

FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED DECEMBER 8, 2020

NEW ISSUE
NOT BANK QUALIFIED

Moody's Rating: Aa2

The delivery of the Bonds is subject to the opinion of Kutak Rock LLP, Chicago, Illinois, Bond Counsel, to the effect that, under existing laws, regulations, rulings and judicial decisions, interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes and that, assuming continuing compliance with the applicable requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, interest on the Bonds will continue to be excludable from the gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes. Interest on the Bonds is not a specific preference item for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax. Interest on the Bonds is not exempt from Wisconsin income taxes. See "FEDERAL INCOME TAX TREATMENT OF INTEREST ON THE BONDS" herein.

\$17,440,000
City of Madison, Wisconsin
Sewer System Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2020-D
(the "Bonds")
(Book Entry Only)

Dated Date: Date of Delivery

**Interest Due: Each June 1 and December 1,
commencing June 1, 2021**

The Bonds will mature December 1 in the years and amounts as follows:

<u>Maturity</u> <u>(December 1)</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Interest</u> <u>Rate</u>	<u>Yield</u>	<u>CUSIP</u> <u>558605</u>	<u>Maturity</u> <u>(December 1)</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Interest</u> <u>Rate</u>	<u>Yield</u>	<u>CUSIP</u> <u>558605</u>
2021	\$1,520,000	5.00%	0.24%	GU 9	2029	\$915,000	1.00%	1.00%	HC 8
2022	\$1,560,000	5.00%	0.25%	GV 7	2030	\$920,000	1.15%	1.15%	HD 6
2023	\$1,635,000	5.00%	0.27%	GW 5	2031	\$935,000	1.25%	1.25%	HE 4
2024	\$1,710,000	5.00%	0.29%	GX 3	2032	\$945,000	1.35%	1.35%	HF 1
2025	\$1,800,000	2.00%	0.34%	GY 1	2033	\$960,000	1.45%	1.45%	HG 9
2026	\$845,000	2.00%	0.44%	GZ 8	2034	\$970,000	1.55%	1.55%	HH 7
2027	\$860,000	2.00%	0.55%	HA 2	2035	\$985,000	1.65%	1.65%	HJ 3
2028	\$880,000	4.00%	0.68%	HB 0					

The City of Madison, Wisconsin (the "City") may elect on December 1, 2028, and on any day thereafter, to redeem Bonds due on or after December 1, 2029 at a price of par plus accrued interest.

The Bonds will be special obligations of the City, payable solely from Net Revenues of the Sewer System of the City (the "System"), as defined herein. See "SECURITY" herein. The Bonds do not constitute a general obligation of the City or a charge against the general credit or taxing powers of the City. The proceeds of the Bonds will be used to (i) finance improvements to the City's sewer system, and (ii) refund the December 1, 2021 through December 1, 2025 maturities of the City's Taxable Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2010-F (Build America Bonds - Direct Pay), dated December 29, 2010.

The Bonds will be issued as fully registered bonds without coupons and, when issued, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"). DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. Individual purchases may be made in book entry form only, in the principal amount of \$5,000 and integral multiples thereof. Investors will not receive physical certificates representing their interest in the Bonds purchased. (See "Book Entry System" herein.) U.S. Bank National Association, Saint Paul, Minnesota will act as fiscal agent/registrant (the "Fiscal Agent/Registrar") for the Bonds. The Bonds will be available for delivery at DTC on or about December 22, 2020.

This cover page contains certain information for quick reference only. It is not a summary of the Bonds. Investors must read the entire Official Statement to obtain information essential to the making of an informed investment decision.

Please see the "UNDERWRITING" section herein for discussion regarding the Purchaser of the Bonds.

Baird

CITY OF MADISON, WISCONSIN

COMMON COUNCIL

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Syed Abbas, Vice President
Barbara Harrington-McKinney
Patrick W. Heck
Lindsay Lemmer
Michael Verveer
Shiva Bidar
Marsha A. Rummel
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Arvina Martin
Tag Evers
Grant A. Foster
Michael J. Tierney
Samba Baldeh
Rebecca Kemble
Keith Furman
Christian A. Albouras

MAYOR

Satya Rhodes-Conway

SENIOR APPOINTED STAFF

David P. Schmiedicke, Finance Director/City
Treasurer
Kwasi Obeng, Council Chief of Staff
Michelle Drea, City Assessor
Michael Haas, City Attorney
Maribeth Witzel-Behl, City Clerk
Norman Davis, Civil Rights Director
Tresa Fuchs-Martinez, Employee Assistance
Program Administrator
Steven Davis, Fire Chief
Harper Donahue, IV, Human Resources Director
Sarah Edgerton, Information Technology Director
Gregory Mickells, Library Director
Connie Thompson, Monona Terrace Director
Victor Wahl (acting), Police Chief
Janel Heinrich, Public Health Director
Robert Phillips, City Engineer
Mahanth Joishy, Fleet Service Superintendent

Eric Knepp, Park Superintendent
Charles Romines, Street Superintendent
Yang Tao, City Traffic Engineer
Sabrina Tolley, Parking Division Manager
Justin Stuehrenberg, Metro Transit General
Manager
Tom Heikkinen, Water Utility Manager
Matt Wachter, Planning & Community &
Economic Development Director
James O'Keefe, Community Development Division
Director
Matthew Mikolajewski, Economic Development
Division Director
Tom Conrad, Acting CDA Executive Director
George Hank, Building Inspection Division
Director
Heather Stouder, Planning Division Director
Thomas Lynch, Transportation Director

MUNICIPAL ADVISOR

Baker Tilly Municipal Advisors, LLC
Saint Paul, Minnesota and Madison, Wisconsin

BOND COUNSEL

Kutak Rock LLP
Chicago, Illinois

The Official Statement dated December 8, 2020 is a Final Official Statement within the meaning of Rule 15c2-12 of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The City designates the senior managing underwriter of the syndicate to which the Bonds are awarded as its agent for purposes of distributing copies of the Final Official Statement to each participating underwriter. By delivering an offer with respect to the purchase of the Bonds, the senior managing underwriter has agreed that (i) it accepts such designation and (ii) it shall enter into a contractual relationship with all participating underwriters of the Bonds for purposes of assuring the receipt by each such participating underwriter of the Final Official Statement.

No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized by the City to give any information or to make any representations with respect to the Bonds, other than as contained in the Preliminary Official Statement or the Final Official Statement, and if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the City.

