**704.11.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Measured by length in feet along the centerline of the pipe at the surface, from the center of the water main to the point of the connection.

**704.11.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid at the contract unit prices under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
70056	EXTEND AND RECONNECT 1-INCH SERVICE LATERAL	L.F.
70057	EXTEND AND RECONNECT 1½-INCH SERVICE LATERAL	L.F.
70058	EXTEND AND RECONNECT 2-INCH SERVICE LATERAL	L.F.



**704.12 Disconnect / Reconnect Service Lateral.**

**1-Inch, Bid Item 70059; 1½-Inch, Bid Item 70060; 2-Inch, Bid Item 70061.**

**704.12.1 Description:**

- (1) Cut off, and typically shorten, existing copper water service laterals and connect the lateral to the new water main. Restore any disturbed terrace areas, as necessary.

**704.12.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) (Vacant).

**704.12.3 Construction:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703 and this section.
- (2) Excavate and expose the existing service lateral at the location of the new water main crossing.
- (3) Cut-off the service tubing at the exposed crossing location.
- (4) Couple the disconnected end of the service tubing with a new service of the designated size.
- (5) Reconnect the modified service length to the corporation stop on the new water main.

**704.12.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Measured by each completed unit.

**704.12.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid at the contract unit prices under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
70059	DISCONNECT / RECONNECT 1-INCH SERVICE LATERAL	EACH
70060	DISCONNECT / RECONNECT 1½-INCH SERVICE LATERAL	EACH
70061	DISCONNECT / RECONNECT 2-INCH SERVICE LATERAL	EACH

**704.13 Select Fill – Sand for Water.**

**Bid Item 70070.**

**704.13.1 Description:**

- (1) Install select imported fill from outside of the project, to be placed in the trenches as specified in the Contract Documents.
- (2) Excess excavated material resulting from this work is considered surplus material; dispose of at no additional cost to the City.

**704.13.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) As defined in Article 202.
- (3) Under no circumstances will asphalt material of any size or foreign debris be allowed in the backfill material.

**704.13.3 Construction:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703 and this section.
- (2) (Vacant).

**704.13.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Measured by length in feet along the centerline of the pipe at the surface for new installations, to the nearest foot.
- (2) When excavating for maintenance or abandonment items:
- (3) Measured along the centerline of the trench.
- (4) The Engineer may require truck delivery tickets to substantiate compensation.

**704.13.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid at the contract unit prices under the following bid items:

<b>ITEM NUMBER</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>	<b>UNIT</b>
70070	SELECT FILL – SAND FOR WATER	L.F.

- (2) If a specific pay item for Select Fill is not provided in the Contract Documents, the specified and required Select Fill is considered to be incidental to the cost of the work and no additional payment will be made.

**704.14 Cut-In or Connect-To Existing Water System.**

**Bid Item 70080.**

**704.14.1 Description:**

- (1) Cut-In Connection consists of all means and methods, equipment, tools, labor, and incidentals necessary for making a plug-removal connection or a cut-in connection to existing water mains, including any necessary water-tight capping of existing water mains associated with the work.

**704.14.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) (Vacant).

**704.14.3 Construction:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703 and this section.
- (2) Excavate and expose the existing water main to a point 18-inches below the bottom of the pipe at the proposed location of the plug-removal connection or cut-in connection.
- (3) Shut off all valves required to isolate the exposed pipe segment. Be responsible and properly equipped for valve-turning at all times while doing such work.
- (4) Place a water pump at the bottom of the excavation for dewatering, as needed. When cutting out sections of pipe proceed slowly and ensure dewatering efforts prevent the water level within the excavation from rising above the invert elevation of the exposed pipe.
- (5) Before placing new pipe and fittings on the exposed end of the existing fitting or the cut-off end of the existing pipe, disinfect the new fitting or valve by swabbing or soaking thoroughly with a 10:1 (water:bleach) solution.
- (6) Fasten new fittings to existing fittings or ductile iron pipes as described in Article 703. For connections to existing cast iron or other existing pipe materials, secure the new pipe or fitting with threaded rods in accordance with the Standard Detail Drawings.
- (7) For cut-in connections or as otherwise necessary, secure the disconnected end of the existing pipe with either a pipe plug or a cap fitting, as approved by the Engineer. Place standard thrust blocking between the end of the existing pipe and the new fitting, unless specified otherwise in the Contract Documents or as directed by the Engineer.

