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City of Madison, Wisconsin **2023 CAPER**

Consolidated Annual Performance & Evaluation Report for the period January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023

Community development projects and their progress toward the community and neighborhood development objectives described in Madison's 2020-2024 Consolidated Plan

2023 Consolidated Annual Performance & Evaluation Report [CAPER]

CR-05 - Goals and Outcomes

Progress the jurisdiction has made in carrying out its strategic plan and its action plan.

91.520(a)

During 2023, the City's Community Development Division (CDD) maintained its focus on efforts designed to expand the supply of affordable housing, provide opportunities for new microenterprise businesses, create jobs, and support a local service network that will reduce homelessness in our community and make future incidences of homelessness rare, brief and non-reoccurring.

CDD continued to lead the City's efforts to expand its housing supply by implementing the City's Housing Forward plan. The Housing Forward plan was created to expand and improve the supply of housing in Madison. One goal within Housing Forward is to create affordable housing throughout the City. The City partners with developers to use City and Federal funds strategically to leverage other financing; most notably, Federal Low-Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTCs) administered by the Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority (WHEDA). During the course of 2023, the City evaluated and committed nearly \$11.3 million through the City's Affordable Housing Funds to five development proposals that focus on creating new rental units. These developments will construct nearly 377 more units of housing, of which 300 will be designated as affordable, and leverage almost \$76 million of LIHTCs. The City committed an additional \$1.85 million to two previously awarded projects in need of additional funds to close on an additional 375 units, of which 271 will be designated as affordable. The City also made financing commitments of \$2 million from its allocation of Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (SLFRF) authorized by the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) of 2021 for a Youth Centered Housing Development.

During the Action Plan period, the City focused its federal funds on primary Plan objectives affecting affordable housing, economic development, and neighborhood resources. These focal points continue to be key areas of emphasis during 2023.

2023 highlights include these major activities, completed by the Division or its funded agencies:

1. Stable investment in the community.

CDD invested over \$11 million in the community to address the goals and objectives outlined in Madison's 2020-2024 Consolidated Plan, plus another \$1.1 million in CARES Act funding for activities that help prevent, prepare for, or respond to the coronavirus. The three primary focus areas were (a) housing development and financing; (b) small business assistance; and (c) neighborhood asset building. Despite uncertainty surrounding the stability of future funding, CDD was able to maintain its financial commitments to partner agencies and continue to support needed programs without service disruptions or project delays.

2. Sustained support of economic development efforts.

In 2023, CDD's support for organizations provided support and business assistance to about 1,449 individuals who represent emerging or micro-enterprise businesses. In the area of Job Creation and Business Development, CDBG funds aided the creation of new positions at one private business, which was filled through part-time employees averaging a combined 40 hours per week. The majority of these part-time positions were filled by LMI individuals.

3. Expansion of the City's support for affordable housing.

CDD provided funding to agencies for efforts to improve household stabilization and to acquire and rehabilitate housing stock in targeted neighborhoods within the City. These efforts promoted household stabilization in a variety of ways. Tenant households were offered financial assistance to fend off the threat of evictions. First-time homebuyers received help to make mortgages attainable and affordable. Cash-strapped homeowners received help to finance needed home repairs or undertake modest renovation projects.

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Comparison of the proposed versus actual outcomes for each outcome measure submitted with the Consolidated Plan and explain, if applicable, why progress was not made toward meeting goals and objectives.

Categories, priority levels, funding sources and amounts, outcomes/objectives, goal outcome indicators, units of measure, targets, actual outcomes/outputs, and percentage completed for each of the grantee's program year goals.

Accomplishments - Program Year & Strategic Plan to Date

	Unit of		Strat	Strategic Plan to Date			Program Year			
Goal	Category	Source / Amount	Indicator	Measure	Expected	Actual	Percent Complete	Expected	Actual	Percent Complete
		CDBG: \$1,436,054 HOME: \$17,008	Homeowner housing Rehabilitated	Household or housing unit	675	405	60%	209	159	76.08%
					400	60 номе	15% HOME	80	11 HOME	13.75% HOME
	CDBG: \$1,607,395		Rental units constructed or rehabilitated	Household or housing unit		438 City Levy	24.5% All Sources		438 City Levy	61.25% All Sources
		HOME: \$2,229,562 City: \$4,235,377			229 CDBG		229 CDBG	229 CDBG	100.0% CDBG	
Housing Development & Financing: Homeownership	Affordable Housing	Homeowner housing adde	Homeowner housing added	Household or housing unit	10	16	160%	8	0	0%
			Direct financial assistance	I	200	91 CDBG/HOME	45.5% CDBG/HOME	40 CDBG/HOME	42 CDBG/HOME	105% CDBG/HOME
		CDBG: \$1,222,500 HOME: \$597,878	to homebuyers	assisted		2 City/State			2 City/State	110% All Sources
		HCRI: \$140,000	Public service activities other than Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit	Persons Assisted		91			0	
	Affordable Housing	HOME: \$56,746 EHH (ESG / HAP / HPP): \$272,825	Tenant-based rental assistance / Rapid Re-housing	Households assisted	75	83	110.67%	15	66	440%
Homeless Services & Housing Stability	Homeless	ESG: \$85,000 City: \$320,978 EHH (ESG / HAP / HPP): \$90,425	Homeless person / Overnight shelter	Persons assisted	12,000	5,523	46%	2,400	2,536	105.6%
	Non-Homeless Special Needs	CDBG: \$41,000 ESG: \$55,650 City: \$1,808,293 EHH (ESG / HAP / HPP): \$378,493	Homelessness prevention / fair housing activities / Other	fair housing activities / Persons	10,000 CDBG	462 CDBG	4.62% CDBG	2,000 CDBG	232 CDBG	11.6% CDBG
Small Business Assistance	Non-Housing		Jobs created/retained	Jobs	250	81	32%	50	0	0%
Job Creation & Business Expansion	Community Development	CDBG: \$800,000	Businesses assisted	Businesses assisted		14			0	
Small Business Assistance Micro-Enterprise Development	Non-Housing Community Development	CDBG: \$364,723	Businesses assisted	Businesses assisted	5,025	5,111	101.71%	1,005	1,449	144.18%

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				Unit of	Stra	tegic Plan to	Date		Program Year	•
Goal	Category	Source / Amount	Indicator	Measure	Expected	Actual	Percent Complete	Expected	Actual	Percent Complete
Neighborhood Asset Building Neighborhood Focal Point Support	Non-Housing Community Development	CDBG: \$366,000 City: \$954,385 Future Madison: \$22,622	Public service activities other than low/moderate income housing benefit	Persons assisted	190,000	109,499	57.63%	38,000	31,981	84.16%
Neighborhood Asset Building Capital Improvements for Community Organizations	Non-Housing Community Development	CDBG: \$0	Public facility or infrastructure activities other than low/moderate income housing benefit	Persons assisted	43,000	330	0.77%	8,600	0	0%
Neighborhood Asset Building Neighborhood Revitalization Plans & Projects	Non-Housing Community Development	CDBG: \$41,500	Public facility or infrastructure activities other than low/moderate income housing benefit	Persons assisted	10,000	4,434	44.3%	2,000	0	0%
Planning and Administration	Planning / Administration	CDBG: \$491,396 HOME: \$335,351 ESG: \$15,864 (includes HMIS) City: \$703,276 EHH (ESG / HAP / HPP): \$9,782 HCRI: \$24,708	Other	Contracts administered	460	339	73.7%	113	108	95.57 %

During the COVID-19 Emergency, the federal government expanded the availability of stimulus funds to historic levels. This resulted in a large number of grants, very low-interest, and forgivable loans available to non-profits, homeowners and small businesses across different industries. During 2022, the City's Community Development Division began to reopen its direct lending programs (e.g., homeowner rehabilitation) and completion of most of those loan activities is reflected in this year's CAPER accomplishments.

Support to micro-enterprises since the COVID-19 pandemic continues to be a high priority for the City of Madison, and additional City Levy support continues to be provided to local chambers to supplement the CDBG contracts through the American Rescue Plan Act and the Economic Development Division, for activities that would not be included in the scope of this CAPER.

Assess how the jurisdiction's use of funds, particularly CDBG, addresses the priorities and specific objectives identified in the plan, giving special attention to the highest priority activities identified.

In 2023, the City of Madison's use of federal HUD funds, particularly CDBG, was consistent with the goals, priorities and objectives described in both its 2020-2024 Consolidated Plan and its 2023 Action Plan. The City's primary emphasis was on affordable housing, including housing development and financing, housing stability and homeless services. In addition, the City invested significant resources in both its small business assistance goal and in its neighborhood asset building goal.

CR-10 - Racial and Ethnic Composition of Families Assisted

Describe the families assisted (including the racial and ethnic status of families assisted).

91.520(a)

Assistance to racial and ethnic populations by source of funds

	CDBG	НОМЕ	ESG
White	20,915	16	400
Black or African American	8,602	8	639
Asian	1,210	0	7
American Indian or American Native	362	0	14
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	8	0	8
Total	31,097	24	1,068
Hispanic	5,448	2	131
Not Hispanic	25,649	22	937

Describe the clients assisted (including the race and/or ethnicity of clients assisted with ESG).

	Number of clients
American Indian, Alaska Native, or Indigenous	14
Asian or Asian American	7
Black, African American, or African	639
Hispanic or Latina/e/o	15
Middle Eastern or North African	0
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	8
White	400
Multiracial	182
Client doesn't know	19
Client prefers not to answer	0
Data not collected	25
Total	1,309

The racial and ethnic composition of families assisted by CDD was generally in line with expectations for 2023. As anticipated, racial and ethnic minorities were significantly over-represented as compared to Whites, who comprise 76.1% of Madison's overall population.

Of those assisted by CDD in 2023, 66% were White, 29% were African American, 4% were Asian, and approximately 1% were American Indian, American Native, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander. In addition, approximately 17% were Hispanic. There were 4,672 persons served by federal funds that identified as Other/Multiple Race that are not counted in the chart above.

Identify the resources made available.

Sou	rce of Funds	Anticipated Total Resources Made Available During 2020-2024 Consolidated Plan	Amount Expended During 2023 Program Year
	CDBG	\$ 16,014,293	\$ 6,370,568
	HOME	16,120,070	3,236,545
	ESG	828,629	156,514
	City of Madison	8,259,615	7,067,924
Other	EHH (ESG / HAP / HPP)	791,380	751,525
Sources	Future Madison	22,622	22,622
	HCRI	462,932	164,708

In 2023, CDD used a diverse array of federal, state and local funds to support programs and projects across its three primary goal areas.

Identify the geographic distribution and location of investments.

Target Area	Planned Percentage of Allocation	Actual Percentage of Allocation	Narrative Description
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

CDD does not undertake geographic targeting, per se. Its approach to geographic allocation of funds is to support core service activities that address community-wide concerns while simultaneously focusing some resources on targeted high-needs neighborhoods. This system primarily benefited low- and moderate-income households (defined as those with incomes of less than 80% of the area median and hereafter referred to as LMI). CDD-funded activities occurred primarily in census tracts in which 51% or more of households met the HUD LMI standard of 80% or less of area median income.

Leveraging

Explain how federal funds leveraged additional resources (private, state and local funds), including a description of how matching requirements were satisfied, as well as how any publicly owned land or property located within the jurisdiction that were used to address the needs identified in the plan.

In 2023, CDD secured and put to use other public resources to address local community development priorities. In 2023, CDD was awarded the following State of Wisconsin funds:

- Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG)
- Homelessness Prevention Program (HPP)
- Housing Assistance Program (HAP)
- Housing Cost Reduction Initiative (HCRI)

During 2023, CDD worked with community agencies, neighborhood groups, private businesses and public sector partners to leverage additional community and neighborhood development resources. In many cases, CDD was the first agency to fund a project, thus helping to leverage additional public and private funds.

Federal resources from HUD leveraged City of Madison general purpose revenue (GPR) to support programs and projects throughout the City. Based on the priority given to neighborhood centers by local residents, the history of funding provided to homeless services, and the federal spending caps, the City continued to supplement key public service projects, with a particular focus on homelessness. The total City commitment to these CDD-funded activities amounted to roughly \$3.08 million in 2023. Besides investing in the operations and programming at neighborhood centers, the City has also begun to purchase properties

(with GPR) that will operate as future neighborhood centers in some of the City's targeted areas. The ownership of property to support the need for community space in neighborhoods is an expansion of the City's commitments to neighborhood centers.

In years where HOME funds were committed, the City of Madison seeks a match of 25% of granted funds from each sub-recipient agency or developer that receives HOME funds. In 2023, the City collected Match for a HOME-funded rental development and for HOME-funded homeownership loans administered by two of the City's sub-recipients. A total of \$412,377 was reported as a HOME Match contribution for 2023. For ESG projects, funded agencies were required to provide a one-for-one match. The City CDD provided the required match for ESG administrative funds. As noted above, a total of \$412,377 in HOME funds was matched by agencies, while \$156,514 in ESG Match funds was contributed from funds allocated by the State of Wisconsin.