Certain information contained in the Preliminary Official Statement or the Final Official Statement may have been obtained from sources other than records of the City and, while believed to be reliable, is not guaranteed as to completeness or accuracy. THE INFORMATION AND EXPRESSIONS OF OPINION IN THE PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT AND THE FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE, AND NEITHER THE DELIVERY OF THE PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT NOR THE FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT NOR ANY SALE MADE UNDER EITHER SUCH DOCUMENT SHALL CREATE ANY IMPLICATION THAT THERE HAS BEEN NO CHANGE IN THE AFFAIRS OF THE CITY SINCE THE RESPECTIVE DATE THEREOF.

References herein to laws, rules, regulations, resolutions, agreements, reports and other documents do not purport to be comprehensive or definitive. All references to such documents are qualified in their entirety by reference to the particular document, the full text of which may contain qualifications of and exceptions to statements made herein. Where full texts have not been included as appendices to the Preliminary Official Statement or the Final Official Statement, they will be furnished upon request.

Any CUSIP numbers for the Bonds included in the Final Official Statement are provided for convenience of the owners and prospective investors. The CUSIP numbers for the Bonds are assigned by an organization unaffiliated with the City. The City is not responsible for the selection of the CUSIP numbers and makes no representation as to the accuracy thereof as printed on the Bonds or as set forth in the Final Official Statement. No assurance can be given by the City that the CUSIP numbers for the Bonds will remain the same after the delivery of the Final Official Statement or the date of issuance and delivery of the Bonds.

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OFFICIAL STATEMENT

\$17,440,000

CITY OF MADISON, WISCONSIN

SEWER SYSTEM REVENUE AND REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2020-D

(BOOK ENTRY ONLY)

INTRODUCTORY STATEMENT

This Official Statement contains certain information relating to the City of Madison, Wisconsin (the “City”) and its issuance of \$17,440,000 Sewer System Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2020-D (the “Bonds”). The Bonds are being issued pursuant to Section 66.0621, Wisconsin Statutes and a resolution (the “Bond Resolution”) to be adopted by the Common Council of the City on December 1, 2020.

The Bonds are special obligations of the City payable solely from net income and revenues to be derived from the operation of the Sewer Utility (the “Utility” or the “System”) of the City and deposited into the Special Redemption Fund established in the Bond Resolution. The Bonds are also secured by a debt service reserve fund (the “Reserve Fund”) to be funded at Bond closing from amounts currently on deposit in the Reserve Fund and from available City funds. See “SECURITY” herein. The proceeds of the Bonds will be used to (i) finance improvements to the City's sewer system, and (ii) refund the December 1, 2021 through December 1, 2025 maturities of the City's Taxable Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2010-F (Build America Bonds - Direct Pay), dated December 29, 2010. The Bonds are being issued on a parity lien with the City's \$9,500,000 Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2012-D (the “Series 2012-D Bonds”); \$9,645,000 Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2014-C (the “Series 2014-C Bonds”); \$14,600,000 Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2016-D (the “Series 2016-D Bonds”); and \$12,500,000 Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2018-E (the “Series 2018-E Bonds”) together, the “Outstanding Bonds.”

This Official Statement speaks only to information and events as of the date of preparation. Events subsequent to that date will be included in subsequent financial statements prepared by the City and other documents serving to keep the public, elected officials, and investors informed of the City's finances.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

The Bond Resolution authorizes the City to enter into a Continuing Disclosure Undertaking (the “Undertaking”) pursuant to which the City will covenant and agree, for the benefit of the beneficial owners of the Bonds, to provide certain financial information and operating data relating to the City within 270 days after the close of the City's fiscal year (the “Annual Report”), and to provide, in a timely manner, notices of the occurrence of certain enumerated events, if material. An excerpt from the Bond Resolution pertaining to continuing disclosure is provided in Appendix III of this Official Statement. The Annual Report will be filed by the City with the Electronic Municipal Market Access System (“EMMA”) of the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (“MSRB”). The information to be contained in the Annual Report will consist of the annual audited financial statement of the City and updated operating information with respect to the information in the Official Statement contained under the caption “Sewer Utility.” Each annual audited financial statement will conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units prepared in accordance with standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The notices of material events and timely notice of any failure to file its Annual Report within the 270-day period will be filed by the City with EMMA.

The City's undertaking with respect to material events includes the occurrence of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds:

1. Principal and interest payment delinquencies;
2. Non-payment related defaults, if material;
3. Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
4. Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
5. Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
6. Adverse tax opinions or events affecting the tax-exempt status of the Bonds;
7. Modifications to rights of Note holders or Bond holders, if material;
8. Note or Bond calls, if material, and tender offers;
9. Defeasances;
10. Release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds, if material;
11. Rating changes;
12. Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or a similar event with respect to the City;
13. The consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving an obligated person or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the obligated person, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material; and
14. Appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material.
15. Incurrence of a Financial Obligation of the City, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a Financial Obligation of the City, any of which affect holders of the Securities, if material; and
16. Default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a Financial Obligation of the City, any of which reflect financial difficulties.

The City has agreed to the foregoing undertakings in order to assist participating underwriters of the Bonds and brokers, dealers and municipal securities dealers in complying with Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The City will provide the foregoing information for so long as Rule 15c2-12 is applicable to the Bonds and the City remains an "obligated person" under the Rule with respect to the Bonds. No provision of the Undertaking limits the remedies available to any beneficial owner of the Bonds with respect to the enforcement of the continuing disclosure covenants of the City described above. Failure to comply with the continuing disclosure covenants will not constitute an event of default under the Undertaking.

The City may amend the continuing disclosure undertakings upon a change in circumstances provided that (a) the undertakings, as amended, would have complied with the requirements of Rule 15(c)2-12(b)(5) at the time of this offering, after taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances and (b) in the opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel selected by the City, the amendment does not materially impair the interests of the beneficial owners of the Bonds.

The City believes it has complied for the past five years in accordance with the terms of its previous continuing disclosure undertakings entered into pursuant to the Rule.

Continuing disclosure information, as well as the City's budgets and audited financial statements, may also be found on the City's web page at the following: <http://www.cityofmadison.com/finance/>. Additional information, such as rating reports, may be added as they become available.

THE BONDS

General Description

The Bonds are dated as of the date of delivery and will mature annually on December 1 as set forth on the front cover of this Official Statement. The Bonds are issued in book entry form. Interest on the Bonds is payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year, commencing June 1, 2021. Interest will be payable to the holder (initially Cede & Co.) registered on the books of the Fiscal Agent/Registrar as of the fifteenth day of the calendar month next preceding such interest payment date. Interest will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months. Principal of and interest on the Bonds will be paid as described in the section herein entitled “Book Entry System.” U.S. Bank National Association, Saint Paul, Minnesota will serve as Fiscal Agent/Registrar for the Bonds, and the City will pay for fiscal agent/registrar services.