**704.14.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Measured by each completed unit.

**704.14.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid at the contract unit prices under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
70080	CUT-IN CONNECTION	EACH

**704.15 Furnish Excavation and Ditch for Live Tap.**

**Bid Item 70081.**

**704.15.1 Description:**

- (1) Excavate and prepare the ditch for the City to perform a live-tap connection on an existing water main. **Upon completion of tap, cut-off and cap the existing water main.**

**704.15.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) (Vacant).

**704.15.3 Construction:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703 and this section.
- (2) Prepare a suitable work area in the ditch for the Engineer to perform the live-tap:
- (3) Expose the water main across the full width of the ditch.
- (4) Provide at least 1-foot of clear space around the circumference of the exposed water main.
- (5) Locate and identify the proposed tap location in the ditch and adjust as necessary to maintain a distance of at least 18-inches from the nearest joint.
- (6) Provide at least a 4-foot-wide clear working area, extending at least 6-feet perpendicular from the main at the location of the live-tap.
- (7) **Upon completion of the live-tap by the City, cut-off and cap the existing water main in accordance to Article 704 – ‘Cut Off Existing Water Main’. The cut-off and cap work associated with the live-tap is incidental to the work and will not be paid separately.**

**704.15.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Measured by each completed unit.

**704.15.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid at the contract unit prices under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
70081	FURNISH EXCAVATION AND DITCH FOR LIVE TAP	EACH

**704.16 Cut Off Existing Water Main.**

**Bid Item 70082.**

**704.16.1 Description:**

- (1) Abandon and plug a segment of existing water main by “cutting it off” from the active water system. The work also includes securely capping or plugging the cut end of the active main.

**704.16.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) (Vacant).

**704.16.3 Construction:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703 and this section.
- (2) Prior to proceeding with the cut-off, perform the required water main shut-off notifications.
- (3) When authorized to proceed, isolate and shut-off the existing water main.
- (4) Cut of the water main at the location designated for abandonment.
- (5) Install a concrete pipe plug in the end of the existing main which is to be abandoned.
- (6) On the end of the water main which is to remain in-service:
  - 1. Install a restrained mechanical joint cap over the cut end of the existing water main, or within 2-feet of a fitting or live-tap.
  - 2. Otherwise, install a restrained mechanical joint plug fitting into a new or existing fitting located at the end of the main.
- (7) If the water main cut off work is intended to remove and replace an existing fitting, valve, or segment of pipe, cut off as designated, remove the existing material and replace it with the new fittings and/or the lengths of pipe and solid sleeves necessary to reconnect to the existing main.
- (8) Disinfect any associated materials by swabbing methods in accordance to Article 703.

**704.16.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Measured by each completed unit.

**704.16.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid at the contract unit prices under the following bid items:

<b>ITEM NUMBER</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>	<b>UNIT</b>
70082	CUT OFF EXISTING WATER MAIN	EACH

**704.17 Abandon Water Valve Box.**

**Bid Item 70090.**

**704.17.1 Description:**

- (1) Abandon valve boxes within the project limits that are set upon valves no longer in service.
- (2) Place the abandoned valve in the closed position prior to abandoning the box.
- (3) Completely remove the valve box whenever possible.

**704.17.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) (Vacant).

**704.17.3 Construction:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703 and this section.
- (2) Proceed with work only after the existing water main has been abandoned.
- (3) Remove the top casting of the valve box to a point at least 3-feet below the final elevation, and then backfill the opening.