Fiscal Year Summary - HOME Match Report

1. Excess match from prior Federal fiscal year	\$ 6,667,869
2. Match contributed during current Federal fiscal year	\$ 412,377
3. Total match available for current Federal fiscal year (Line 1 plus Line 2)	\$ 7,080,246
4. Match liability for current Federal fiscal year	\$ 1,225
5. Excess match carried over to next Federal fiscal year (Line 3 minus Line 4)	\$ 7,079,021

Match Contribution for the Federal Fiscal Year

Project No. or Other ID	Date of Contribution	Cash (non- Federal sources)	Foregone Taxes, Fees, Charges	Appraised Land / Real Property	Required Infrastructure	Site Preparation, Construction Materials, Donated labor	Bond Financing	Total Match
MOI BK187.22	03/14/23	\$ 11,000						\$ 11,000
MOI BK196.22	10/16/23	\$ 21,000						\$ 21,000
MOI DR034.20	10/25/21		\$ 141,404					\$ 141,404
Habitat BJ075.23	04/14/23	\$ 127,675						\$ 127,675
Habitat BJ076.23	06/23/23	\$ 111,298						\$ 111,298

HOME MBE/WBE report

Program Income

Enter the program amounts for the reporting period.

Balance on hand at beginning of reporting period	Amount received during reporting period	Total amount expended during reporting period	Amount expended for TBRA	Balance on hand at end of reporting period
\$ 3,326,118	\$ 584,109	\$ 1,933,951	\$ 0	\$ 1,976,276

Minority Business Enterprises and Women Business Enterprises

Indicate the number and dollar value of contracts for HOME projects completed during the reporting period.

			Minority Business	Enterpri	ses		
	Total	Alaskan Native or American Indian	Asian or Pacific Islander	Black Hispa		Hispanic	White Non-Hispanic
Contracts							
Number	1	0	0		0	0	1
Dollar Amount	\$ 11,515,300	\$ 0	\$ 0		\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 11,515,300
Sub-Contracts							
Number	44	0	0		0	3	41
Dollar Amount	\$ 8,728,006	\$ 0	\$ 0		\$ 0	\$ 919,152	\$ 7,808,854
	Total	Women B	usiness Enterprises			Male	
Contracts							
Number	1			0			1
Dollar Amount	\$ 11,515,300	\$ 0		\$ 11,515,300			
Sub-Contracts							
Number	44			11			33
Dollar Amount	\$ 8,728,006	·	\$ 1,675,062			\$ 7,052,944	

Minority Owners of Rental Property

Indicate the number of HOME assisted rental property owners and the total amount of HOME funds in these rental properties assisted.

		Minority Property Owners					
	Total	Alaskan Native or American Indian	Asian or Pacific Islander	Black Non-Hispanic	Hispanic	White Non- Hispanic	
Number	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Dollar Amount	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	

Relocation and Real Property Acquisition

Indicate the number of persons displaced, the cost of relocation payments, the number of parcels acquired, and the cost of acquisition.

Parcels Acquired				0		0
Businesses Displaced			0			0
Nonprofit Organization	ons Displaced	0		0		0
Households Tempora	arily Relocated, not Dis	placed	0		0	
Households			Minority Prope	rty Enterprises		White Non-
Displaced	Total	Alaskan Native or American Indian	Asian or Pacific Islander	Black Non-Hispanic	Hispanic	Hispanic
Number	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cost	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0

Evaluation of the jurisdiction's progress in providing affordable housing, including the number and types of families served, the number of extremely low-income, low-income, moderate-income, and middle-income persons served.

Number of Households

	One-Year Goal	Actual
Number of Homeless households to be provided affordable housing units	15	3
Number of Non-Homeless households to be provided affordable housing units	251	459
Number of Special-Needs households to be provided affordable housing units	6	8
Total	272	470

Number of Households Supported

	One-Year Goal	Actual
Number of households supported through Rental Assistance	15	3
Number of households supported through the Production of New Units	82	11
Number of households supported through Rehab of Existing Units	135	410
Number of households supported through Acquisition of Existing Units	40	46
Total	272	470

Discuss the difference between goals and outcomes and problems encountered in meeting these goals.

For 2023, differences between one-year goals and actual outcomes have to do primarily with the timing of large affordable housing development projects supported by the City's Affordable Housing Initiative in concert with Low-Income Housing Tax Credits. The City saw six completed developments that were funded through the Affordable Housing Initiative, which was indicative of project timelines previously delayed by pandemic supply-chain shortages in the development process. There are also four developments scheduled for completion in 2024 attributable to the pent-up demand for affordable housing in the tight Madison housing market.

Discuss how these outcomes will impact future annual action plans.

Units completed as part of AHI/LIHTC-supported projects in 2024 will be reflected in the City's 2024 CAPER. Future annual action plans will continue to incorporate LIHTC projects on a schedule that accurately reflects the number of awards provided in a given year and takes into account the latest construction timelines to ensure a more accurate estimate of likely outcomes. In 2024, CDD will continue to be aggressive at seeking out development proposals that can leverage federal and other non-governmental funding sources. Additionally, the City's Common Council has committed additional funding to the AHI, which will allow the City to increase the supply of development proposals that leverage funding sources other than tax credits. This should yield an increase in the number of assisted households in the 2024 and 2025 CAPERs, as CDD will be releasing RFPs for non-Tax Credit developments in 2024 and expects funds to be committed this calendar year.

Include the number of extremely low-income, low-income, and moderate-income persons served by each activity where information on income by family size is required to determine the eligibility of the activity.

Number of Persons Served

	CDBG Actual	HOME Actual
Extremely Low-income	107	10
Low-income	128	6
Moderate-income	122	9
Total	357	25

The City of Madison distributed its federal funds in ways which supported households across multiple income bands. Persons who were extremely low-income, low-income and moderate-income were served by the production, rehabilitation and acquisition of affordable homeowner, homebuyer and rental housing units in 2023, with HOME and CDBG beneficiaries being evenly dispersed across the three income levels. The table above includes CDBG figures that are significantly higher than in previous years. This is attributable to the City's awards of CDBG-funded CINH (Capital Improvements for Nonprofit-owned Housing) grants during 2023 to various affordable rental housing providers for the completion of rehabilitation work on existing rental projects, the majority of which have also been previously supported with HOME or other CDBG funding.

Discuss the jurisdiction's efforts to address "worst case needs", and progress in meeting the needs of persons with disabilities. (Worst-case housing needs are defined as low-income renter households who pay more than half of their income for rent, live in seriously substandard housing, which includes homeless people, or have been involuntarily displaced. The needs of persons with disabilities do not include beds in nursing homes or other service-centered facilities.)

In addition to the activities that specifically address impediments to fair housing (as described in section CR-35 of this report), CDD encourages new construction developments to submit proposals with universal design, increasing the number of income-and rent-restricted accessible units for persons with disabilities in the community. In housing developments that are funded by CDD and WHEDA Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTCs), the units are targeted to populations experiencing homelessness and in need of supportive services. Beyond the expansion of new units, CDD supports rehabilitation of units in the community to address substandard housing and increase housing quality for lower-income households; this includes rental and owner-occupied units. Non-profit housing developers that target households with disabilities are eligible and encouraged to apply.

CR-25 - Homeless and Other Special Needs

91.220(d, e); 91.320(d, e); 91.520(c)

Evaluate the jurisdiction's progress in meeting its specific objectives for reducing and ending homelessness through:

Reaching out to homeless persons (especially unsheltered persons) and assessing their individual needs.

The City of Madison, along with the Dane County Continuum of Care (CoC), created a Coordinated Entry process so that all literally homeless individuals receive a common needs assessment. The community uses the Vulnerability Index Service Prioritization Decision Assistance Tool (VI-SPDAT) designed by OrgCode Consulting, LLC. Additionally, the community uses the VI-SPDAT tools that are specific to families and to transition age youth to account for their unique needs. Staff at emergency shelters and the local day resource center for people experiencing homelessness are trained on completing the assessment. In addition, street outreach workers are trained in the assessment, and function as a mobile hub for connection to the Coordinated Entry System. Staff at the day resource center and outreach workers are in a key position to engage with people who are experiencing unsheltered homelessness. Trainings are provided regularly to ensure that staff providing coordinated entry functions are up to date on the assessment tool and community expectations. Assessments are done within 7-10 days of an individual or household experiencing literal homelessness and individuals or households are quickly placed on the CoC's Housing Priority List. All staff with coordinated entry duties ensure that assessments are entered into the Homeless Management Information System (HMIS) accurately. Dane CoC has added supplemental questions to the VI-SPDAT in order to gauge additional needs that may require a direct referral to local programs (i.e., victim service providers, Veterans Services). Based on feedback from providers, program participants, and information from other communities, the CoC, with leadership from the City of Madison, is engaged in a process to make changes to the Coordinated Entry System. A broad team of stakeholders, including people with lived experience, are meeting to review data and recommend changes. Currently, the CoC plans to implement a two-tiered assessment process. The first tier will assess all people accessing emergency shelter and street outreach programs using information gathered at program entry. Based on housing program availability, the people with highest scores in the tier one assessment will receive a full assessment. At this time, the CoC will use the VI-SPDAT. We will assess what changes the implementation of a tiered system has and then will work on creation of a full assessment tool. The goal is to create a more equitable trauma-informed process.

The City of Madison financially supports street outreach teams to reach out to unsheltered individuals to complete needs assessment and connect to shelter and other services. There is a bi-monthly outreach meeting, which brings together paid outreach as well as grass roots or faith-based volunteers who reach out to the unsheltered population. The purpose of the meetings is to ensure that individuals are connected to outreach services that meet their needs, share information and resources and develop connections to housing opportunities. Street outreach providers have worked together to identify the populations

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and geographic areas they serve in order to avoid duplication of services. Street outreach workers are collaborating and addressing immediate needs of this vulnerable population of people living on the streets.

> Addressing the emergency shelter and transitional housing needs of homeless persons.

The City of Madison supports the operations and case management at emergency shelters in the Dane CoC. The City assists shelters to ensure their programs are quickly assisting households to move into permanent housing. To do this, the City supports a variety of support services such as case management, job training, and rapid re-housing. The City reviews performance outcomes such as average length of stay (HUD Performance Measure 1) to ensure the shelters are high performing. All shelters must participate in Coordinated Entry and shelter providers meet bi-monthly to address concerns or improve services. To help support emergency shelters, the City supports the Day Resource Center, which can provide additional case management needs for homeless individuals. Shelter providers are engaged in ongoing evaluation of their shelter rules and polices looking for additional ways to make their facilities low barrier and housing focused.

The City is leading efforts to develop and construct a purpose-built men's shelter. City staff have engaged with community members, homeless service providers and shelter guests to learn about features and services they hope to see in a new facility. The City is working with the CoC to explore how to create a housing-focused shelter which may include co-location of existing services. The City will also be involved with the planned development of a purpose built-shelter to serve women and households with children.

The Dane CoC has decreased transitional housing stock, converting much of it to permanent housing. CoC funds are not used to support transitional housing. There are a few population-specific transitional housing programs in the CoC (veterans, families, fleeing domestic violence, single women). The City will support effective low-barrier transitional housing that is targeted to specific populations or transitional housing used specifically for bridge housing while a household waits for available permanent housing.

Helping low-income individuals and families avoid becoming homeless, especially extremely low-income individuals and families and those who are: likely to become homeless after being discharged from publicly funded institutions and systems of care (such as health care facilities, mental health facilities, foster care and other youth facilities, and corrections programs and institutions); and, receiving assistance from public or private agencies that address housing, health, social services, employment, education, or youth needs.

The City took the following actions funded with federal, state, and local funds, as outlined in the *Community Plan to End Homelessness for Dane County*:

- Provided support services to eliminate barriers that keep homeless persons from stable housing. Support services
 include case management, job coaching and employment searches, obtaining mainstream resources, advocating for
 alcohol and other drug treatment, accessing mental health services, providing assistance with childcare and parenting
 support, budget counseling and protective payees when warranted, accessing transportation, and learning how to
 communicate with landlords and neighbors.
- Provided safety net housing in the form of funds for staff and operations of emergency shelter until more permanent, stable housing can be obtained.
- Provided case management to homeless families to identify housing in an attempt to divert them from emergency shelter
- Provided an inventory of affordable housing through ESG- and State-funded rent subsidies that make existing housing affordable for formerly homeless families.
- Continued working with developers to create units with supportive services that are specifically for households experiencing homelessness.

Since the COVID pandemic and the acceptance of virtual meetings, the CoC has developed relationships at the State level to help prevent households from entering into homelessness. The CoC provides education to State agencies on services available within the CoC. Discussions are ongoing to identify areas of collaboration. The CoC has met one-on-one with representatives from Department of Health Services, Department of Corrections, Department of Public Instructions and Wisconsin Economic Development Authority (WHEDA). The Wisconsin CoCs and representatives from State agencies meet on a regular basis to discuss

needs and solutions for people experiencing homelessness. Wisconsin's Department of Health Services meets bi-monthly with the CoC's across the State. The group is exploring ways DHS-funded programs and homeless services can work together.

The Dane CoC was selected in Fall 2022 for HUD's Youth Homelessness Demonstration Project (YHDP) and was awarded nearly \$2.5 million. Through the planning process, the CoC is working with the Youth Action Board, child welfare agency and other youth providers/stakeholders. YHDP-funded providers are developing and implementing programming.