Redemption Provisions

Thirty days’ written notice of redemption shall be given to the registered owner(s) of the Bonds. Failure to give such written notice to any registered owner of the Bonds or any defect therein shall not affect the validity of any proceedings for the redemption of the Bonds. All Bonds or portions thereof called for redemption will cease to bear interest after the specified redemption date, provided funds for their redemption are on deposit at the place of payment.

Optional Redemption

The City may elect on December 1, 2028, and on any day thereafter, to redeem Bonds due on or after December 1, 2029. Redemption may be in whole or in part and if in part at the option of the City and in such manner as the City shall determine. If less than all the Bonds of a maturity are called for redemption, the City will notify DTC of the particular amount of such maturity to be redeemed. DTC will determine by lot the amount of each participant’s interest in such maturity to be redeemed and each participant will then select by lot the beneficial ownership interests in such maturity to be redeemed. All redemptions shall be at a price of par plus accrued interest.

Book Entry System

The Depository Trust Company (“DTC”), New York, New York, will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC’s partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered certificate will be issued for each maturity of the Bonds, each in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a “banking organization” within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a “clearing corporation” within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a “clearing agency” registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC’s participants (“Direct Participants”) deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants’ accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation (“DTCC”). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing

Corporation, and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly (“Indirect Participants”). DTC has a Standard & Poor’s rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC’s records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond (“Beneficial Owner”) is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants’ records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in the Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC’s partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC’s records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of the Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within a maturity are being redeemed, DTC’s practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such maturity to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC’s Money Market Instrument (MMI) procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the City as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.’s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co. or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC’s practice is to credit Direct Participants’ accounts upon DTC’s receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the City or its agent on the payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC’s records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in “street name,” and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC or the City,

subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the City or its agent, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the City or its agent. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The City may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the City believes to be reliable, but the City takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

RISK FACTORS

The following is a discussion of certain risks that could affect payments to be made by the City with respect to the Bonds. Such discussion is not, and is not intended to be, exhaustive and should not be considered as a complete description of all risks that could affect such payments. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should analyze carefully all the information contained in this Official Statement, including the Appendices hereto, and additional information in the form of the complete documents summarized herein, copies of which are available as described herein.

Potential Impacts Resulting from Coronavirus (COVID-19)

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization proclaimed the Coronavirus (COVID-19) to be a pandemic. In an effort to lessen the risk of transmission of COVID-19, the United States government, state governments, local governments and private industries have taken measures to limit social interactions in an effort to limit the spread of COVID-19, affecting business activities and impacting global, state and local commerce and financial markets. The emergence of COVID-19 and the spread thereof is an emerging and evolving issue. As the federal, state, and local governments, including the City, continue efforts to contain and limit the spread COVID-19 disease, future tax and other revenue collections may deviate from historical or anticipated collections and may have an adverse impact on the financial position and operations of the City and its ability to fund debt obligations, including the Bonds in accordance with its terms. The City is not able to predict and makes no representations as to the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the City or its financial position.

General

The Bonds are limited obligations of the City and are payable solely from the revenues generated from the operation of the System and from amounts in the Debt Service Reserve Fund and certain other accounts created under the Bond Resolution. No representation or assurance can be given that the System will realize revenues in amounts sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds. The realization of future revenues is dependent upon, among other things, the capabilities of the management of the System and future changes in economic and other conditions that are unpredictable and cannot be determined at this time. The risk factors discussed below should be considered in evaluating the ability of the City to make such payments.

The Bonds do not and shall not in any event constitute an indebtedness of the City or the State, and neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the City or the State is pledged to the payment of the principal of or interest on the Bonds, within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory limitation.

System Revenues

Should rates set be inadequate to cover expenses, an unusual number of delinquencies occur, or a major breakdown or other disaster cause the System to be inoperable, a shortfall of revenues could result in a delay of debt payments.

Larger Users

Should larger users increase or decrease usage of the water and sewer service currently provided, the revenues of the System will be affected proportionately.

Absence of Credit Enhancement

No form of credit enhancement will be or has been obtained in connection with the Bonds. No form of revenues other than the revenues derived by the City from the operation of the System will be available for the payment of the debt service on the Bonds. In the event revenues are not derived from the System or other sources for any reason, the ability of the City to pay debt service on the Bonds could be adversely affected.

Ratings; Interest Rates

In the future, the City's credit rating may be reduced or withdrawn, or interest rates for this type of obligation may rise generally, either possibility resulting in a reduction in the value of the Bonds for resale prior to maturity.

Continuing Disclosure

A failure by the City to comply with the Undertaking for continuing disclosure (see "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE" herein) will not constitute an event of default on the Bonds. Any such failure must be reported in accordance with the Undertaking and must be considered by any broker, dealer, or municipal securities dealer before recommending the purchase or sale of the Bonds in the secondary market. Such a failure may adversely affect the transferability and liquidity of the Bonds and their market price.

Book-Entry-Only System

The timely credit of payments for principal of and interest on the Bonds to the accounts of the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds may be delayed due to the customary practices, standing instructions or for other unknown reasons by DTC participants or indirect participants. Since the notice of redemption or other notices to holders of these obligations will be delivered by the City to DTC only, there may be a delay or failure by DTC, Direct Participants or Indirect Participants to notify the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds. See "THE BONDS – Book Entry System" herein.

Depository Risk

Wisconsin Statutes direct the City to immediately deposit upon receipt thereof the funds of the City in a public depository designated by the governing body. A public depository means a federal or state credit union, federal or state savings and loan association, state bank, savings and trust company, mutual savings bank or national bank in Wisconsin or the local government pooled investment fund operated by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. It is not uncommon for the City to have deposits exceeding limits of federal and state insurance programs. Failure of a depository could result in loss of public funds or a delay in obtaining them. Such a loss or delay could interrupt a timely payment of City debt.

Economy

A combination of economic, climactic, political or civil disruptions or terrorist actions could affect the local economy and result in reduced revenues and/or tax collections and/or increased demands upon the City.

Tax Exemption

If the federal government taxes all or a portion of the interest on municipal bonds or notes or if the state government increases its tax on interest on bonds and notes, directly or indirectly, or if there is a change in federal or state tax policy, then the value of the Bonds may fall for purposes of resale. Noncompliance by the City with the covenants in the Bond Resolution relating to certain continuing requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") may result in inclusion of interest to be paid on the Bonds in gross income of the recipient for United States income tax purposes, retroactively to the date of issuance.