**704.17.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Measured by each completed unit.

**704.17.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid at the contract unit prices under the following bid items:

<b>ITEM NUMBER</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>	<b>UNIT</b>
70090	ABANDON WATER VALVE BOX	EACH

**704.18 Abandon Hydrant.**

**Bid Item 70091.**

**704.18.1 Description:**

- (1) Decommission and salvage designated existing fire hydrants. Restore any disturbed turf areas.

**704.18.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) (Vacant).

**704.18.3 Construction:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703 and this section.
- (2) Do not proceed with hydrant abandonments until the existing water main has been abandoned.
- (3) For screw type hydrants:
  - 1. Unscrew the hydrant with chain tongs (or like), and remove the high stock, and salvage for the Engineer.
  - 2. Remove the frost case and salvage for the Engineer.
- (4) For non-screw type hydrants:
  - 1. Excavate to the bottom of the hydrant and disassemble/disconnect it from the hydrant lead.
  - 2. Remove the hydrant and salvage for the Engineer.
- (5) Backfill the remaining opening/excavation with existing material and compact.
- (6) Use select fill as additional material if there is not enough approved existing backfill material.
- (7) Restore all disturbed turf areas associated with the hydrant abandonment.

**704.18.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Measured by each completed unit.

**704.18.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid at the contract unit prices under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
70091	ABANDON HYDRANT	EACH

- (2) Hydrants that are damaged due to negligence will not be paid.
- (3) Hydrants damaged during this work will be billed \$635.00 by the Engineer.

**704.19 Abandon Water Valve Access Structure.**

**Bid Item 70092.**

**704.19.1 Description:**

- (1) Abandon all designated water valve access structures or manholes within the project limits.
- (2) If the valve is to remain active, install a valve box.

**704.19.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) (Vacant).

**704.19.3 Construction:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703 and this section.
- (2) Remove the existing casting and the structure walls.
- (3) If concrete is in contact with a main and/or valve that is to remain in service, and removal of the structure may damage the existing piping system, the Engineer may instead require that the structure walls be removed to a depth of 3-feet below finished grade.
- (4) If the existing valve is to remain in use, remove and replace the water valve access structure with a valve box per Article 704.
- (5) Use select fill as additional backfill material if there is not enough approved existing material.

**704.19.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Measured by each completed unit.

**704.19.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid at the contract unit prices under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
70092	ABANDON WATER VALVE ACCESS STRUCTURE	EACH



**704.20 Furnish and Install Styrofoam.**

**Bid Item 70101.**

**704.20.1 Description:**

- (1) Install Styrofoam to insulate water mains and/or water service laterals.
- (2) Styrofoam insulation is required when:
  - 1. The top of water main has 5-feet of cover or less.
  - 2. The water main crosses below storm sewer.
  - 3. When otherwise specified on the drawings or as directed by the Engineer.

**704.20.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) Styrofoam requirements:
  - 1. Thickness: 2-inch (minimum).
  - 2. Minimum strength: 25 psi.
  - 3. High-density polystyrene board as manufactured by Dow Chemical Co., or equal.
  - 4. 4-foot by 8-foot sheets.

**704.20.3 Construction:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703 and this section.
- (2) After pipe installation, backfill and compact the trench to a level 6-inches above the top of pipe. Place insulation board in the trench centered over the pipe on a level surface in order to provide proper support for the insulation.
- (3) Following installation of the Styrofoam, backfill and compact the remainder of the trench.

**704.20.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Measured along the centerline of the pipe at the surface, by length in feet of pipe effectively insulated.

**704.20.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid at the contract unit prices under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
70101	FURNISH AND INSTALL STYROFOAM	L.F.