Healing House is a project operated by JustDane (formerly Madison-Area Urban Ministry) and provides medical respite services to households with children. The County Jail reentry staff work closely with the CoC in an attempt to avoid discharge into homelessness and make connections to Coordinated Entry as appropriate. The reentry staff are trained to administer the VI-SPDAT in order to quickly connect individuals. The CoC has a working relationship with the Employment and Training Network in order to proactively align homeless services with employment services.

The City's actions to prevent homelessness were accomplished by funding activities that included housing counseling and financial assistance in the form of rent in arrears and short-term rent subsidies to help tenants maintain their housing. COVID-response funds have been instrumental in the efforts to prevent homelessness. Services included the following prevention activities:

- short-term rent subsidies;
- rent payments; and
- housing mediation with landlords and tenants who are being evicted, in order to prevent eviction.

The City provides funding for diversion practices into the homeless services system. Households who had a safe place to stay, but needed support to do so, are offered financial and support services. The CoC believes that shelter space should be available to those who have no other safe alternatives. If a household has a safe space to be, the CoC will support that and provide assistance to secure permanent housing. As diversion services are implemented, we see that some households are obtaining permanent housing without ever needing to enter the emergency shelter.

Helping homeless persons (especially chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth) make the transition to permanent housing and independent living, including shortening the period of time that individuals and families experience homelessness, facilitating access for homeless individuals and families to affordable housing units, and preventing individuals and families who were recently homeless from becoming homeless again.

The CoC provides shelter case management/outreach services to people experiencing homelessness with the purpose of assisting with the transition to permanent housing and independent living. The services provided are housing-focused to shorten the length of time that people experience homelessness. In addition, the CoC uses Rapid Re-housing, Permanent Supportive Housing and other permanent housing opportunities to transition people quickly into housing units. These resources provide entry cost assistance and ongoing rental assistance. There are numerous housing programs in the CoC that provide varying levels of support services in order to assist households to maintain their housing and avoid reentering homelessness. This is done through connection to natural supports, connection to neighborhood resources and accessing employment and mainstream resources.

The CoC received ESG-CV funds and used some of these funds to expand Rapid Re-housing projects for both single adults and households with children. These funds allowed the CoC to not only expand the number of Rapid Re-housing slots available in the community, but also expand the number of agencies providing this service.

The CoC partnered with the Community Development Authority and Dane County Housing Authority to administer Emergency Housing Vouchers. The community was awarded a total of 114 vouchers. Approximately half of the vouchers were used for people currently in Permanent Supportive Housing or Rapid Re-housing who are ready to "move-on". The remaining vouchers were used for people experiencing homelessness. People with disabilities were prioritized for this resource as they may have limited opportunities to increase income to obtain and maintain housing. All vouchers have been distributed and households have found housing.

In looking at System Performance Measures, the CoC has seen changes that are related to hardships and to resources from the COVID-19 pandemic. Since last fiscal year, the CoC has seen a small increase in the number of people becoming homeless for the first time. Fifty-two percent of adult stayers increased their income which represents an increase from last fiscal year. There was a decrease in adult leavers who increased their income (36% had an increase There is a continued decrease in the length of time

people experience homelessness. When households exit to permanent housing, about 26% of them are returning to homelessness after two years which remained steady from last fiscal year. Successful exits from street outreach continue to increase (43% of exits were successful), while successful exits from other program types decreased. The CoC continues to work on ways to prevent returns to homelessness and increase exits to permanent housing. When households enter permanent housing, we see that 90% of them either maintain that housing or move to other permanent housing.

If a housing situation is not working for a household, the agencies within the CoC work together with the household to identify housing opportunities that might work better. The community recognizes that ending homelessness is the responsibility of all agencies. Relationship building among agency staff will assist in collaboration and coordination of services.

CR-30 - Public Housing

91.220(h); 91.320(j)

Actions taken to address the needs of public housing.

The Community Development Division (CDD) and the City's Community Development Authority (CDA) continued their successful collaboration on initiatives aimed at both increasing the number and improving the quality of affordable housing units available in the City of Madison. In 2023, efforts remained focused on five ongoing initiatives:

- 1. Reinforcing neighborhood revitalization goals through strategic use of place-based housing choice vouchers.
- 2. Aligning both place-based vouchers and public housing residency with employment and training, and other services to support increased self-sufficiency.
- 3. Combining resources to create housing opportunities for the City's most vulnerable citizens, particularly the chronically homeless.
- 4. Combining resources aimed at rehabilitating and modernizing existing PHA units to provide quality, safe and healthy homes for households.
- 5. Creating homeownership opportunities for individuals with housing choice vouchers, in collaboration with community partners who provide needed supportive resources.

Actions taken to encourage public housing residents to become more involved in management and participate in homeownership.

In 2023, CDD and CDA continued to collaborate on programs and services supporting households' access to homeownership opportunities. The CDA's Mosaic Ridge Project, designed to assist first-time homebuyers at a variety of incomes with purchase of single-family homes as part of the Allied Neighborhood re-development plan, is one such example. CDD partners with CDA to support individuals with Housing Choice Vouchers convert from renter to owner. The CDA currently assists 38 households with their mortgage payments, almost all of whom received down payment assistance through CDD.

Actions taken to provide assistance to troubled PHAs.

Existing PHA operations are strong and required no assistance during the program year.

CR-35 - Other Actions

91.220(j)-(k); 91.320(i)-(j)

Actions taken to remove or ameliorate the negative effects of public policies that serve as barriers to 91.220 (j); 91.320 (i) affordable housing such as land use controls, tax policies affecting land, zoning ordinances, building codes, fees and charges, growth limitations, and policies affecting the return on residential investment.

In 2017, the City began to administer an ordinance to provide a waiver to the Park Impact Fee for affordable housing development projects, requiring land use restriction agreements to ensure long-term housing affordability. This change removed this costbarrier to the development of affordable housing.

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The City also continued its commitment to the Affordable Housing Initiative (AHI), originally launched in 2014. The AHI was designed to strategically commit City funds in successfully leveraging federal Low-Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTCs) for affordable rental housing projects. The City's AHI originally set a goal to add 200 of rental units each year, for a five-year period. The City has exceeded that goal, adding 2,183 units at-or-under 60% AMI over the ten-year program period, for total unit creation of 2,783. Additional funds have been committed in the capital budget to build upon the success of the initiative, and represent approximately \$20 million in City funding alone for the 2024 capital budget.

In addition to successfully leveraging LIHTC benefits, the City continues to work with eligible projects to access additional gap financing through Tax Incremental Financing (TIF), leveraging additional financial support for affordable housing development. In 2020, the City released a Request for Proposals (RFP) for Affordable Housing Funds to entertain smaller and "missing middle" housing developments from developers not seeking federal LIHTCs. This RFP was re-released in 2022, and will see the third consecutive award cycle in 2024. While the first commitment of Affordable Housing Funds for a non-tax credit project was made in 2019, these projects are now awarded through a regular, competitive process to support smaller-scale development.

In addition to the above, over the past two years alone, the City of Madison has directly addressed regulatory barriers to affordable housing, including:

- Removal of the "protest petition", which had previously allowed small groups of adjacent property owners a tool to require a super-majority vote of the City's governing body for rezoning of any parcel.
- An in-progress zoning ordinance revision to allow mixed-use developments by right in purely residential districts, so long as both uses in a mixed-use building are otherwise permitted.
- Adjusting thresholds between conditional and permitted uses in all mixed-use and multifamily zoning districts, increasing allowable heights and unit counts by-right, especially benefiting missing-middle development types.
- Creating a new "mission camp" zoning district, allowing by-right housing for individual shelter structures (portable housing) within the City that provide increased housing options for persons experiencing homelessness.
- Creating a new "tiny house village" zoning district, which allows tiny house villages and Conestoga-style homes as a permitted use. These villages were previously heavily scrutinized through a Planned Development process and provide higher-density infill living options for persons exiting homelessness.
- Allowing accessory dwelling units (ADUs) to be permitted by-right on any residentially zoned parcel with a single-family home (as long as either the home or ADU is owner-occupied).
- An in-progress zoning update that will further relax ADU policies, allowing them on a wider variety of property types and ownership structures.
- Proactively upzoning parcels within the Oscar Mayer and Odana Area plans, removing the barrier of rezoning from redevelopment of these well-connected sites. Through these proactive rezonings, up to 4,000 new housing units could potentially be built by-right.
- Implementing a new "Area Planning Framework", which comprehensively covers the entire City over a 10-year period. This new framework carefully assesses changes to Future Land Use categories (and what types of development are possible on particular parcels). Proactive rezoning has become a regular component of the Area Plan Framework, and areas ready for proactive rezoning are identified directly within the planning process.
- Implemented a Bus Rapid Transit Overlay zoning district, which could significantly increase allowable heights as a permitted use in areas within ¼ mile of the City's East-West BRT line (opening in 2024), and any other transit line with at least 15-minute service.
- Updating the "family" definition in the zoning code to create equality between renters and owners in regard to the number of people legally allowed to occupy single-family homes, removing discriminatory barriers that could lead to enforcement actions against renters with multiple roommates.
- A zoning code update that allows for additional stories in downtown residential development so land as 50% of the additional square footage created through additional stories is income- and rent-restricted affordable housing. This zoning code overlay is being considered for expansion, where strict height limits are not in place.

The City's Housing Strategy Committee has been tasked with providing a report to the Common Council on impediments
to increased housing production, especially focused on increasing affordable housing activity. This report will detail
other strategies that the City will pursue to continue to address housing need.

Actions taken to address obstacles to meeting underserved needs.

91.220(k); 91.320(j)

During 2023, the City of Madison's Community Development Division (CDD) undertook a variety of actions to address obstacles to meeting the needs of underserved persons and households. The Division partnered with area nonprofits, businesses, funders, the Homeless Services Consortium, and the Madison Metropolitan School District to identify community needs, refine priorities, and discuss ways to eliminate barriers to addressing identified needs.

CDD staff continued its use of the City's Neighborhood Indicators program as part of its community development research, strategy development and implementation efforts, and uses this data to inform its Site & Neighborhood Standards at a granular level. With ten years of information to draw from, the Neighborhood Indicators data has been instrumental in identifying particular characteristics of neighborhoods on which the Division can strategically target its resources.

The City has continued to expand the activities under its Racial Equity and Social Justice Initiative (RESJI), with a focus on integrating racial equity and social justice strategies within the City's budget and policy decision-making processes, especially those processes which are intended to address the housing policies described in the previous question.

In 2023, CDD staff continued to serve on various committees throughout the Madison area as part of a broad effort to develop strategies to address the needs of local underserved populations. Examples of such groups and committees include the City's Neighborhood Resource Teams, the Homeless Services Consortium, the Allied Task Force, Food Policy Committee, and the Home Buyers Round Table.

CDD staff continued work with members of the City's Planning and Building Inspection Divisions, as well as with members from the City's Community Development Authority to hold a staff committee designed to implement strategies and define metrics called out in the City's 2019 Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice (AI) report.

Actions taken to reduce lead-based paint hazards.

91.220(k); 91.320(j)

The City continued to implement lead paint hazard control activities into its HUD-funded activities. The City-County Public Health Department and City Building Inspection Division continued to coordinate implementation of a local ordinance designed to reduce lead paint removal and dust hazards to neighbors. The City notifies all homeowners with identified lead paint deficiencies of the availability of low-interest installment loans and deferred payment loans for rehabilitation (available to LMI households) to assist in remediation.

CDD continued to enforce regulations on lead paint hazards, and the City encountered no difficulties in complying with these regulations. The Division requires a lead hazard inspection for all CDD-assisted residential properties built before 1978. These inspections were scheduled and paid for by CDD.

Actions taken to reduce the number of poverty-level families.

91.220(k); 91.320(j)

Activities administered by the Community Development Division (CDD) concentrate on initiatives designed to improve the quality of life and expand access and opportunities to the City's residents in greatest need of housing and services. Specifically, CDD works to expand decent and affordable housing opportunities, create strong and vibrant neighborhoods, and expand economic opportunities for low- and moderate-income individuals throughout the community.

The Division continued to implement three major strategies to help reduce poverty within the City of Madison. These include:

Access to information

Marketing information about available resources to poverty-level households.

• Resource coordination

Ensuring that CDD-funded housing assistance programs are proactively linked to other resources needed by people living in poverty.

City resources

Improving the City of Madison's CDD-based resource delivery systems to be more responsive to people living in poverty.

In 2023, CDD continued its intensive review of all funding priorities and strategies in the Division. The goal of this process, known as Results Madison, is to ensure CDD is held accountable for performance-based budgeting and provides baseline data measures for the City. Once baseline data measures are established, CDD will be able to track the effectiveness of funding from various sources and how the impact of these funds can reduce the number of poverty-level families. The Results Madison process concluded in 2018, and the outcome has helped to inform how the entire Division prioritizes its budgeting. There is now more clarity regarding what the Division funds, and the City and federally funded funding objectives are clearly represented under one of five Division goals.

Actions taken to develop institutional structure.