Secondary Markets and Prices

Neither the City nor the purchaser will be obligated to repurchase any of the Bonds, and no representation is made concerning the existence of any secondary market for the Bonds. No assurance can be given that any secondary market will develop following the completion of the offering of the Bonds and no assurance can be given that the initial offering prices for the Bonds will continue for any period of time.

Forward-Looking Statements

This Official Statement contains certain statements that are "forward-looking" statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. All statements other than statements of historical facts included in this Official Statement, including without limitation statements that use terminology such as "project," "estimate," "plan," "budget," "expect," "intend," "anticipate," "believe," "may," "will," "continue" and similar expressions, are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements include, among other things, the discussions related to the City's operations, future operations, revenues, capital resources and expenditures for capital projects. Although the City believes that the assumptions upon which the forward-looking statements contained in this Official Statement are reasonable, any of the assumptions could prove to be inaccurate and, as a result, the forward-looking statements based on those assumptions also could be incorrect. The realization of future revenues of the City is dependent upon, among other things, the matters described in the foregoing paragraphs and future changes in economic and other conditions that are unpredictable and cannot be determined at this time. Therefore, investors should be aware that there are likely to be differences between forward looking statements and actual results. Those differences could be material and those differences could negatively impact the availability of Revenues of the System to pay debt service on the Bonds. Neither the City nor the underwriters make any representation as to the accuracy of any projections contained herein or as to the assumptions on which any projections are based.

Determination of Taxability

Failure by the City to comply with certain requirements imposed by applicable provisions of the Code may result in a determination by the Internal Revenue Service that interest on the Bonds is includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactive to the date of issuance. An initial determination of taxability with respect to the Bonds by the Internal Revenue Service could adversely affect the marketability and market price of the Bonds. A final determination of taxability would adversely affect the marketability and market price of the Bonds. No provision has been made for the mandatory redemption or acceleration of the Bonds or for an increase in the interest rate on the Bonds in the event that interest on the Bonds is finally determined to be includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes. See “FEDERAL INCOME TAX TREATMENT OF INTEREST ON THE BONDS” herein.

Additional Debt of the City

Upon the satisfaction of certain conditions set forth in the Bond Resolution, the City may issue additional Parity Bonds. See “ADDITIONAL BONDS” herein.

Summary

The foregoing is intended only as a summary of certain risk factors attendant to an investment in the Bonds. In order for potential investors to identify risk factors and make an informed investment decision, potential investors should become thoroughly familiar with this entire Official Statement and the Appendices hereto.

AUTHORITY AND PURPOSE

The Bonds are being issued pursuant to Wisconsin Statutes, Section 66.0621, and a resolution (the “Bond Resolution”) to be adopted by the Common Council of the City on December 1, 2020. The proceeds of the Bonds will be used to (i) finance improvements to the City's sewer system (the “Project Portion”), and (ii) refund the December 1, 2021 through December 1, 2025 maturities (the “Refunded Maturities”) of the City's Taxable Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2010-F (Build America Bonds - Direct Pay), dated December 29, 2010 (the “Refunded Bonds”) (the “Refunding Portion”).

The Refunding Portion of the Bonds has been structured as a current refunding, and is being issued to achieve debt service savings. It is anticipated that the Refunded Maturities will be called and prepaid at a price of par plus accrued interest on February 1, 2021, which is within 90 days of settlement of the Bonds.

SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

The composition of the Bonds is as follows:

Sources of Funds:	
Principal Amount	\$17,440,000.00
Reoffering Premium	1,287,095.45
City Cash Contribution	<u>157,640.69</u>
Total Sources of Funds	<u>\$18,884,736.14</u>
Uses of Funds:	
Deposit to Project Fund	\$13,000,000.00
Deposit to Current Refunding Fund	4,874,485.83
Deposit to Debt Service Reserve Fund	823,620.44
Underwriter's Compensation	117,022.40
Costs of Issuance	64,945.00
Deposit to Debt Service Fund (Rounding)	<u>4,662.47</u>
Total Uses of Funds	<u>\$18,884,736.14</u>

SECURITY

The Bonds are special obligations of the City payable solely from net revenues ("Net Revenues") of the City's Sewer System which have been set aside in the Special Redemption Fund created by the Bond Resolution. The Bonds do not constitute an indebtedness of the City within the meaning of the Constitution of the State of Wisconsin or a pledge of the full faith and credit of the City. Net Revenues are defined in the Bond Resolution as all revenues of the System and excluding any profits or losses on the sale or other disposition, not in the ordinary course of business, of fixed or capital assets, less Current Expenses. Current Expenses are defined in the Bond Resolution as the reasonable and necessary cost of operating, maintaining and repairing the System, including the costs of sewerage treatment at wholesale, salaries, wages, cost of materials and supplies, insurance and audits, but shall exclude depreciation, replacements, payment in lieu of taxes, and payments into the Special Redemption Fund.

The Bonds are being issued on a parity of lien with the Outstanding Bonds, which have \$51,585,000 outstanding as of December 22, 2020. The Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds together are referred to as the "Parity Bonds."

In the Bond Resolution, the City will covenant with Bondholders to make and collect reasonable and sufficient rates for services rendered by the System and to segregate the Revenues and to apply them to the funds as specified herein.

Pursuant to the issuance of the Series 2016-D Bonds, the City amended the definitions of Revenues and System for the Parity Bonds and the Bonds. This amendment applies to the prior resolutions (the "Prior Resolutions") for the Parity Bonds and for the Bond Resolution. The change to the definition of Revenues excludes landfill remediation fees. The change to the definition of System excludes the landfill as part of the entire sewer system. These changes are due to the City having closed five of its landfills (1967-1980). Remediation work on the landfills was completed in the mid-1990's to early 2000's while the City continues to monitor and maintain them.

The amendment only becomes effective at which time there is at least two-thirds consent by the bondholders. The purchasers of the Series 2016-D Bonds were deemed to have consented to the amendment. The purchasers of the Bonds and any future parity bond issuance will also be deemed as consented to the amendment so that over time the existing bondholders of any outstanding Parity Bonds, will meet the two-thirds requirement. Upon the issuance of the Bonds, the two-thirds consent by the bondholders is considered met.

The City has covenanted to increase or adjust such rates each year to the extent necessary to pay Current Expenses and any required deposit into the Reserve Account during the next succeeding fiscal year and to produce Net Revenues equal to not less than 1.25 times the debt service payable on the Parity Bonds during the next fiscal year. The City most recently raised sewer rates effective in May 2020. The Utility's 2019 Net Revenues are approximately 1.34 times the projected maximum annual debt service on the Bonds and Parity Bonds. (See "DEBT SERVICE AND COVERAGE" herein.)