**704.21 Landscape Restoration for Water Main.**

**Bid Item 70102.**

**704.21.1 Description:**

- (1) Restore turf areas disturbed from water main installation, including all incidentals necessary to restore the terrace or turf area to grade, such as topsoil and seeding, are included herein.

**704.21.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) Topsoil: See Article 202 of these Specifications.
- (3) Seeding: See Article 207 of these Specifications.

**704.21.3 Construction:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703 and this section.
- (2) Do not begin placing topsoil until all disturbed areas have been graded to match the original surface grades or to the otherwise specified lines and grades, considering the topsoil depth.
- (3) Place and spread topsoil uniformly to a depth of at least 6-inches, unless specified otherwise.
- (4) Clean topsoil off of sidewalks, paths, curbs, and roadways prior to the end of each working day.
- (5) Protect adjacent stormwater structures during placement of topsoil. The Engineer reserves the right to order the installation of curb and field inlet sediment barriers to be constructed in accordance with Article 210 of these Specifications.
- (6) Water the restoration areas immediately after seeding. Keep the areas moist by watering or sprinkling until the perennial grass seed covering the entire disturbed terrace area has germinated and grown to a minimum height of 2-inches. Reseed any bare patches.
- (7) Place mulch on all seeded areas within 3 days of completing the seeding. Do not mulch during high wind conditions. Maintain the mulched areas and repair any areas damaged by wind, erosion, traffic, or other causes until the turf is firmly established.
- (8) When ordered by the Engineer, dust-proof the patch by sprinkling it with a water and calcium chloride mixture in accordance with Article 107 of these Specifications.

**704.21.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Measured by length in feet, to the nearest half foot, along the trench centerline at the surface.

**704.21.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid at the contract unit prices under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
70102	TERRACE RESTORATION FOR WATER MAIN	L.F.

- (2) Additional compensation will be at the rate stated in Article 107 for providing any dust proofing.

**704.22 Water Valve Access Structure.**

**Bid Item 70103.**

**704.22.1 Description:**

- (1) Furnish and install a 6-foot (inside diameter) water valve access structure with steps and casting. The work also includes preparing the foundation for the structure and tapping the water main.

**704.22.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) Adjustment rings and castings: Conform to Articles 503 and 507.
- (3) The water valve access structure has a flat top with an offset opening and a standard access structure frame and non-rocking cover.
- (4) See Standard Detail Drawing 7.07 for additional material details.

**704.22.3 Construction:**

- (1) Construction of concrete valve access structures is to be done in accordance to the requirements Standard Detail Drawings 7.07 and Article 507 of these Specifications.
- (2) Center the water valve access structure over the valve.
- (3) Place clear gravel and stones up to 3-inches as a base for the structure.
- (4) Place an 8-inch or larger concrete block under the valve to provide support.
- (5) Provide appropriate openings in the structure and the support ring so that the structure is not resting on the water main.
- (6) Install a 1-inch tap on each side of the valve.

**704.22.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Measured by each completed unit.

**704.22.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid at the contract unit prices under the following bid items:

<b>ITEM NUMBER</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>	<b>UNIT</b>
70103	WATER VALVE ACCESS STRUCTURE	EACH

**704.23 Adjust Water Valve Box.**

**Bid Item 70104.**

**704.23.1 Description:**

- (1) Furnish a new top casting with a lid and adjust all existing water valve boxes within the project limits to a tolerance between 1/4-inch to 1/2-inch below finished grade. If necessary or as required, furnish and replace damaged or non-functioning existing lower valve box sections.

**704.23.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) Refer to Article 704 – ‘Furnish & Install Water Valve’ and this section.

**704.23.3 Construction:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703 and this section.
- (2) Refer to Article 704 ‘Furnish & Install Water Valve’ and this section.
- (3) Excavate and expose the existing water valve boxes to the depth needed to install a new top casting with a new lid, center the valve box over the operating nut and adjust the valve boxes to finished grade. If the valve operating nut is not exposed due to mud and/or debris, remove the material to expose the operating nut to ensure the valve box is centered and aligned properly.
- (4) Extensions or replacement valve box materials may be required and will be paid as listed below.
- (5) Leave all valve boxes centered over the valve operating nut and free of dirt and debris.