91.220(k); 91.320(j)

During 2023, CDD continued to refine and revise its programs, create efficiencies, and improve service delivery. A major undertaking in 2020-21 was the continuation of greater coordination between the Community Development Division and Economic Development Division, which has allowed CDD to better capitalize on staff expertise when reviewing applications for financial assistance through the AHI. Furthermore, CDD also continued to enhance its coordination with the City's Planning Division. The Planning Division includes CDD staff in preliminary land use application discussions with applicants contemplating affordable housing, enhancing work product and improving efficiencies. As mentioned above, CDD also took the lead in coordinating an interagency housing staff team that will work to identify and implement strategies identified in the 2019 *Analysis of Impediments* to lower barriers to fair housing choice.

On a broader City level, CDD staff continued to play an active (and often leading) role in the City's Neighborhood Resource Teams. These inter-departmental teams are comprised of City staff from departments that play a key role in City neighborhoods with high levels of poverty. Among the key City partners are the Building Inspection Division, the Police and Fire Departments, as well as the CDBG and Community Resources units within CDD. Division staff also participated alongside other City agencies on the Equity Core Team, a group tasked with developing an "equity lens" the City uses as part of its policymaking and budgeting decision-making processes. The Equity Core Team provides foundational staff leadership and support for the City's Racial Equity and Social Justice Initiative (RESJI).

Actions taken to enhance coordination between public and private housing and social service agencies.

91.220(k); 91.320(j)

In addition to its 2023 organizational initiatives, CDD worked with its community partners to plan, develop, and invest in proven and innovative projects that contributed to the priorities and objectives established by the CDBG Committee, Mayor, Common Council, and city residents.

The Division continued its collaborative efforts with other local funders in an effort to overcome gaps in institutional structures and enhance coordination of community development efforts. Among the local funders with whom CDD staff worked were WHEDA, United Way, the Dane Workforce Housing Fund, and Dane County Human Services. The City has held new events to deepen connections between service and housing providers, reimagining and reinstituting annual in-person networking events that were held prior to the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic. The structure of these networking events remains designed to connect developers with supportive service providers. In addition, Division staff continued working with local coalitions, including the Homeless Services Consortium, Third Sector Housing, neighborhood center executive directors, and the Home Buyers Round Table.

CDD continued its strong collaboration with community organizations to enhance and expand efforts to address homeless issues. In 2023, these efforts included acting as applicant, contract administrator and fiscal agent for State EHH funds (Emergency Solutions Grant, Housing Assistance Program, and Homeless Prevention Program) on behalf of the local consortium of homeless prevention agencies. CDD also served formally as collaborative applicant for the Madison/Dane County Homeless Assistance Program and is the lead agency for the Youth Homelessness Demonstration Program, a process that involves extensive coordination with community organizations. In addition, CDD staff provided necessary environmental reviews for local agencies receiving Continuum of Care contracts for rental assistance directly from HUD.

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The City's Community Development and Planning Divisions have now annually published the collaborative Housing Snapshot report to establish reliable metrics against which to measure the City's progress in overcoming barriers and impediments to housing choice identified in the AI. This report includes current data on the City's housing data, with a focus on trends and socioeconomic disparities experienced by various racial and ethnic groups. The housing report identifies supply and demand issues in both the market and affordable housing sectors; the primary challenges affecting the overall housing market; and highlights the impact of local initiatives on housing within the City. The report will continue to be updated annually to illustrate market trends and demographic shifts, and provides a resource that all City agencies and staff can rely on for consistent data related to housing. New data is continually added as considerations regarding in which ways the City can better inform community and deeper connections to overcoming impediments.

Identify actions taken to overcome the effects of any impediments identified in the jurisdiction's analysis of impediments to fair housing choice.

91.520(a)

In 2023, the City continued to work with its public and private community partners to fund and implement a wide range of affordable housing development projects, downpayment assistance programs, homebuyer education and financial literacy programs, and fair housing education and enforcement programs. The City's efforts to address impediments focused principally on actions to increase the supply of rental housing, increase the number of affordable housing options within the City, and mitigate spatial impediments.

More specifically, the City took the following steps in 2023 to address the five categories of impediments to fair housing identified in the 2019 AI:

(1) Actions to Address Supply Impediments

- Worked with developers to move forward projects awarded both City Affordable Housing Funds and WHEDA Low-Income
 Housing Tax Credits (LIHTCs). These projects will increase the supply of the rental housing stock in Madison. Each project
 contains a set number of units, generally 85% of total units that are income- and rent-restricted for affordability.
- Continued to offer a point scoring preference for funding requests that include affordable housing units with a greater number of bedrooms.
- Instituted Tenant Selection and Screening Criteria standards that remove barriers to accessing housing for those who would otherwise be good tenants, expanding the supply available to residents with previous barriers to accessing housing opportunities.

(2) Actions to Alleviate Affordability Impediments

- Collaborated with stakeholders throughout the City in preparation for the AI and Consolidated Plan public input processes to encourage the inclusion of agencies focusing on assisting low- and very low-income residents.
- Worked with and staffed the City's Housing Strategy Committee, to evaluate the impacts of the housing market on various racial and ethnic groups, as part of the City's annual Housing Snapshot report.
- Increased the minimum period of affordability for City Affordable Housing Funds to 40 years to promote longer-term affordability, and created financial programs within the AHI to incentivize permanent periods of affordability, which have no end term.

(3) Actions to Alleviate Financial Impediments

- Provided funding for homebuyer education with specific marketing to minorities and low-income households. Implemented Spanish-language homebuyer education classes to overcome language impediments.
- Continued to provide downpayment assistance to low- and moderate-income homebuyers.
- Supported post-purchase education to improve the ownership experience through participation in the Home Buyers Roundtable.
- Encouraged local lenders to Affirmatively Further Fair Housing through direct communication with lenders and through participation in the Home Buyers Roundtable.

(4) Actions to Alleviate Spatial Impediments

- Addressed and resisted neighborhood opposition to affordable housing through the active participation of City staff in neighborhood meetings, Plan Commission meetings, and Common Council meetings.
- Collaborated with staff of the Community Development Authority, Economic Development Division, Planning Division, Building Inspection Division, and with WHEDA to prioritize for new units, neighborhoods that are well located with key amenities and without concentrations of low-income households.
- Collaborated with staff of the Economic Development and Planning Divisions on the City's forthcoming AI and annual Housing Snapshot reports.
- Prioritized for City Affordable Housing funding projects that are located along major transit corridors.
- Continued to enhance our Affordable Housing Targeted Areas map to ensure that funding for additional income-restricted units met one of two criteria: (1) does not further concentrate low-income households in areas with higher rates of poverty or concentrations of existing subsidized housing units, or (2) provides long-term affordable housing opportunities in areas that have been subject to gentrification and displacement pressures.

(5) Actions to Alleviate Administrative Impediments

- Staffed an interagency staff team to foster increased collaboration and coordination around affordable housing among City departments and divisions.
- Ensured Department of Civil Rights evaluated and enhanced the procedure process for Fair Housing Complaints.
- Actively sought women and people of color to serve on the City's CDBG Committee. The committee now includes four people of color and six women.

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Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice

(1) Race & Ethnicity Impediments

- Moderate to high racial segregation in areas of the City may indicate barriers to geographic housing choice by race/ethnicity.
- Lack of affordably priced units with 3+ bedrooms in specific neighborhoods, especially in neighborhoods with larger Populations
 of Color.
- Segregation by race/ethnicity within ELI/VLI households shows potential housing discrimination or other barriers for equal
- Disproportionately higher levels of eviction in neighborhoods with higher populations of Persons of Color disproportionately impact future housing choice.
- Black/African American individuals and families enter homelessness at a greater rate than other households in the same economic condition, indicating greater levels of housing instability.
- Lack of access/opportunity for economic mobility in areas that are concentrations of Households of Color, and/or poverty directly impede affordable housing opportunity for Households of Color.
- Increasing owner-occupied sales prices in areas that are already moderate- to high-income can exclude lower-income households that are disproportionately Households of Color.
- Extreme disparities in rates of incarceration by race/ethnicity directly impede future housing opportunity, furthering wage gaps and segregation in the City.

(2) Age Impediments

- Lack of assisted housing options for current and future aging populations.
- Lack of enough units within neighborhood interiors for current and future aging populations to downsize.

(3) Disability Impediments

- Black/African American households have greater need for accessible units.
- Lack of accessible units/units with services to accommodate increase in current and future aging populations, especially those with disabilities.
- Lack of affordable accessible units disproportionately affects low-income populations, who are more likely to have a household member with a disability.

(4) Income/Affordability Impediments

- Continued lack of supply of lower-rent units creates persistent affordability mismatch and high levels of cost-burden for lower-income households.
- Lack of affordable units disproportionately affect Households of Color, who have a disproportionately higher need for lower-rent units due to cost burden and income disparities.
- Lack of mixed-income neighborhood housing options may perpetuate economic and racial segregation.
- Low labor force participation in some lower-income Census Tracts that display high access to employment opportunities demonstrates a skills mismatch among employers and the potential employees that they are located near.
- Owner-occupied home prices rising faster than incomes in the City, creating a growing income barrier to homeownership.
- Lack of owner-occupied housing stock affordable to low- and very-low income households may perpetuate economic and racial segregation.
- Lack of supply of rental units priced affordably for moderate- to high-income households may "squeeze" the housing market.

(5) Housing Stock Impediments

- Lack of new construction of affordable homeownership options, coupled with decline in single-family attached and condo construction activity, may lead to increased cost of ownership disproportionately affecting lower-income households.
- Little to no rental housing available in specific neighborhoods limits housing choice and opportunity, and lack of supply of units disproportionately impacts lower-income households.
- Areas with few "missing middle" housing types, especially areas mostly consisting of single-family detached homes, exclude
 groups more likely to be renters rather than homeowners, and limit options to age-in-place.
- Lack of affordable owner-occupied and rental housing stock in West Madison creates geographic segregation.
- Lack of affordable rental housing in moderate- to high-income areas may perpetuate economic and racial segregation.

Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice, continued

(6) Lending Impediments

- Pronounced disparity in lending patterns by race/ethnicity, even for high-income Households of Color.
- Mortgage lending denial rates, primarily for reasons of credit history, create racial disparities in ownership.
- Lack of affordable housing in established moderate to higher-income neighborhoods with high concentrations of owner-occupied housing stock effectively serves as a barrier to homeownership in the City.

(7) Education Impediments

- Unequal access to higher-achieving public schools influences students' long-term earning potential.
- Lower high school completion rates impact earning potential of individuals by race/ethnicity, disability status, and childhood household income.

(8) Public Impediments

- Difficult for tenants to file housing discrimination complaints with City and City-contracted agencies results in low numbers of fair housing complaints.
- · State law preempts City's ability to post notice of available tenant resources and rights in rental buildings.
- Lack of frequent transit service in specific areas with higher than average concentrations of low-income households limits mobility of lower-income residents.
- High land costs make it difficult to develop multifamily affordable rental in higher-income areas.
- Many housing types are conditional instead of permitted uses in Madison's Zoning Ordinance, creating administrative restrictions and barriers to accessibility and affordability.
- Zoning ordinance restricts the number and density of housing units that can be created in established neighborhoods.

(9) <u>Legislative Impediments</u>

- State landlord-tenant law currently allows 5-day, no-cure eviction notice for suspicions of criminal activity, with current eviction patterns shown to be more likely in Communities of Color.
- Frequent state law changes impacting tenant rights makes it difficult for the City and City-contracted agencies to educate tenants of changes to law.
- State law preempts City's ability to implement solutions to affordable housing shortage common in other states, such as rent control, inclusionary zoning, etc.
- State law prohibits City's ability to raise minimum wage to a prevailing or living wage.
- State law limits municipalities from conducting regular housing inspections of rental properties and from requiring landlord registration.

CDD also continued its partnership with the Fair Housing Center of Greater Madison, ensuring fair housing testing and enforcement services, as well as training sessions to educate private property owners and managers about fair housing laws and best practices for tenant screening and management.

CDD submitted its *Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice* report (AI) toward the end of 2019, and this report will be used going forward to track the City's progress toward alleviating identified impediments to fair housing choice. CDD analyzed updated fair housing data to inform the recommendations for the updated AI.

The full version of the most recently adopted AI study is available online at https://www.cityofmadison.com/dpced/community-development/reports

CR-40 - Monitoring

91.220; 91.230

Describe the standards and procedures used to monitor activities carried out in furtherance of the plan and used to ensure long-term compliance with requirements of the programs involved, including minority business outreach and the comprehensive planning requirements.

Throughout 2023, contracted agencies were required to submit regular monthly or quarterly program activity, financial, and contract compliance reports. This information was used to monitor program activity and contract compliance with all regulations, including administrative, financial, and programmatic operations. Timely expenditure of funds was a component of these monitoring activities. In addition, the reported accomplishment data was used to determine trends, re-evaluate scopes of services, and provide assistance to agencies in addressing barriers to meeting their goals. Staff conducted desk reviews of Annual

Rent Reports and provided substantial technical assistance on an array of issues typical of HOME-assisted rental projects. These included when and how to "float" units, ensuring proper documentation of income, ensuring rents were below rent limits including utility allowances, ensuring appropriate lease language, and advising on ongoing compliance for projects with multiple sources of funding (e.g., HOME & LIHTC, HOME & Section 811, etc.). Staff found very few issues to follow up on during the 2023 desk reviews. A HOME waiver was requested for onsite monitoring of client files and physical inspections of buildings.