The City will also covenant with Bondholders, among other things, to maintain the System in good condition and to operate it in an efficient manner and at reasonable cost; to maintain all such insurance as is customarily maintained with respect to utility systems of like character; to keep proper books and accounts and to have the books and accounts audited annually by a recognized firm of independent certified public accountants and to make available to Bondholders those audited financial statements.

The City will establish a debt service reserve in an amount equal to the lesser of ten percent of the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds or the maximum annual debt service on the Bonds then outstanding (the "Reserve Requirement"). The Reserve Requirement for the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds is estimated to be \$6,006,149 and will be fully funded upon settlement of the Bonds.

In addition, the City will pay to the System the reasonable cost and value of any services rendered by the System by furnishing services for public purposes. This is a legal obligation of the City which can be met in any of three ways:

1. Utilizing available funds on hand;
2. Levying taxes for this purpose; or
3. Utilizing other City funds, including borrowing money on promissory notes to fund general and current operating expenses.

FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS

The Bond Resolution continues the following funds and accounts which were established for the Outstanding Bonds.

All revenues shall be deposited in a fund to be known as the Sewer System Revenue Fund (the "Revenue Fund"), and shall be disbursed only as follows:

First for the payment of Current Expenses as the same become due and payable, and for the accumulation of an operating reserve in the Revenue Fund in an amount equal to one-twelfth (1/12) of the Current Expenses budgeted for the current fiscal year, which reserve may be used during the month for the payment of Current Expenses.

Next to make deposits into the Special Redemption Fund to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds as the same become due and to maintain a reserve for such payment. The Special Redemption Fund shall be divided into three separate Accounts, to be known as the Interest Account, the Principal Account and the Reserve Account, respectively.

1. *Interest Account.* On or before each Interest Payment Date, there shall be deposited into the Interest Account an amount that will be sufficient to pay the interest coming due on all of the Parity Bonds on such Interest Payment Date. Money in the Interest Account shall be used solely to pay interest on the Parity Bonds as the same comes due.
2. *Principal Account.* On or before each Principal Payment Date, there shall be deposited into the Principal Account an amount that will be sufficient to pay the principal of the Parity Bonds coming due on such Principal Payment Date. Money in the Principal Account shall be used solely to pay principal of the Parity Bonds either at maturity or upon call for redemption.
3. *Reserve Account.* An initial deposit into the Reserve Account in an aggregate amount equal to the Reserve Requirement shall be made on the date of issuance of the Bonds. To the degree required to correct any deficiency in the Reserve Account, an amount equal to the difference between the Reserve Requirement and any current amount maintained in the Reserve Account shall be deposited in the Reserve Account on each Interest Payment Date from available Net Revenues after the required payments have been made to the Interest Account and the Principal Account until the required balance has been attained. Upon the issuance of Additional Bonds, an additional amount shall be immediately deposited into the Reserve Account (and credited to such subaccount therein as shall be specified in the supplemental resolution authorizing such Additional Bonds) sufficient to meet the Reserve Requirement (determined after giving effect to the issuance of such Additional Bonds). When the amount in the Reserve Account shall be equal to or exceed the Reserve Requirement as to all Outstanding Bonds, no further deposit need be made into the Reserve Account, except to maintain said Account at such level. Whenever it shall become necessary to use money in the Reserve Account, the payments required above shall immediately be continued or resumed and replaced therein from the first available money until amounts shall have been restored to the required minimum. Reserve Account Assets or moneys (or a combination of both) may be used to satisfy the Reserve Requirement. Moneys deposited in the Reserve Account to cure any deficiency shall be used first to repay the provider of a Reserve Account Asset any amount due such provider, including interest. Except as otherwise provided in the next preceding sentence, money in the Reserve Account shall be used solely for the purpose of paying interest on or principal of the Bonds.

All moneys in the Special Redemption Fund shall constitute trust funds irrevocably pledged for the payment of the principal of, and interest upon, the Parity Bonds, and such moneys shall, under no circumstances, be utilized for any other purpose until all of the Parity Bonds shall have been retired or provision for the retirement made in accordance with the provisions of the Bond Resolution.

Next, money in the Revenue Fund shall be used to pay principal of and interest (including reasonable reserves therefor) on any other obligations or indebtedness that by their terms are payable from the Revenues of the System but are subordinate to the Parity Bonds and have been issued for the purpose of renewals, replacements, extensions or improvements to the System.

All moneys thereafter remaining in the Revenue Fund on any Interest Payment Date shall be considered surplus and may be used for any lawful purpose of the Utility, including the making of payments into the general fund of the City in lieu of ad valorem taxes.

ADDITIONAL BONDS

The City will issue no other bonds or obligations of any kind or nature payable from or enjoying a lien or claim on the Revenues of the System having priority over the Parity Bonds. Additional Bonds may be issued on a parity and equality of rank with the Parity Bonds for the following purposes and under the following conditions, but not otherwise:

1. For the purpose of refunding any outstanding Parity Bonds under circumstances not resulting in the defeasance of all of the Parity Bonds and/or for the making of improvements, extensions, renewals or replacements to the System, if all of the following conditions have been met:
 - A. The Net Revenues of the System for the last completed fiscal year for which audited financial statements are available immediately preceding the issuance of such proposed Parity Bonds, as evidenced by the annual audits, must have been equal to at least 1.25 times maximum annual debt service computed with respect to the Additional Bonds proposed to be issued and all outstanding Parity Bonds other than any Parity Bonds intended to be refunded by the proposed Additional Bonds, provided, however, that if prior to the authorization of such Additional Bonds the City shall have adopted and put into effect a revised schedule of rates for services furnished by the System, then the Net Revenues for the fiscal year immediately preceding, as certified by an independent certified public accountant not in the employ of the City on a salary basis, that would have resulted from such rates had they been in effect for such period, may be used in lieu of the actual Net Revenues for such fiscal year;
 - B. The payments required to be made into the various Funds and Accounts must be current; and
 - C. The Additional Bonds must be payable as to principal on December 1 of each year in which principal falls due and payable as to interest on June 1 and December 1 of each year.
2. Without regard to the requirements of the preceding paragraph (1):
 - A. For the purpose of refunding any of the Parity Bonds that shall have matured or have become subject to mandatory redemption, or that shall mature or become subject to mandatory redemption not later than three months after the date of delivery of such refunding Bonds and for the payment of which there shall be insufficient money in the Special Redemption Fund; or
 - B. For the purpose of refunding any outstanding Parity Bonds under circumstances not resulting in the defeasance of all of the Parity Bonds provided that the maximum annual debt service computed with respect to all Parity Bonds to be outstanding as of the date of issuance of such refunding bonds (and after giving effect to the application of the proceeds thereof) shall not be greater than one hundred five percent (105%) of the maximum annual debt service computed with respect to all Parity Bonds outstanding as of the date immediately preceding the issuance of such refunding bonds.