**704.23.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Measured by each completed unit.

**704.23.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid at the contract unit prices under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
70104	ADJUST WATER VALVE BOX	EACH

- (2) In the event that additional materials are needed during construction, full-payment for furnishing and installing the additional materials will be made as follows:

DESCRIPTION	UNIT	PRICE
TOP CASTING WITH LID	EACH	\$100.00
BOTTOM SECTION	EACH	\$100.00
NO. 6 BASE	EACH	\$100.00
BOX ALIGNMENT DEVICE	EACH	\$150.00
12-INCH EXTENSION	EACH	\$100.00
18-INCH EXTENSION	EACH	\$100.00
24-INCH EXTENSION	EACH	\$100.00

- (2) Adjustment of new valve boxes is incidental to valve box installations and will not be paid.

**704.24 Pipe Plug for Water Main Installation.**

**Bid Item 70105.**

**704.24.1 Description:**

- (1) Furnish and install a concrete mix on each end of abandoned pipes that were removed due to an existing grade conflict during the installation of new water facilities.

**704.24.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) Concrete mix can be either:
  - 1. A pre-approved bag mix.
  - 2. Pre-mix from a concrete supplier.

**704.24.3 Construction:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703 and this section.
- (2) Excavate and expose the conflicting abandoned pipe.
- (3) Cut out a segment of the pipe that is large enough for clearance of the concrete mix on the open ends, and for the new water main to pass through.
- (4) Using a concrete mix on the open ends of the abandoned pipe, form a tight seal so as not to allow dirt or water to enter the pipe.

**704.24.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Measured as a completed unit for each pipe end plugged.

**704.24.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid at the contract unit prices under the following bid items:

<b>ITEM NUMBER</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>	<b>UNIT</b>
70105	PIPE PLUG FOR WATER MAIN INSTALLATION	EACH

## **704.25 Rock Excavation.**

### **Bid Item 70106.**

#### **704.25.1 Description:**

- (1) Rock excavation applies to the removal of hard solid rock in ledges, bedded deposits, unstratified masses, conglomerate deposits or any other material so firmly cemented as to present characteristics of solid rock.
- (2) If determined by the Engineer that such material is so hard or so firmly cemented that it is not practical to excavate and remove such material with a power shovel, it shall be thoroughly and continuously drilled and blasted prior to removal.
- (3) Power shovels, as referred to above:
  1. A modern track mounted power shovel or backhoe.
  2. Not less than  $\frac{3}{4}$ -cubic yard manufacturer's rated capacity.
  3. Have adequate power and good running condition.
  4. Used by an experienced operator.
- (4) Rock excavation also applies to all stone/rock necessary to be removed having a volume of 1-cubic yard (27-cubic feet) or more. Removal of plain or asphalt-bound bases or surface courses of macadam, gravel, or broken stone are not considered rock excavation.

#### **704.25.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) (Vacant).

#### **704.25.3 Construction:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703 and this section.
- (2) Remove enough rock to provide clearance below and on each side of all pipe, valves and fittings. Clearance requirements:
  1. At least 6-inches for nominal pipe sizes 24-inches or smaller
  2. At least 9-inches for nominal pipe sizes 30-inches or larger.
- (3) The width of rock excavation is limited to the outside diameter of the pipe plus 2-feet.
- (4) Upon completion of the rock excavation, refill that portion of the trench with select fill and mechanically compact the fill material prior to laying the pipe. The pipe is required to have uniform bearing along its entire length and never shall be laid directly on rock.

#### **704.25.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Field-measure and compute the rock excavation volume in cubic yards (neat-line volumes).