The Community Development Grants Supervisor oversaw a risk assessment system for all projects under contract. Each contract manager completed and submitted risk assessment forms that were subsequently reviewed by the Grants Supervisor to identify any high-risk projects. Those were submitted to Baker Tilly for the City's Single Audit review.

In 2023, desk monitoring was completed for all EHH contracts and monitoring of client files was expanded for EHH contracts that also received ESG and City funds for homeless services. CDD continued to monitor project progress through reimbursement requests and periodic discussions with subrecipient contract managers, and when appropriate, provided technical assistance to ensure compliance with HUD and other funding requirements.

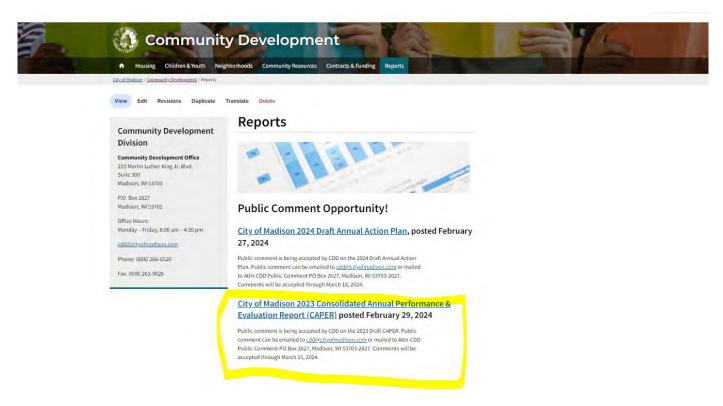
The Community Development Grants Supervisor routinely receives and reviews IDIS reports such as the PR02 (Activity Report), to ensure the City's compliance with HUD requirements regarding the timeliness of grant disbursements.

Citizen Participation Plan

91.105(d); 91.115(d)

Describe the efforts to provide citizens with reasonable notice and an opportunity to comment on performance reports.

The City of Madison's draft CAPER was posted on the City's website on Thursday, February 29, 2024, along with instructions about how to provide input on the document. (Below is a screenshot of that posting.) In addition, options to provide public comment on the report were offered at the 3/7/2024 CDBG Committee meeting. This meeting was publicly noticed on the City's Legistar system and posted in public spaces within Madison's City-County Building. Public comment was accepted for 15 business days, through March 15, 2024. No public comment was received during this period.



CR-45 - CDBG 91.520(c)

Specify the nature of, and reasons for, any changes in the jurisdiction's program objectives and indications of how the jurisdiction would change its programs as a result of its experiences.

The City of Madison CDD made no significant changes to its program objectives from its adopted 2023 Action Plan. A review of the year's accomplishments and ongoing community needs has led to a decision to continue in 2023 to focus on the development of new units of affordable housing and permanent supportive housing; place emphasis on homelessness prevention, diversion, street outreach, shelter and case management; and continue to support neighborhood centers in their role as focal points for community development and support.

Does this Jurisdiction have any open Brownfields Economic Development Initiative (BEDI) grants?

No.

CR-50 - HOME 91.520(d)

Include the results of on-site inspections of affordable rental housing assisted under the program to determine compliance with housing codes and other applicable regulations.

Please list those projects that should have been inspected on-site this program year based upon the schedule in 24 CFR 92.504(d). Indicate which of these were inspected and a summary of issues that were detected during the inspection. For those that were not inspected, please indicate the reason and how you will remedy the situation.

To ensure compliance with the City of Madison Minimum Housing Codes for rental properties, a sample of HOME-assisted rental units is inspected every three years in accordance with 24 CFR 92.504(d). For rental projects that were completed during the program year, 100% of the units were inspected before initial occupancy and then again within one year of completion.

For 2023 inspections, CDD enacted a Memorandum of Agreement with the City of Madison's Building Inspection (BI) Division. BI inspected 43 (or 12%) of the HOME (and NSP) rental units in the City's portfolio that are within their current period of affordability. (The City has a total 624 HOME and NSP rental units, including 236 that are outside the period of affordability, and thus do not require inspections.) Results of the inspections were routine, with no major compliance concerns noted. Included among the findings were items such as malfunctioning stovetop burners, damaged bathroom ventilation fans, broken light switches and outlets, loose door and cabinetry hinges, peeling paint on the walls and ceilings, and missing or malfunctioning smoke or CO detectors. Ninety-seven of the units inspected were fully in compliance with both Housing Quality Standards and City of Madison Minimum Housing Codes, and required no re-inspections.

The following table lists all the units that were inspected for 2023. Of the 43 units scheduled for inspection, 19 (44%) required re-inspection, all of which are complete. Of note, more units were inspected than were necessary from the unexpected shifting around of units in the previous two years due to COVID-19 and the unintended duplication of units inspected at the same properties in 2023.

HOME Units Inspected During 2023

Agency/Owner	Project	# of Units Inspected
Common Wealth Development	CWD Leland Drive RA/Rehab	2
Future Madison/Meridian	FM Eastpointe	7
Future Madison/Meridian	FM Northpoint Renovation (NP II)	3
Movin' Out, Inc.	MOI MacArthur Road (RA 2007)	2
Movin' Out, Inc.	MOI Stonebridge (RA 2008)	8
Movin' Out, Inc.	MOI Harbor House	7
Movin' Out, Inc.	MOI The Ace Apartments	11
The Road Home (c/o Meridian)	TRH Housing & Hope Phase I	3

The City of Madison's HOME written agreement requires agencies to submit an Affirmative Marketing Plan for developments containing five or more HOME-assisted units and obtain approval from CDD prior to marketing or leasing any HOME-assisted unit(s). CDD staff monitored the implementation of this requirement as part of a rental development project checklist. CDD staff also manages a comprehensive long-term compliance program for HOME-assisted rental housing projects, which includes monitoring ongoing affirmative marketing efforts as part of annual on-site and desk reviews. During annual desk reviews, agencies are required to provide evidence to support that the agency followed its Affirmative Marketing Plan in the form of advertisements, email lists, flyers, etc. During annual on-site reviews, agencies are also required to submit a demographic summary of assisted units to demonstrate adequate results of affirmative marketing efforts.

In an analysis of CDD's 2023 rental portfolio, 49% of heads of household self-reported their race or ethnicity as being non-white. CDD conducted this analysis on all CDD federally assisted units, which includes mostly HOME-assisted units, plus a smaller number of NSP- and CDBG-assisted units. By comparison, the total population of non-white renter households in the City of Madison with incomes at or below 80% CMI is 29.8% (HUD-CHAS Data 2015-2019).

These beneficiary data summaries continue to indicate that participants in most HOME-assisted projects reflect a broad diversity of demographic characteristics and a reasonable conclusion that affirmative marketing efforts have been successful. CDD continuously looks for ways to expand affirmative marketing efforts, promote outreach and market to target populations, and closely monitors results.

As part of its efforts to affirmatively market homeownership assistance and homebuyer education, CDD maintains literature on available programs in English, Spanish and Hmong. Staff works with area HUD-approved counseling agencies to coordinate and support financial education programs to targeted neighborhoods. Information on these classes and programs are marketed through various sources, such as social media, newspaper ads and newsletters, and through continuous efforts from staff to contribute to community-based organizations committed to assisting LMI households to obtain housing and associated education.

Refer to IDIS reports to describe the amount and use of program income for projects, including the number of projects and owner and tenant characteristics.

HOME Program Income Expenditures by Project

Agency	Project #	Project Name H		Income Level	Household Size	Race
City CDD	AA648.22	DPL Loan: 1650 Sunfield St	\$22,578.20	51-60% AMI	2	Black/African American
City CDD	AA633.22	DPL Loan: 1402 Packers Ave	\$25,314.58	31-50% AMI	6	Black/African American
City CDD	AA637.22	DPL Loan: 2857 Commercial Ave	\$24,720.76	51-60% AMI	1	White
City CDD	AA636.22	DPL Loan: 3925 Rockwell Dr	DPL Loan: 3925 Rockwell Dr \$20,377.00 31-50		3	White
City CDD	AA622.22	DPL Loan: 33 Bradford Ln \$12,740.66 5		51-60% AMI	1	White
Habitat for Humanity of Dane County	BJ075.23	Habitat Housing: 1853 Beld St \$34		31-50% AMI	5	White
Habitat for Humanity of Dane County	BJ076.23	Habitat Housing: 1855 Beld St \$34		31-50% AMI	5	White
Movin' Out, Inc.	DR034.20	MOI Red Caboose (The Andre) Rental Housing \$1,329,562 Development Unit # 200 (all 11 units		0-30% AMI	1	White
Movin' Out, Inc.	DR034.20	MOI Red Caboose/The Andre Rental Housing Development Unit # 206 (see above		0-30% AMI	2	Black/African American
Movin' Out, Inc.	DR034.20	MOI Red Caboose/The Andre Rental Housing Development Unit # 212 (see above)		0-30% AMI	3	White
Movin' Out, Inc.	DR034.20	MOI Red Caboose/The Andre Rental Housing Development Unit # 220	(see above)	0-30% AMI	2	Black/African American

Agency	Project #	Project Name HOME PI Funds		Income Level	Household Size	Race
Movin' Out, Inc.	DR034.20	MOI Red Caboose/The Andre Rental Housing Development Unit # 300	(see above)	0-30% AMI	1	Black/African American
Movin' Out, Inc.	DR034.20	MOI Red Caboose/The Andre Rental Housing Development Unit # 317	(see above)	0-30% AMI	1	White
Movin' Out, Inc.	DR034.20	MOI Red Caboose/The Andre Rental Housing Development Unit # 318	(see above)	31-50% AMI	2	White
Movin' Out, Inc.	DR034.20	MOI Red Caboose/The Andre Rental Housing Development Unit # 401	(see above)	0-30% AMI	1	Other Multi-racial
Movin' Out, Inc.	DR034.20	MOI Red Caboose/The Andre Rental Housing Development Unit # 403	(see above)	0-30% AMI	1	White
Movin' Out, Inc.	DR034.20	MOI Red Caboose/The Andre Rental Housing Development Unit # 404	(see above)	0-30% AMI	1	White/ Hispanic
Movin' Out, Inc.	DR034.20	MOI Red Caboose/The Andre Rental Housing Development Unit # 415 (see above) 0-30% AMI		0-30% AMI	1	Black/African American
Movin' Out, Inc.	BK187.22	MO Homeownership: 2222 Packers Ave \$58,812.00		51-60% AMI	3	Black/African American & White
Movin' Out, Inc.	BK192.22	MO Homeownership: 2256 N Rusk Ave	\$33,365.00	61-80% AMI	1	White
Movin' Out, Inc.	BK194.22	MO Homeownership: 18 Kings Mill Cir # 314	\$58,812.00	61-80% AMI	2	White
Movin' Out, Inc.	BK193.22	MO Homeownership: 621 Cedar St	\$58,812.00	61-80% AMI	1	White
Movin' Out, Inc.	BK196.22	MO Homeownership: 1023 S Sunnyvale Ln # D \$58,812.00 31-50% AN		31-50% AMI	2	Black/African American
Movin' Out, Inc.	BK195.22	MO Homeownership: 10 Camino del Sol	\$58,812.00	61-80% AMI	3	White

An additional \$107,663 in HOME PI was expended for overall program administration.

Describe other actions taken to foster and maintain affordable housing.

91.220(k)

As detailed in sections CR-05 and CR-15, the City continued to implement its broad scope Affordable Housing Initiative in 2023, working with both nonprofit and for-profit developers to maintain and increase the local supply of affordable housing. The effort's primary focus was on securing competitive Low-Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTCs) by partnering with developers and offering significant City financial support to high quality projects that met identified criteria. In 2022, the City released its biennial Housing Forward RFP for Affordable Housing Funds, in combination with available federal funds, targeted toward developers not seeking tax credits. More specifically, this RFP intended to attract housing development proposals from housing cooperatives and other smaller, innovative and/or missing middle style developments. Successful proposals received these allocations of funding commitments for the 2023 and 2024 program years.

Also in 2023, CDD maintained a homeownership down payment assistance program, an owner-occupied housing rehabilitation program, and a rental housing assistance program. Each is detailed elsewhere in this report.