SEWER UTILITY

The Madison Sewer Utility (the "Utility") is a public utility as defined by Section 66.0621 of the Wisconsin Statutes and Chapter 35 of the Madison General Ordinances in order to operate and maintain the public sewerage system of the City of Madison (the "City"). The Utility is managed by the City Engineer under the direction of the Board of Public Works.

The specific function of the Utility is to maintain the 794 miles of sanitary sewer mains and 30 sanitary sewerage lift stations to convey wastewater to the interceptors and wastewater treatment plant of the Madison Metropolitan Sewerage District.

Maintenance of the Utility's system is accomplished by employees within the Engineering Division. The City has a long-standing preventative maintenance strategy to prevent sewer blockages. The Engineering Division also has the capability to televise and repair mains and build sewers. Major repairs and maintenance are competitively bid as public works contracts.

The Madison Metropolitan Sewerage District (the “District”) is a body corporate with powers of a municipal corporation for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of Section 200.01 to 200.15 of the Wisconsin State Statutes. The District collects, treats and disposes of wastewater from approximately twenty-six cities, villages and town sanitary districts in the central portion of Dane County. Approximately 65.33% of the wastewater received by the District is from the Utility.

Annual Sewer Flow

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Flow (CCF)*	10,772,028	10,680,964	10,119,331	10,117,352	9,831,998
Flow (million gallons)	8,057	7,989	7,569	7,568	7,354

* CCF = 100 cubic feet, which equals 748 gallons.

Note: The transition from semi-annual to monthly billing occurred in the middle of 2014 so some customer data reflects more than twelve months of usage. This is a one-time issue.

Number of Sanitary Sewer Customers by Class and Year

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Residential	57,364	57,335	56,395	58,868	59,316
Commercial	8,871	8,936	9,213	9,225	9,305
Industrial	54	55	73	81	82
Governmental	<u>617</u>	<u>640</u>	<u>668</u>	<u>669</u>	<u>684</u>
Total	66,906	66,966	66,349	68,843	69,387

Sewer Utility Top Ten Customers

	<u>2019</u> <u>Amount Billed</u>	<u>2019</u> <u>Flow in Gallons</u>
University of Wisconsin	\$2,980,881	730,834,138
Danisco	1,029,295	67,715,129
Mendota State Hospital	477,690	89,600,000
City of Madison	293,630	41,080,912
Dane County	263,955	56,086,298
Covance	256,027	68,491,479
Schoep’s Ice Cream	186,721	11,561,778
St Mary’s Hospital	170,427	43,843,155
Aramark	165,407	43,556,527
Meriter Hospital	<u>134,557</u>	<u>36,111,035</u>
Total	\$5,958,590	1,188,880,451
Percent of 2019 Total	15.0%	16.8%

Notes: Dollar amounts may vary slightly due to adjustments and the variability of meter types (demands) serving these customers.

Although the State of Wisconsin (the “State”) is one of the largest utility customers, each State building has its own meter and is billed separately. No single combined billing is available.

Sewer Charges

The City charges both a fixed demand charge for each meter and a volume charge based on usage. For those users who are not required or do not elect to monitor the characteristics of the wastewater discharge (generally domestic strength wastewater), volume is based on water usage. For those customers who do monitor the characteristics of their wastewater, sewage discharge volume is metered.

The Common Council may set Utility charges without the approval of the Wisconsin Public Service Commission. The most recent change in Utility charges became effective in May 2020.

Bills for sewer service, including landfill remediation charges, are currently rendered monthly, together with the water utility bills, and become due and payable upon issuance following the period for which service is rendered. A late payment charge of one percent per month will be added to bills not paid within 20 days of issuance. This late payment charge will be applied to the total unpaid balance for Utility service, including unpaid late payment charges. The Utility customer may be given a written notice that the bill is overdue no sooner than 20 days after the bill is issued. Unless payment or satisfactory arrangement for payment is made within the next eight days, service may be disconnected pursuant to Section 66.0821(5), Wisconsin Statutes. Any bills delinquent at the time tax bills are rendered are included on the tax bill and become a lien on the property.

Selected semi-annual Utility charges for the past five years are as follows:

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Demand Charges –					
Water Only Meter					
5/8 inch meter	\$ 16.08	\$ 15.18	\$ 16.20	\$ 13.74	\$ 13.85
3/4 inch meter	16.08	15.18	16.20	13.74	13.85
1 inch meter	26.70	24.90	26.64	23.58	23.75
2 inch meter	65.76	60.36	64.86	59.58	60.05
4 inch meter	186.48	169.98	183.00	170.94	172.25
6 inch meter	363.96	331.26	356.76	334.68	337.25
Demand Charges - Sewer Meter					
5/8 inch meter	\$ 85.56	\$ 85.14	\$ 86.94	\$ 77.28	\$ 73.80
3/4 inch meter	85.56	85.14	86.94	77.28	73.80
1 inch meter	172.98	171.30	175.38	157.56	149.93
2 inch meter	493.68	487.32	499.62	452.10	429.05
4 inch meter	1,484.76	1,463.94	1,501.74	1,362.48	1,291.80
6 inch meter	2,942.28	2,900.22	2,975.52	2,701.20	2,560.55
12 inch meter	9,355.26	9,219.72	9,460.02	8,591.70	8,143.05
Regular Volume					
Charge per CCF	\$2.5196	\$ 2.2465	\$ 2.0487	\$ 1.9978	\$ 1.8876

Those customers who are required to be monitored are charged for volume and Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand (CBOD), Suspended Solids (SS), Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN) and Total Phosphorous (TP).

Landfill Remediation Fee

In February 1993, the City instituted Landfill Remediation Fees to finance the remediation of the City's landfills. These fees are collected in addition to Utility user charges and will be reduced to a level necessary to meet the ongoing monitoring and maintenance expenses as the bonds issued to finance the remediation are retired. The semi-annual fees currently in effect are:

5/8 inch meter	\$ 4.20
3/4 inch meter	4.20
1 inch meter	13.20
1-1/2 inch meter	31.20
2 inch meter	56.40
3 inch meter	124.20
4 inch meter	234.60
6 inch meter	558.60
8 inch meter	1,005.00
10 inch meter	1,668.00
12 inch meter	2,389.80

Landfill Remediation Fees collected during 2018 and 2019 were \$713,325, and \$825,541 respectively.