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- (2) The vertical measurement extends from the surface of the rock to an elevation of 6-inches below the bottom invert of the water main.
- (3) The vertical measurement for valve access structures extends from the surface of the rock to an elevation of 8-inches below the bottom invert of the valve access structure (up to ten 10-foot deep). The measurement extends 12-inches below the bottom invert of the valve access structure if it is over 10-foot deep.
- (4) Horizontal measurements are limited to the outside diameter of the pipe or outside width of the structure, plus two 2-feet.
- (5) Boulders measuring ½-cubic yard or more in volume are measured individually. The volume of each boulder computed from average dimensions taken in three directions.
- (6) No measurement of excessive excavation.

**704.25.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid at the contract unit prices under the following bid items:

<b>ITEM NUMBER</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>	<b>UNIT</b>
70106	ROCK EXCAVATION	C.Y.

**704.26 Removal of Excess Amounts of Boulders.**

**Bid Item 70107.**

**704.26.1 Description:**

- (1) Boulders are considered to be naturally occurring rocks that have a dimension greater than 12-inches in one or more faces.
- (2) Remove any and all boulders encountered regardless of number.
- (3) When deemed by the Engineer that the amount of boulders encountered on a project is excessive, additional payment will be covered under this item.

**704.26.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) (Vacant).

**704.26.3 Construction:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703 and this section.
- (2) (Vacant).

**704.26.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Payment for this item must be authorized by the Engineer.
- (2) Boulders under 1-cubic yard in volume are to be measured by truck volume.
- (3) Boulders over 1-cubic yard in volume are to be measured individually. Measure by taking the average dimensions in three directions.

**704.26.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid at the contract unit prices under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
70107	REMOVAL OF EXCESS AMOUNTS OF BOULDERS	C.Y.

- (2) In the absence of a bid item, a payment of \$6.00 per cubic yard of boulders hauled from the project may be added to the Contract Documents, when authorized by the Engineer.
- (3) Excessively large boulders are considered to be, and paid under, the Rock Excavation Bid Item.



**704.27 Additional Excavation.**

**Bid Item 70108.**

**704.27.1 Description:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703.4 and this section.
- (2) Additional excavation applies to:
  - 1. Additional excavation areas specifically depicted on the Construction Drawings and/or described in the Contract Documents.
  - 2. Additional excavation extending beyond the allowable 2-foot allowance as a result of grade adjustments and/or adjusted excavation requirements ordered by the Engineer.
  - 3. No compensation will be considered for over-excavation done for convenience.
  - 4. Note that additional excavation extending beyond the allowable 1-foot allowance as a result of artificial foundation construction in poor soils ordered by the Engineer is considered to be undercut and shall be paid for under the “Undercut” bid item.

**704.27.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) (Vacant).

**704.27.3 Construction:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703 and this section.
- (2) (Vacant).

**704.27.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Field-measure and compute the authorized additional excavation volume in cubic yards (neat-line volumes).
- (2) Maximum allowed measured width:
- (3) The outside diameter of the pipe/structure, plus 2-feet, plus the amount necessary for sheeting and bracing.

**704.27.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid at the contract unit prices under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
70108	ADDITIONAL EXCAVATION	C.Y.

- (2) No payments for over-excavation done for convenience or without the Engineer’s consent.

**704.28 Undercut.**

**Bid Item 70109.**

**704.28.1 Description:**

- (1) Undercut is defined as any work involved in removing unsuitable materials and forming a satisfactory foundation at depths greater than 12-inches below the water main where identified on the drawings and/or specifications, and other areas where the Engineer approves the undercut in writing.
- (2) All work associated with forming a stable and satisfactory foundation at depths of twelve 12-inches or less below the bottom of the pipe is considered incidental and will not be considered as undercut.

**704.28.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) (Vacant).

**704.28.3 Construction:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703 and this section.
- (2) (Vacant).

**704.28.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Field-measure and compute the undercut volume in cubic yards (neat-line volumes).
- (2) Maximum measured width: The outside diameter of the pipe or outside dimension of the bottom of the structure, plus 2-feet, plus the amount necessary for sheeting and bracing.