CR-58 - Section 3

Total Labor Hours

	CDBG	HOME	ESG
Total Number of Activities	0	1	0
Total Labor Hours	0	54,357	0
Total Section 3 Worker Hours	0	19,649	0
Total Targeted Section 3 Worker Hours	0	0	0

Qualitative Efforts – Number of Activities by Program

!	CDBG	HOME	ESG
Outreach efforts to generate job applicants who are Public Housing Targeted Workers	0	0	0
Outreach efforts to generate job applicants who are Other Funding Targeted Workers	0	0	0
Direct, on-the-job training (including apprenticeships)	0	1	0
Indirect training such as arranging for, contracting for, or paying tuition for, off-site training	0	0	0
Technical assistance to help Section 3 workers compete for jobs (e.g., résumé assistance, coaching)	0	1	0
Outreach efforts to identify and secure bids from Section 3 business concerns	0	1	0
Technical assistance to help Section 3 business concerns understand and bid on contracts	0	1	0
Division of contracts into smaller jobs to facilitate participation by Section 3 business concerns	0	0	0
Provided or connected residents with assistance in seeking employment, including: drafting résumés, preparing for interviews, finding job opportunities, connecting residents to job placement services	0	0	0
Held one or more job fairs	0	0	0
Provided or connected residents with supportive services that can provide direct services or referrals	0	0	0
Provided or connected residents with supportive services that provide one or more of the following: work readiness health screenings, interview clothing, uniforms, test fees, transportation	0	0	0
Assisted residents with finding childcare	0	0	0
Assisted residents to apply for, or attend community college or a four-year educational institution	0	0	0
Assisted residents to apply for, or attend, vocational/technical training	0	0	0
Assisted residents to obtain financial literacy training and/or coaching	0	0	0
Bonding assistance, guaranties, or other efforts to support viable bids from Section 3 business concerns	0	0	0
Provided or connected residents with training on computer use or online technologies	0	0	0
Promoting the use of a business registry designed to create opportunities for disadvantaged and small businesses	0	0	0
Outreach, engagement, or referrals with the state one-stop system, as designed in Section 121(e)(2) of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act	0	0	0

Madison Area Community Land Trust (MACLT), a non-profit that received CDBG funds during 2023 to rehabilitate two of its homeowner projects, submitted the following response regarding Section 3 compliance:

To facilitate the bid review process, MACLT staff first reviews contractors that have previously been approved within the MACLT general maintenance program. This process started prior to the grant was awarded and

from our initial search, we only had one service provider who stated they would be able to take on either of the projects we had in mind within the timeframe we were working with. Product and crew availability were the largest limiting factors when it came to evaluating capacity. Review of the City's Minority and Section 3 contractor lists was completed and only a couple of contractors were determined to provide scope of work. However, attempts to contact were made and not responded to. Several groups noted they would be interested in the project, but the turnaround time would not have been sufficient for their group to approach the project and therefore did not provide a bid. We did receive one bid from a minority contractor who unfortunately was unable to provide the warranty guarantees others were, as a component of their offer. While the bid price was within a reasonable amount from the other groups who had bid the project, the determination was made that the product/workmanship warranties were valuable enough to decline the offer.

CR-60 - ESG 91.520(g)

ESG Supplement to the CAPER in e-snaps For Paperwork Reduction Act

Recipient Information

All Recipients Complete

Basic Grant Information

Recipient NameMADISONOrganizational UEI NumberFS3AZ3FV8JG8Organizational DUNS Number07-614-7909EIN/TIN Number39-6005507Identify the Field OfficeMILWAUKEE

Identify CoC(s) in which the recipient or subrecipient(s) will provide ESG assistance Madison/Dane County CoC

ESG Contact Name

ESG Contact Address

Linette S. Rhodes 215 Martin Luther King, Jr. Boulevard, Suite 300 Community Development Grants Supervisor PO Box 2627 (608) 261-9240 / Irhodes@cityofmadison.com Madison WI 53703-2627

ESG Secondary Contact

Sarah Lim
Community Development Specialist
(608) 261-9148 / slim@cityofmadison.com

Reporting Period

All Recipients Complete

Program Year Start Date 01/01/2023 Program Year End Date 12/31/2023

2023 Subrecipients included:

Organization	Victim Services Provider?	Organization Type	ESG Subgrant or Contract Award
Catalyst for Change, Inc.	No	Other Non-Profit Organization	\$ 15 <i>,</i> 445
Madison, WI 53703			
UEI: E49HN7YAC943			
DUNS: 11-763-7887			
Community Action Coalition for	No	Other Non-Profit Organization	\$ 58,290
South Central Wisconsin, Inc.			
Madison, WI 53704			
UEI: J9PFRNKYEHZ1			
DUNS: 07-893-5681			
Institute for Community Alliances	No	Other Non-Profit Organization	\$ 3,340
Madison, WI 54703-2731			
UEI: FD8JNZNSLPN8			
DUNS: 149341732			
The Salvation Army of Dane County	No	Faith-Based Organization	\$ 60,000
Madison, WI 54708-8455			
UEI: NDM9CJA8ZSH8			
DUNS: 150777253			
YWCA of Madison, Inc.	No	Other Non-Profit Organization	\$ 25,000
Madison, WI 53703			
UEI: T5DBX42DJHU3			
DUNS: 16-850-4199			

Persons Served with ESG

	Total	Homelessness Prevention	Rapid Re-Housing	Shelter	Street Outreach
Adults	890	13	0	803	74
Children	419	2	0	403	14
Don't know / refused / other	0	0	0	0	0
Missing information	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1,309	15	0	1,206	88

Gender

All Activities	Total
Male	436
Female	824
Transgender / Gender non-conforming	49
Don't know / refused / other	0
Missing information	0
Total	1,309

Age

Number of Persons in Households	Total
Under 18	419
18 - 24	94
25 and over	796
Don't know / refused / other	0
Missing information	0
Total	1,309

Special Populations Served

Subpopulation	Total	Homelessness Prevention	Rapid Re-Housing	Shelter	Street Outreach	
a. Veterans	4	0	0	4	0	
b. Victims of domestic violence	382	2	0	303	77	
c. Elderly	44	0	0	36	8	
d. HIV / AIDS	1	0	0	0	1	
e. Chronically homeless	293		0	168	125	
Persons with Disabilities:						
f. Severely mentally ill	434	0	0	284	150	
g. Chronic substance abuse	212	0	0	106	106	
h. Other disability	267	2	0	179	86	

Shelter Utilization

Number of New Units - Rehabbed	0
Number of New Units - Conversion	0
Total Number of bed-nights available	81,760
Total Number of bed-nights provided	75,970
Capacity Utilization	93%

Project Outcomes Data measured under the performance standards developed in consultation with the CoC(s)

The City receives a limited amount of federal ESG funds as an entitlement city, and accesses additional ESG funds through the State of Wisconsin's annual EHH application process. Other local, state, and federal funds also address homeless and prevention goals outlined in the Consolidated Plan and may have had more of a direct impact on meeting established goals. Activities include supporting the operations of emergency shelter, outreach, prevention, and rapid re-housing. Funding for ESG is considered through goals established in the *Community Plan to Prevent and End Homelessness in Dane County* developed by Dane CoC. Dane CoC's Board of Directors and Core Operating Committee review the HUD system performance measures regularly for the entire CoC. City of Madison staff participates in Core Operating Committee and attends the CoC Board of Directors meetings. As a result of collaboration among various funders, project outcomes for all CoC-, ESG-, and City GPR-funded projects are established and measured consistently. Project outcome data measured for those programs mirror the HUD system performance measures and include length of time persons remain homeless, exit to or retention of permanent housing, return to homelessness, and change in income.

CR-75 - Expenditures

ESG Evnanditures for Hamalassnass Draventian	Dollar Amount of Expenditures in Program Year						
ESG Expenditures for Homelessness Prevention	2021	2022	2023				
Expenditures for Rental Assistance	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0				
Expenditures for Housing Relocation & Stabilization	0	0	0				
Services - Financial Assistance		U					
Expenditures for Housing Relocation & Stabilization	25,000	1,709	40.205				
Services – Services	23,000	1,709	40,203				
Expenditures for Homeless Prevention under Emergency	0	0	0				
Shelter Grants Program		0	0				
Subtotal Homelessness Prevention	\$ 25,000	\$ 1,709	\$ 40,205				

ESC Expanditures for Panid Do Housing	Dollar Amount of Expenditures in Program Year						
ESG Expenditures for Rapid Re-Housing	2021	2022	2023				
Expenditures for Rental Assistance	\$ 1,297	\$ 0	\$ 0				
Expenditures for Housing Relocation & Stabilization Services - Financial Assistance	0	0	0				
Expenditures for Housing Relocation & Stabilization Services – Services	1,297	0	0				
Expenditures for Homeless Assistance under Emergency Shelter Grants Program	0	0	0				
Subtotal Rapid Re-Housing	\$ 2,594	\$ 0	\$ 0				

ESG Evnanditures for Emergancy Shalter	Dollar Amount of Expenditures in Program Year						
ESG Expenditures for Emergency Shelter	2021	2022	2023				
Essential Services	\$ 49,600	\$ 0	\$ 0				
Operations	50,000	85,000	85,000				
Renovation	0	0	0				
Major Rehab	0	0	0				
Conversion	0	0	0				
Subtotal Emergency Shelter	\$ 99,600	\$ 85,000	\$ 85,000				

Other Grant Expenditures	Dollar Amount of Expenditures in Program Year						
Other Grant Expenditures	2021	2022	2023				
Street Outreach	\$ 0	\$ 15,445	\$ 15,445				
HMIS	3,366	3,348	3,340				
Administration	12,622	12,555	12,524				

Total ESG Funds Expended	2021	2022	2023	
\$ 417,753	\$ 143,182	\$ 118,057	\$ 156,514	

Other Funds Expended on Eligible ESG Activities	2021	2022	2023
Other Non-ESG HUD Funds	\$ 15,988	\$ 0	\$ 15,864
Other Federal Funds	0	0	40,205
State Government	0	0	0
Local Government	102,194	103,709	100,445
Private Funds	25,000	0	0
Other	0	0	0
Fees	0	0	0
Program Income	0	0	0
Total Match Amount	\$ 143,182	\$ 103,709	\$ 156,514

Total Amount of Funds Expended on ESG Activities	2021	2022	2023
\$ 821,158	\$ 286,364	\$ 221,766	\$ 313,028

HOME Match Report

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

Office of Community Planning and Development

OMB Approval No. 2506-0171 (exp. 12/31/2012)

39-900597 / Granter 1902	Part I Participant Identif	Match Contributions for Federal Fiscal Year 2023			2023									
\$ Steel And Chart Participation Participatio	1. Participant No. (assigned by HUI							on completing this r	eport)					
STEE 300 MADISON NUNCIFICAL BLDG, 215 MARTIN LUTHER KING JE BLV D' PO BOX 2827 0.70 Code 0.70 Co		er (include area co	de)											
Part Fiscal Year Summary			ARTIN LUTHER KING JR	BLVD / PO BOX 2627				,	,					
Fiscal Year Summary	•													
Excess match from prior Federal fiscal year (see Part III.9.) \$ 412,377.00		on.		WISCONSIN	53703 / 53701-2627									
2. Match contributed during current Federal fiscal year (see Part III.6.) \$ 412,377.00		·												
3. Total match available for current Federal fiscal year (line 1 + line 2) 5	-													
4. Match liability for current Federal fiscal year (in a minus line 4) \$ 1,22 \$ 7,079,02							\$	412,377.00						
S. Excess match carried over to next Federal fiscal year (line 3 minus line 4) S. 7,079.02	3. Total match avai	ilable for current	Federal fiscal year (line	1 + line 2)					\$		7,080,246.00			
Part III Match Contribution for the Federal Fiscal Year 1. Project No. or Other ID 2. Date of (non-Federal source) 3. Cash (non-Federal source) 4. Foregone Taxes, Fees. Charges 5. Appraised Land / Real Property 6. Required infrastructure Construction Materials, Donated labor 8. Bond Match	4. Match liability for	current Federal	fiscal year						\$		1,225.00			
1. Project No. or Other ID 2. Date of Contribution or Other ID 2. Date of Contribution (non-Federal sources) 4. Foregone Taxes, Fees, Charges 5. Appraised Land / Real Property 6. Required Infrastructure 7. Site Preparation, Construction Materials, Donated labor 9. Total Match 1.00 MOI BK187.22 03/14/2023 21,000.00 -	5. Excess match ca	arried over to nex	kt Federal fiscal year (lir	e 3 minus line 4)					\$		7,079,021.00			
A contribution	Part III Match Contribution	n for the Federa	al Fiscal Year	•	•	•								
MOI BK196.22		Contribution					Construction Materials,							
MOI DR034.20	MOI BK187.22	03/14/2023	11,000.00	-	-	-	-		-	- \$ 11,000.00				
Habitat BJ075.23 04/14/2023 127,675.00	MOI BK196.22	10/16/2023	21,000.00	-	-	-	-		-	\$	21,000.00			
Habitat BJ076.23 06/23/2023 111,298.00	MOI DR034.20	10/25/2021	-	141,404.00	-	-	-		-	\$	141,404.00			
	Habitat BJ075.23	04/14/2023	127,675.00	-	-	-	-		-	\$	127,675.00			
	Habitat BJ076.23	06/23/2023	111,298.00	-	-	-	-		-	\$	111,298.00			
			-	-	-	-	-		-	\$	-			
			-	-	-	-	-		-	\$	-			
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			-	-	-	-	-		-	\$	-			
FINAL TOTAL \ \\$ 270,973.00 \ \\$ 141,404.00 \ \\$ - \ \\$ - \ \\$ - \ \\$ - \ \\$ 412,37	Т	otal from Page 2	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-			
page 1 of 4 pages form HUD-40107-A		FINAL TOTAL	\$ 270,973.00	\$ 141,404.00		\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	412,377.00			