Average Residential Utility Bill

The semi-annual bill, including Landfill Remediation Fee, for an average residential customer for the past five years has been:

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Average 6 Month Bill	\$144.16	\$149.58	\$159.01	\$165.43	\$171.22

Sewer Utility Fund Liquidity

<u>Days Cash on Hand</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Cash, Cash Equivalents And Investments ('000)	\$ 19,251,259	\$ 26,342,106	\$ 20,664,590	\$ 19,717,833	\$ 8,866,520
Total Operating Expenses (excluding Depreciation)	\$ 26,528,035	\$ 30,178,299	\$ 29,551,555	\$ 32,313,830	\$ 33,524,128
Days Cash on Hand	265	319	255	223	97

Financial Statements

The System's financial operations are accounted for as an enterprise fund in the City's financial statements. The tables on the following pages provide the "Statement of Net Position" and "Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position" for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2015 through 2019 for the City's Sewer Utility Fund and the debt service and coverage. The financial statement information was taken from the City's audited financial statements.

CITY OF MADISON, WISCONSIN

**SEWER UTILITY
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
For the Years Ended December 31,**

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash and investments	\$ 19,251,259	\$ 26,342,106	\$ 20,664,590	\$ 19,717,833	\$ 8,866,520
Accounts receivable (net)	75,661	125,820	102,323	115,979	3,325,429
Accrued revenue	604	2,811	503	400	1,760
Due from other funds	4,718,335	3,971,640	4,156,171	4,641,420	1,328,817
Due from other governmental units	5,007	2,400	73,890	82,696	30,302
Prepaid Items	40,309	44,384	44,894	38,353	47,258
Total Current Assets	<u>24,091,175</u>	<u>30,489,161</u>	<u>25,042,371</u>	<u>24,596,681</u>	<u>13,600,086</u>
Noncurrent Assets					
Restricted Assets					
Net pension asset	456,254	-	-	592,870	-
Cash and investments	3,895,698	5,932,937	5,139,893	6,942,002	5,182,583
Capital Assets					
Land	2,289,332	2,462,272	2,563,560	2,588,896	2,829,201
Construction work in progress	2,912,847	4,209,147	1,136,983	7,980,178	5,350,779
Plant in service (at cost)	140,315,867	147,431,556	157,201,203	162,475,944	174,405,566
Total Capital Assets	145,518,046	154,102,975	160,901,746	173,045,018	182,585,546
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(27,106,919)	(29,059,603)	(31,031,952)	(32,327,399)	(34,472,974)
Net Capital Assets	<u>118,411,127</u>	<u>125,043,372</u>	<u>129,869,794</u>	<u>140,717,619</u>	<u>148,112,572</u>
Other Property and Investments					
Special assessments receivable	5,324,880	5,179,949	5,625,384	6,566,262	5,552,939
Total Other Property and Investments	<u>5,324,880</u>	<u>5,179,949</u>	<u>5,625,384</u>	<u>6,566,262</u>	<u>5,552,939</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 152,179,134</u>	<u>\$ 166,645,419</u>	<u>\$ 165,677,442</u>	<u>\$ 179,415,434</u>	<u>\$ 172,448,180</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows related to pension	479,337	1,773,078	1,259,194	1,094,036	2,016,742
Other post-employment benefits related amounts	-	-	-	-	79,263
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>479,337</u>	<u>1,773,078</u>	<u>1,259,194</u>	<u>1,094,036</u>	<u>2,096,005</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY					
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 5,144,492	\$ 5,710,971	\$ 5,685,445	\$ 6,420,178	\$ 6,596,639
Accrued liabilities	-	-	-	141,473	167,888
Deposits	123,273	170,686	182,544	134,900	102,250
Current portion of advances from other funds	313,406	419,579	92,668	-	-
Current portion of accrued compensated absences	-	-	324,338	342,135	197,592
Unearned revenues	-	-	-	153,891	159,095
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets					
Accrued liabilities	107,558	137,975	132,908	157,033	131,465
Current maturities of revenue bonds	2,605,000	3,455,000	3,545,000	4,320,000	3,605,000
Total Current Liabilities	<u>8,293,729</u>	<u>9,894,211</u>	<u>9,962,903</u>	<u>11,669,610</u>	<u>10,959,929</u>
Long-Term Debt Net of Current Maturities:					
Revenue Bonds, including unamortized premium	31,510,796	43,272,005	39,355,834	48,286,786	40,737,529
Advances from other funds	-	320,560	-	-	-
Accrued compensated absences	575,952	575,952	575,952	575,952	-
Total Long-Term Debt	<u>32,086,748</u>	<u>44,168,517</u>	<u>39,931,786</u>	<u>48,862,738</u>	<u>40,737,529</u>
Other Noncurrent Liabilities					
Other post-employment benefits	-	-	253,123	1,243,475	1,444,626
Net pension liability	-	-	166,575	-	732,281
Accrued compensated absences	-	-	-	-	737,339
Total Other Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>419,698</u>	<u>1,243,475</u>	<u>2,914,246</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>\$ 40,380,477</u>	<u>\$ 54,062,728</u>	<u>\$ 50,314,387</u>	<u>\$ 61,775,823</u>	<u>\$ 54,611,704</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension related amounts	\$ 98	\$ 678,642	\$ 532,751	\$ 1,173,521	\$ 1,048,489
Other post-employment benefits related amounts	-	-	-	108,718	139,966
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$ 98</u>	<u>\$ 678,642</u>	<u>\$ 532,751</u>	<u>\$ 1,282,239</u>	<u>\$ 1,188,455</u>
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	85,259,018	80,128,878	87,756,711	89,519,864	104,375,510
Restricted for debt service	2,824,453	4,137,098	4,219,234	5,375,938	4,445,643
Restricted for pension	456,254	-	-	592,870	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	23,738,171	29,411,151	24,113,553	21,962,736	9,922,873
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ 112,277,896</u>	<u>\$ 113,677,127</u>	<u>\$ 116,089,498</u>	<u>\$ 117,451,408</u>	<u>\$ 118,744,026</u>

Source: City of Madison, Wisconsin Financial Statements for fiscal years December 31, 2015 through 2019.