**704.28.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid at the contract unit prices under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
70109	UNDERCUT	C.Y.

**704.29 Adjust Water Service Box.**

**(No Bid Item).**

**704.29.1 Description:**

- (1) Adjust existing water service boxes within the project limits to match the finished grade as shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

**704.29.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) (Vacant).

**704.29.3 Construction:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703 and this section.
- (2) Excavate and expose the existing water service boxes to the depth needed to adjust the valve boxes to finished grade.
- (3) Apply extensions as required.
- (4) Leave all service boxes centered over the curb stop and free of dirt and debris.

**704.29.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Measured by each completed unit.

**704.29.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid as follows:

<b>AMOUNT PAID</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>	<b>UNIT</b>
\$100.00	ADJUST WATER SERVICE BOX	EACH

- (2) Adjustments to new service boxes are incidental to their installation, and will not be paid under this item.

**704.30 Furnish and Install Curb Box.**

**(No Bid Item).**

**704.30.1 Description:**

- (1) Provide all labor and materials necessary to install new curb boxes where existing curb boxes are damaged, or otherwise in need of replacement as authorized in writing by the Engineer.

**704.30.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) (Vacant).

**704.30.3 Construction:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703 and this section.
- (2) Install the curb box vertically over the curb stop so that after the service is backfilled to final grade, a key may be placed on the rod of the curb stop and it may be operated easily.
- (3) Set curb boxes flush with the finished ground elevation.

**704.30.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Measured by each completed unit.

**704.30.5 Basis of Payment:**

**704.30.6** Paid as follows:

<b>AMOUNT PAID</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>	<b>UNIT</b>
\$350.00	FURNISH AND INSTALL CURB BOX	EACH

**704.31 Furnish and Install Curb Stop.**

**(No Bid Item).**

**704.31.1 Description:**

- (1) Provide all labor and material necessary to install new curb stops where existing curb stops are damaged, or otherwise in need of replacement as authorized in writing by the Engineer.

**704.31.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) (Vacant).

**704.31.3 Construction:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703 and this section.
- (2) Install curb stops on the designated service lateral at a point 8-feet from the property line, unless specified otherwise or ordered by the Engineer.
- (3) Install a 4-inch x 8-inch x 8-inch solid concrete masonry unit, laid flat, in the excavation to provide a firm base for the curb stop.
- (4) Adequately wrap the curb stop with polyethylene wrap to prevent debris from entering or impacting the operability of the curb stop.
- (5) Do not locate curb stops in curb, sidewalk, driveways, or within 5-feet of the bases of trees.

**704.31.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Measured by each completed unit.

**704.31.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid as follows:

<b>AMOUNT PAID</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>	<b>UNIT</b>
\$500.00	FURNISH AND INSTALL CURB STOP	EACH

**704.32 Abandon Existing Curb Box.**

**(No Bid Item).**

**704.32.1 Description:**

- (1) Abandon all water service curb boxes within the project limits that are connected to laterals no longer in service, as shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

**704.32.2 Materials:**

- (1) Refer to Article 702 and this section.
- (2) (Vacant).

**704.32.3 Construction:**

- (1) Refer to Article 703 and this section.
- (2) Proceed with the work only after the existing water service lateral has been abandoned.
- (3) Remove the top casting to a point three 3-feet below the final elevation.
- (4) Restore the terrace area as necessary.

**704.32.4 Method of Measurement:**

- (1) Measured by each completed unit.

**704.32.5 Basis of Payment:**

- (1) Paid as follows:

<b>AMOUNT PAID</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>	<b>UNIT</b>
\$50.00	ABANDON EXISTING CURB BOX	EACH

- (2) Note that only curb boxes that fall outside of new service excavations will be paid.