45 TOTAL SUBJECT TO PA CAP (SUM, LINES 42-44)

46 PERCENT FUNDS OBLIGATED FOR PA ACTIVITIES (LINE 41/LINE 45)

Office of Community Planning and Development

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

Integrated Disbursement and Information System

PR26 - CDBG Financial Summary Report

Program Year 2023

MADISON , WI

DATE: 03-27-24 TIME: 10:14 PAGE: 1

2,831,809.55

17.35%

PART I: SUMMARY OF CDBG RESOURCES	
01 UNEXPENDED CDBG FUNDS AT END OF PREVIOUS PROGRAM YEAR	5.212.184.78
02 ENTITLEMENT GRANT	1,907,010.00
03 SURPLUS URBAN RENEWAL	0.00
04 SECTION 108 GUARANTEED LOAN FUNDS	0.00
05 CURRENT YEAR PROGRAM INCOME	804,782.29
05a CURRENT YEAR SECTION 108 PROGRAM INCOME (FOR SI TYPE)	0.00
06 FUNDS RETURNED TO THE LINE-OF-CREDIT	0.00
06a FUNDS RETURNED TO THE LOCAL CDBG ACCOUNT	0.00
07 ADJUSTMENT TO COMPUTE TOTAL AVAILABLE	120,017.26
08 TOTAL AVAILABLE (SUM, LINES 01-07)	8,043,994.33
PART II: SUMMARY OF CDBG EXPENDITURES	
09 DISBURSEMENTS OTHER THAN SECTION 108 REPAYMENTS AND PLANNING/ADMINISTRATION	5,959,221.60
10 ADJUSTMENT TO COMPUTE TOTAL AMOUNT SUBJECT TO LOW/MOD BENEFIT	246,269.37
11 AMOUNT SUBJECT TO LOW/MOD BENEFIT (LINE 09 + LINE 10)	6,205,490.97
12 DISBURSED IN IDIS FOR PLANNING/ADMINISTRATION	558,015.00
13 DISBURSED IN IDIS FOR SECTION 108 REPAYMENTS	0.00
14 ADJUSTMENT TO COMPUTE TOTAL EXPENDITURES	(66,618.72)
15 TOTAL EXPENDITURES (SUM, LINES 11-14)	6,696,887.25
16 UNEXPENDED BALANCE (LINE 08 - LINE 15)	1,347,107.08
PART III: LOWMOD BENEFIT THIS REPORTING PERIOD	
17 EXPENDED FOR LOW/MOD HOUSING IN SPECIAL AREAS	0.00
18 EXPENDED FOR LOW/MOD MULTI-UNIT HOUSING	1,981,721.00
19 DISBURSED FOR OTHER LOW/MOD ACTIVITIES	3,977,500.60
20 ADJUSTMENT TO COMPUTE TOTAL LOW/MOD CREDIT	246,269.37
21 TOTAL LOW/MOD CREDIT (SUM, LINES 17-20)	6,205,490.97
22 PERCENT LOW/MOD CREDIT (LINE 21/LINE 11)	100.00%
LOW/MOD BENEFIT FOR MULTI-YEAR CERTIFICATIONS	
23 PROGRAM YEARS(PY) COVERED IN CERTIFICATION	PY: 2023 PY: PY:
24 CUMULATIVE NET EXPENDITURES SUBJECT TO LOW/MOD BENEFIT CALCULATION	6,205,390.97
25 CUMULATIVE EXPENDITURES BENEFITING LOW/MOD PERSONS	6,205,390.97
26 PERCENT BENEFIT TO LOW/MOD PERSONS (LINE 25/LINE 24)	100.00%
PART IV: PUBLIC SERVICE (PS) CAP CALCULATIONS	
27 DISBURSED IN IDIS FOR PUBLIC SERVICES	366,000.00
28 PS UNLIQUIDATED OBLIGATIONS AT END OF CURRENT PROGRAM YEAR	0.00
29 PS UNLIQUIDATED OBLIGATIONS AT END OF PREVIOUS PROGRAM YEAR	0.00
30 ADJUSTMENT TO COMPUTE TOTAL PS OBLIGATIONS	0.00
31 TOTAL PS OBLIGATIONS (LINE 27 + LINE 28 - LINE 29 + LINE 30)	366,000.00
32 ENTITLEMENT GRANT	1,907,010.00
33 PRIOR YEAR PROGRAM INCOME	1,122,067.73
34 ADJUSTMENT TO COMPUTE TOTAL SUBJECT TO PS CAP	85,575.82
35 TOTAL SUBJECT TO PS CAP (SUM, LINES 32-34)	3,114,653.55
36 PERCENT FUNDS OBLIGATED FOR PS ACTIVITIES (LINE 31/LINE 35)	11.75%
PART V: PLANNING AND ADMINISTRATION (PA) CAP	550.045.00
37 DISBURSED IN IDIS FOR PLANNING/ADMINISTRATION	558,015.00
38 PA UNLIQUIDATED OBLIGATIONS AT END OF CURRENT PROGRAM YEAR	0.00
39 PA UNLIQUIDATED OBLIGATIONS AT END OF PREVIOUS PROGRAM YEAR	0.00
40 ADJUSTMENT TO COMPUTE TOTAL PA OBLIGATIONS	(66,618.72)
41 TOTAL PA OBLIGATIONS (LINE 37 + LINE 38 - LINE 39 +LINE 40) 42 ENTITLEMENT GRANT	491,396.28
	1,907,010.00
43 CURRENT YEAR PROGRAM INCOME 44 ADJUSTMENT TO COMPUTE TOTAL SUBJECT TO PA CAP	804,782.29 120.017.26
44 ADJUSTINIENT TO COMPUTE TOTAL SUBJECT TO PA CAP	120,017.26

PR26 - Activity Summary by Selected Grant

Date Generated: 03/27/2024

Grantee: MADISON Grant Year: 2023

Formula and Competitive Grants only

	Total Grant Amount for CDBG 2023 Grant year B23MC550005 Grant Number = \$1,907,010.00													
State	Grantee	Grant	Grant	Activity	Matrix	National	IDIS	Activity to prevent,	Activity	Amount Funded	Amount Drawn	% of CDBG Drawn	Total CDBG Funded	Total CDBG Drawn
	Name	Year	Number	Group	Code	Objective	Activity	prepare for, and	Status	From Selected Grant	From Selected Grant	From Selected	Amount	Amount
			·					respond to Coronavirus				Grant/Grant	(All Years All Sources)	(All Years All Sources)
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Administrative And Planning	20		3024	No	Completed	\$41,500.00	\$41,500.00		\$41,500.00	\$41,500.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Administrative And Planning	21A		2997	No	Open	\$279,630.00	\$279,630.00		\$440,515.00	\$440,515.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Administrative And Planning	21D		2886	No	Open	\$19,270.00	\$0.00		\$79,548.00	
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Administrative And Planning	21D		2998	No	Completed	\$41,000.00	\$41,000.00		\$41,000.00	\$41,000.00
				Total Administrative And Planning						\$381,400.00	\$362,130.00		\$602,563.00	\$523,015.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Economic Development		LMJ	2681	No	Open	\$37,215.00	\$5.00		\$106,250.00	\$69,040.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Economic Development		LMJ	2838	No	Open	\$0.00	\$0.00		\$93,750.00	\$60,010.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Economic Development	18A	LMJ	2866	No	Open	\$0.00	\$0.00		\$250,000.00	\$162,005.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Economic Development		LMJ	2887	No	Open	\$0.00	\$0.00		\$61,419.63	
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Economic Development	18A	LMJ	2975	No	Open	\$250,000.00	\$162,005.00		\$250,000.00	\$162,005.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Economic Development	18A	LMJP	2810	No	Open	\$0.00	\$0.00		\$250,000.00	\$162,015.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Economic Development	18C	LMCMC	2891	No	Open	\$146,810.16	\$0.00		\$296,810.16	\$150,000.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Economic Development	18C	LMCMC	3013	No	Completed	\$183,325.00	\$183,325.00		\$183,325.00	\$183,325.00
				Total Economic Development						\$617,350.16	\$345,335.00	18.11%	\$1,491,554.79	\$948,400.00
WI	MADISON	2023		9	_	LMH	2965	No	Completed	\$44,342.00	\$44,342.00		\$44,342.00	\$44,342.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14A	LMH	3011	No	Completed	\$193,405.00	\$193,405.00		\$202,910.00	\$202,910.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing		LMH	3051	No	Completed	\$63,004.00	\$63,004.00		\$79,914.00	\$79,914.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	2913	No	Completed	\$3,899.00	\$3,899.00		\$3,899.00	\$3,899.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	2915	No	Completed	\$9,974.00	\$9,974.00		\$9,974.00	\$9,974.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	2916	No	Completed	\$16,696.00	\$16,696.00		\$16,696.00	\$16,696.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	2917	No	Completed	\$4,894.00	\$4,894.00		\$4,894.00	\$4,894.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	2918	No	Completed	\$34,965.00	\$34,965.00		\$34,965.00	\$34,965.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	2919	No	Completed	\$1,398.00	\$1,398.00		\$1,398.00	\$1,398.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	2920	No	Completed	\$1,399.00	\$1,399.00		\$1,399.00	\$1,399.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	2921	No	Completed	\$1,399.00	\$1,399.00		\$1,399.00	\$1,399.00

WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	2922	No	Completed	\$18,240.00	\$18,240.00		\$18,240.00	\$18,240.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	2923	No	Completed	\$3,228.00	\$3,228.00		\$3,228.00	\$3,228.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	2924	No	Completed	\$10,968.00	\$10,968.00		\$10,968.00	\$10,968.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	2956	No	Completed	\$9,500.00	\$9,500.00		\$9,500.00	\$9,500.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	2961	No	Completed	\$9,100.00	\$9,100.00		\$117,496.00	\$117,496.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	2962	No	Completed	\$39,606.00	\$39,606.00		\$54,955.00	\$54,955.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	2967	No	Completed	\$39,159.00	\$39,159.00		\$39,159.00	\$39,159.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	2968	No	Completed	\$81,968.00	\$81,968.00		\$81,968.00	\$81,968.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	2984	No	Completed	\$3,100.00	\$3,100.00		\$3,100.00	\$3,100.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	2985	No	Completed	\$425.00	\$425.00		\$425.00	\$425.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	2986	No	Completed	\$5,660.00	\$5,660.00		\$5,660.00	\$5,660.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	2987	No	Completed	\$1,848.00	\$1,848.00		\$1,848.00	\$1,848.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	2988	No	Completed	\$2,500.00	\$2,500.00		\$2,500.00	\$2,500.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	2990	No	Completed	\$3,588.00	\$3,588.00		\$3,588.00	\$3,588.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	2991	No	Completed	\$6,369.00	\$6,369.00		\$6,369.00	\$6,369.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	2992	No	Completed	\$10,813.00	\$10,813.00		\$10,813.00	\$10,813.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	2993	No	Completed	\$1,362.00	\$1,362.00		\$1,362.00	\$1,362.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	2994	No	Completed	\$13,001.00	\$13,001.00		\$13,001.00	\$13,001.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	2995	No	Completed	\$5,191.00	\$5,191.00		\$5,191.00	\$5,191.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	2996	No	Completed	\$13,500.00	\$13,500.00		\$13,500.00	\$13,500.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Housing	14B	LMH	3027	No	Completed	\$20,300.00	\$20,300.00		\$20,300.00	\$20,300.00
				Total Housing						\$674,801.00	\$674,801.00	35.39%	\$824,961.00	\$824,961.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Public Improvements	03C	LMC	3016	No	Completed	\$0.00	\$0.00		\$336,541.00	\$336,541.00
	1			Total Public Improvements						\$0.00	\$0.00	0.00%	\$336,541.00	\$336,541.00
WI	MADISON	2023			05Z	LMC	2943	No	Completed	\$35,018.00	\$35,018.00		\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00
WI	MADISON	2023		Public Services	05Z	LMC	2944	No	Completed	\$35,017.00	\$35,017.00		\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00
WI	MADISON	2023		Public Services	05Z	LMC	2945	No	Completed	\$45,888.00	\$45,888.00		\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00
WI	MADISON	2023	B23MC550005	Public Services	05Z	LMC	3010	No	Completed	\$66,000.00	\$66,000.00		\$66,000.00	\$66,000.00
				Non CARES Related Public Services	i					\$181,923.00	\$181,923.00	9.54%	\$366,000.00	\$366,000.00
				Total 2023						\$1,855,474.16	\$1,564,189.00	82.02%	\$3,621,619.79	\$2,998,917.00
				Grand Total						\$1,855,474.16	\$1,564,189.00	82.02%	\$3,621,619.79	\$2,998,917.00



17 CDBG-CV GRANT

20 CDBG-CV GRANT

18 PERCENT OF FUNDS DISBURSED FOR PS ACTIVITIES (LINE 16/LINE 17)

21 PERCENT OF FUNDS DISBURSED FOR PA ACTIVITIES (LINE 19/LINE 20)

PART V: PLANNING AND ADMINISTRATION (PA) CAP
19 DISBURSED IN IDIS FOR PLANNING/ADMINISTRATION

Office of Community Planning and Development U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Integrated Disbursement and Information System PR26 - CDBG-CV Financial Summary Report

MADISON, WI

DATE: 03-27-24 TIME: 10:17 PAGE: 1

2,602,959.00

97.58%

63,100.00

2.42%

2,602,959.00

PART I: SUMMARY OF CDBG-CV RESOURCES 2,602,959.00 01 CDBG-CV GRANT 02 FUNDS RETURNED TO THE LINE-OF-CREDIT 03 FUNDS RETURNED TO THE LOCAL CDBG ACCOUNT 0.00 04 TOTAL CDBG-CV FUNDS AWARDED 2,602,959.00 PART II: SUMMARY OF CDBG-CV EXPENDITURES 05 DISBURSEMENTS OTHER THAN SECTION 108 REPAYMENTS AND PLANNING/ADMINISTRATION 2,539,859.00 06 DISBURSED IN IDIS FOR PLANNING/ADMINISTRATION 63,100.00 07 DISBURSED IN IDIS FOR SECTION 108 REPAYMENTS 0.00 08 TOTAL EXPENDITURES (SUM, LINES 05 - 07) 2,602,959.00 09 UNEXPENDED BALANCE (LINE 04 - LINE8) 0.00 PART III: LOWMOD BENEFIT FOR THE CDBG-CV GRANT 10 EXPENDED FOR LOW/MOD HOUSING IN SPECIAL AREAS 0.00 11 EXPENDED FOR LOW/MOD MULTI-UNIT HOUSING 0.00 12 DISBURSED FOR OTHER LOW/MOD ACTIVITIES 2,539,859.00 13 TOTAL LOW/MOD CREDIT (SUM, LINES 10 - 12) 2,539,859.00 14 AMOUNT SUBJECT TO LOW/MOD BENEFIT (LINE 05) 2,539,859.00 15 PERCENT LOW/MOD CREDIT (LINE 13/LINE 14) 100.00% PART IV: PUBLIC SERVICE (PS) CALCULATIONS 16 DISBURSED IN IDIS FOR PUBLIC SERVICES 2,539,859.00 PR26 - Activity Summary by Selected Grant

Date Generated: 03/27/2024

Grantee: MADISON Grant Year: 2020 CARES Act Grants only

				Total	Grant A	mount for CDI	BG-CV 2020 Gr	ant year B20MW5500	005 Grant Nur	nber = \$2,602,959.00				
State	Grantee	Grant	Grant	Activity	Matrix	National	IDIS	Activity to prevent,	Activity	Amount Funded	Amount Drawn	% of CDBG Drawn	Total CDBG Funded	Total CDBG Drawn
	Name	Year	Number	Group	Code	Objective	Activity	prepare for, and	Status	From Selected Grant	From Selected Grant	From Selected	Amount	Amount
			'					respond to Coronaviru	IS			Grant/Grant	(All Years All Sources)	(All Years All Sources)
WI	MADISON	2020	B20MW550005 Adr	ministrative And Planning	21A		2772	Yes	Completed	\$33,100.00	\$33,100.00		\$33,100.00	\$33,100.00
WI	MADISON	2020	B20MW550005 Adr	ministrative And Planning	21D		2769	Yes	Completed	\$30,000.00	\$30,000.00		\$30,000.00	\$30,000.00
			Tot	tal Administrative And Planning	9					\$63,100.00	\$63,100.00	2.42%	\$63,100.00	\$63,100.00
WI	MADISON	2020	B20MW550005 Pub	olic Services	05L	LMC	2771	Yes	Completed	\$90,870.00	\$90,870.00		\$90,870.00	\$90,870.00
WI	MADISON	2020	B20MW550005 Pub	olic Services	05X	LMC	2770	Yes	Completed	\$48,000.00	\$48,000.00		\$48,000.00	\$48,000.00
WI	MADISON	2020	B20MW550005 Pub	olic Services	05Z	LMC	2862	Yes	Completed	\$189,000.00	\$189,000.00		\$189,000.00	\$189,000.00
WI	MADISON	2020	B20MW550005 Pub	olic Services	05Z	LMC	2863	Yes	Completed	\$1,611,000.00	\$1,611,000.00		\$1,611,000.00	\$1,611,000.00
WI	MADISON	2020	B20MW550005 Pub	olic Services	05Z	LMC	2974	Yes	Completed	\$300,000.00	\$300,000.00		\$300,000.00	\$300,000.00
WI	MADISON	2020	B20MW550005 Pub	olic Services	05Z	LMC	3053	Yes	Completed	\$300,989.00	\$300,989.00		\$300,989.00	\$300,989.00
•	,		CA	RES Related Public Services	•		•			\$2,539,859.00	\$2,539,859.00	97.58%	\$2,539,859.00	\$2,539,859.00
			Tot	tal 2020	·					\$2,602,959.00	\$2,602,959.00	100.00%	\$2,602,959.00	\$2,602,959.00
			Gra	and Total						\$2,602,959.00	\$2,602,959.00	100.00%	\$2,602,959.00	\$2,602,959.00

☑ This certification is applicable.
$\hfill\Box$ This certification does not apply.

NON-STATE GOVERNMENT CERTIFICATIONS

In accordance with the applicable statutes and the regulations governing the consolidated plan regulations, the jurisdiction certifies that:

Affirmatively Further Fair Housing. The jurisdiction will affirmatively further fair housing.

Uniform Relocation Act and Anti-displacement and Relocation Plan. It will comply with the acquisition and relocation requirements of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, as amended (42 U.S.C. 4601-4655), and implementing regulations at 49 CFR Part 24. It has in effect and is following a residential anti-displacement and relocation assistance plan required under 24 CFR Part 42 in connection with any activity assisted with funding under the Community Development Block Grant or HOME programs.

Anti-Lobbying. To the best of the jurisdiction's knowledge and belief:

- 1. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of it, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement;
- If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting
 to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee
 of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, it will complete
 and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions; and,
- It will require that the language of paragraph 1 and 2 of this anti-lobbying certification be included in the award documents
 for all subawards at all tiers (including subcontracts, subgrants, and contracts under grants, loans, and cooperative
 agreements) and that all subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

Authority of Jurisdiction. The consolidated plan is authorized under State and local law (as applicable) and the jurisdiction possesses the legal authority to carry out the programs for which it is seeking funding, in accordance with applicable HUD regulations.

Consistency with Plan. The housing activities to be undertaken with Community Development Block Grant, HOME, Emergency Solutions Grant, and Housing Opportunities for Persons With AIDS funds are consistent with the strategic plan in the jurisdiction's consolidated plan.

Section 3. It will comply with section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C. 1701u), and implementing regulations at 24 CFR Part 75.

Signature of Authorized Official:	
Sley	02/23/2024
Satya Rhodes-Conway, Mayor of Madison	Date

☑ This certification is applicable.
\square This certification does not apply.

SPECIFIC COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT CERTIFICATIONS

The Entitlement Community certifies that:

Citizen Participation. It is in full compliance and following a detailed citizen participation plan that satisfies the requirements of 24 CFR 91.105.

Community Development Plan. Its consolidated plan identifies community development and housing needs and specifies both short-term and long-term community development objectives that have been developed in accordance with the primary objective of the CDBG program (i.e., the development of viable urban communities, by providing decent housing and expanding economic opportunities, primarily for persons of low and moderate income) and requirements of 24 CFR Parts 91 and 570.

Following a Plan. It is following a current consolidated plan that has been approved by HUD.

Use of Funds. It has complied with the following criteria:

- 1. Maximum Feasible Priority. With respect to activities expected to be assisted with CDBG funds, it has developed its Action Plan so as to give maximum feasible priority to activities which benefit low- and moderate-income families or aid in the prevention or elimination of slums or blight. The Action Plan may also include CDBG-assisted activities which the grantee certifies are designed to meet other community development needs having a particular urgency because existing conditions pose a serious and immediate threat to the health or welfare of the community, and other financial resources are not available (see Optional CDBG Certification).
- 2. Overall Benefit. The aggregate use of CDBG funds, including Section 108 guaranteed loans, during program year(s) **_2023** [a period specified by the grantee of one, two, or three specific consecutive program years], shall principally benefit persons of low- and moderate-income in a manner that ensures that at least 70 percent of the amount is expended for activities that benefit such persons during the designated period.
- 3. Special Assessments. It will not attempt to recover any capital costs of public improvements assisted with CDBG funds, including Section 108 loan guaranteed funds, by assessing any amount against properties owned and occupied by persons of low- and moderate-income, including any fee charged or assessment made as a condition of obtaining access to such public improvements.

However, if CDBG funds are used to pay the proportion of a fee or assessment that relates to the capital costs of public improvements (assisted in part with CDBG funds) financed from other revenue sources, an assessment or charge may be made against the property with respect to the public improvements financed by a source other than CDBG funds.

In addition, in the case of properties owned and occupied by moderate-income (not low-income) families, an assessment or charge may be made against the property for public improvements financed by a source other than CDBG funds if the jurisdiction certifies that it lacks CDBG funds to cover the assessment.

Excessive Force. It has adopted and is enforcing:

- 1. A policy prohibiting the use of excessive force by law enforcement agencies within its jurisdiction against any individuals engaged in non-violent civil rights demonstrations; and
- 2. A policy of enforcing applicable State and local laws against physically barring entrance to or exit from a facility or location which is the subject of such non-violent civil rights demonstrations within its jurisdiction.

Compliance With Anti-Discrimination Laws. The grant will be conducted and administered in conformity with title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d), the Fair Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 3601-3619), and implementing regulations.

Lead-Based Paint. Its activities concerning lead-based K and R.	paint will comply with the requirements of 24	CFR Part 35, Subparts A, B, J,
Compliance with Laws. It will comply with applicable la	ws.	
Signature of Authorized Official:		
Sley	02/23/2024	
Satya Rhodes-Conway, Mayor of Madison	Date	

☑ This certification is applicable.
$\ \square$ This certification does not apply.

SPECIFIC HOME CERTIFICATIONS

The HOME participating jurisdiction certifies that:

Tenant Based Rental Assistance. If it plans to provide tenant-based rental assistance, the tenant-based rental assistance is an essential element of its consolidated plan.

Eligible Activities and Costs. It is using and will use HOME funds for eligible activities and costs, as described in 24 CFR §§92.205 through 92.209 and that it is not using and will not use HOME funds for prohibited activities, as described in §92.214.

Subsidy Layering. Before committing any funds to a project, it will evaluate the project in accordance with the guidelines that it adopts for this purpose and will not invest any more HOME funds in combination with other Federal assistance than is necessary to provide affordable housing.

Signature of Authorized Official:		
Sley	02/23/2024	
Satva Rhodes-Conway, Mayor of Madison	Date	

$\overline{\checkmark}$	This certification is applicable.
	This certification does not apply.

EMERGENCY SOLUTIONS GRANTS CERTIFICATIONS

The Emergency Solutions Grants Program recipient certifies that:

Major Rehabilitation/Conversion/Renovation. If an emergency shelter's rehabilitation costs exceed 75 percent of the value of the building before rehabilitation, the recipient will maintain the building as a shelter for homeless individuals and families for a minimum of 10 years after the date the building is first occupied by a homeless individual or family after the completed rehabilitation.

If the cost to convert a building into an emergency shelter exceeds 75 percent of the value of the building after conversion, the recipient will maintain the building as a shelter for homeless individuals and families for a minimum of 10 years after the date the building is first occupied by a homeless individual or family after the completed conversion.

In all other cases where ESG funds are used for renovation, the recipient will maintain the building as a shelter for homeless individuals and families for a minimum of 3 years after the date the building is first occupied by a homeless individual or family after the completed renovation.

Essential Services and Operating Costs. In the case of assistance involving shelter operations or essential services related to street outreach or emergency shelter, the recipient will provide services or shelter to homeless individuals and families for the period during which the ESG assistance is provided, without regard to a particular site or structure, so long the recipient serves the same type of persons (e.g., families with children, unaccompanied youth, disabled individuals, or victims of domestic violence) or persons in the same geographic area.

Renovation. Any renovation carried out with ESG assistance shall be sufficient to ensure that the building involved is safe and sanitary.

Supportive Services. The recipient will assist homeless individuals in obtaining permanent housing, appropriate supportive services (including medical and mental health treatment, victim services, counseling, supervision, and other services essential for achieving independent living), and other Federal, State, local, and private assistance available for these individuals.

Matching Funds. The recipient will obtain matching amounts required under 24 CFR 576.201.

Confidentiality. The recipient has established and is implementing procedures to ensure the confidentiality of records pertaining to any individual provided family violence prevention or treatment services under any project assisted under the ESG program, including protection against the release of the address or location of any family violence shelter project, except with the written authorization of the person responsible for the operation of that shelter.

Homeless Persons Involvement. To the maximum extent practicable, the recipient will involve, through employment, volunteer services, or otherwise, homeless individuals and families in constructing, renovating, maintaining, and operating facilities assisted under the ESG program, in providing services assisted under the ESG program, and in providing services for occupants of facilities assisted under the program.

Consolidated Plan. All activities the recipient undertakes with assistance under ESG are consistent with its consolidated plan.

Discharge Policy. The recipient will establish and implement, to the maximum extent practicable and where appropriate, policies and protocols for the discharge of persons from publicly funded institutions or systems of care (such as health care facilities, mental health facilities, foster care or other youth facilities, or correction programs and institutions) in order to prevent this discharge from immediately resulting in homelessness for these persons.

Signature of Authorized Official:		
Sley	02/23/2024	
Satya Rhodes-Conway, Mayor of Madison	Date	

\checkmark	This certification is applicable.
	This certification does not apply.

APPENDIX TO CERTIFICATIONS

INSTRUCTIONS CONCERNING LOBBYING CERTIFICATION:

Lobbying Certification

This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by section 1352, title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.