CITY OF MADISON, WISCONSIN
SEWER UTILITY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND
CHANGES IN NET POSITION

For the Years Ended December 31,

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
OPERATING REVENUES	\$ 32,845,454	\$ 34,293,941	\$ 36,080,764	\$ 37,923,065	\$ 40,947,494
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Operation and maintenance	26,528,035	30,178,299	29,551,555	32,313,830	33,524,128
Depreciation	2,114,588	2,183,234	2,298,331	2,428,947	2,702,383
Total Operating Expenses	<u>28,642,623</u>	<u>32,361,533</u>	<u>31,849,886</u>	<u>34,742,777</u>	<u>36,226,511</u>
Operating Income (Loss)	<u>4,202,831</u>	<u>1,932,408</u>	<u>4,230,878</u>	<u>3,180,288</u>	<u>4,720,983</u>
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Investment income	344,709	385,737	665,664	549,674	662,476
Interest and amortization	(1,221,609)	(1,163,943)	(1,474,993)	(1,512,078)	(1,663,068)
Issuance costs	-	-	-	(112,507)	-
Gain (Loss) on sale of assets	(327,009)	(88,614)	(197,528)	(332,958)	(77,603)
Special assessments	811,766	463,632	1,628,057	2,077,458	222,791
Noncapitalized infrastructure improvements	(2,817,751)	(1,017,120)	(2,894,314)	(2,096,044)	(4,490,029)
Miscellaneous revenues	156,877	150,784	128,914	122,244	128,193
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)	<u>(3,053,017)</u>	<u>(1,269,524)</u>	<u>(2,144,200)</u>	<u>(1,304,211)</u>	<u>(5,217,240)</u>
Income (Loss) Before Transfers and Capital Contributions	<u>1,149,814</u>	<u>662,884</u>	<u>2,086,678</u>	<u>1,876,077</u>	<u>(496,257)</u>
TRANSFERS					
Transfers in	1,094,091	519,796	2,629	75,369	667,544
Transfers out	(262,981)	(202,487)	(189,918)	(193,174)	(203,009)
Net Transfers	<u>831,110</u>	<u>317,309</u>	<u>(187,289)</u>	<u>(117,805)</u>	<u>464,535</u>
Net Income (Loss) Before Contributions	1,980,924	980,193	1,899,389	1,758,272	(31,722)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	359,779	419,038	512,982	612,779	1,324,337
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	2,340,703	1,399,231	2,412,371	2,371,051	1,292,615
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year (as restated)	<u>109,937,193</u>	<u>112,277,896</u>	<u>113,677,127</u>	<u>115,080,357</u>	<u>117,451,411</u>
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 112,277,896</u>	<u>\$ 113,677,127</u>	<u>\$ 116,089,498</u>	<u>\$ 117,451,408</u>	<u>\$ 118,744,026</u>

Source: City of Madison, Wisconsin Financial Statements for fiscal years December 31, 2015 through 2019.

**MADISON SEWER UTILITY
DEBT SERVICE AND COVERAGE**

Existing Parity Debt					Series 2020-D Bonds (Refunding Portion)(a)	Series 2020-D Bonds (Project Portion)(a)	Total Debt Service	Coverage to 2019 Net Revenues(b)
Calendar Year	Series 2012-D Bonds	Series 2014-C Bonds	Series 2016-D Bonds	Series 2018-E Bonds				
2021	\$ 752,768.75	\$ 860,875.00	\$ 1,271,431.25	\$ 1,115,237.50	\$ 1,001,647.50	\$ 1,004,188.94	\$ 6,006,148.94	1.35
2022	748,568.75	859,875.00	1,269,306.25	1,113,237.50	996,900.00	1,003,032.50	5,990,920.00	1.35
2023	755,468.75	862,375.00	1,271,681.25	1,115,237.50	994,650.00	1,002,282.50	6,001,695.00	1.35
2024	756,968.75	861,825.00	1,273,431.25	1,116,037.50	985,400.00	1,004,782.50	5,998,445.00	1.35
2025	762,306.25	859,200.00	1,270,681.25	1,115,637.50	989,400.00	1,005,282.50	6,002,507.50	1.35
2026	771,331.25	860,400.00	1,270,681.25	1,114,037.50	-	1,003,682.50	5,020,132.50	1.61
2027	773,875.00	857,900.00	1,269,481.25	1,116,237.50	-	1,001,782.50	5,019,276.25	1.61
2028	-	859,800.00	1,272,381.25	1,112,037.50	-	1,004,582.50	4,248,801.25	1.90
2029	-	858,000.00	1,272,850.00	1,111,637.50	-	1,004,382.50	4,246,870.00	1.90
2030	-	-	1,270,800.00	1,114,837.50	-	1,000,232.50	3,385,870.00	2.39
2031	-	-	1,268,800.00	1,116,437.50	-	1,004,652.50	3,389,890.00	2.39
2032	-	-	-	1,111,437.50	-	1,002,965.00	2,114,402.50	3.82
2033	-	-	-	1,112,800.00	-	1,005,207.50	2,118,007.50	3.82
2034	-	-	-	-	-	1,001,287.50	1,001,287.50	8.08
2035	-	-	-	-	-	1,001,252.50	1,001,252.50	8.08
Total	\$ 5,321,287.50	\$ 7,740,250.00	\$13,981,525.00	\$14,484,850.00	\$ 4,967,997.50	\$ 15,049,596.44	\$ 61,545,506.44	

(a) Includes debt service on the Bonds based on the interest rates shown on the cover of this Official Statement.

(b) Calculation of 2019 Net Revenues as noted below.

2019 Net Revenues	
Operating Revenues	\$40,947,494
Operating Expenses	(36,226,511)
Net Operating Income	\$4,720,983
Add Back Depreciation	2,702,383
Nonoperating Revenues	662,476
Net Revenues Available for Debt Service	\$8,085,842

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FUTURE FINANCING

The City does not anticipate issuing any additional long-term debt within the next 90 days.

LITIGATION

The City is not aware of any threatened or pending litigation affecting the validity of the Bonds or the City's ability to meet its financial obligations.

LEGALITY

The Bonds are subject to approval as to certain matters by Kutak Rock LLP of Chicago, Illinois, as Bond Counsel. Bond Counsel has not participated in the preparation of this Official Statement except for guidance concerning the following section, "FEDERAL INCOME TAX TREATMENT OF INTEREST ON THE BONDS," and will not pass upon its accuracy, completeness, or sufficiency. Bond Counsel has not examined nor attempted to examine or verify, any of the financial or statistical statements, or data contained in this Official Statement, and will express no opinion with respect thereto. A legal opinion in substantially the form set out in Appendix II herein will be delivered at closing.

FEDERAL INCOME TAX TREATMENT OF INTEREST ON THE BONDS

In General

In the opinion of Kutak Rock LLP, Chicago, Illinois, Bond Counsel, under existing laws, regulations, rulings and judicial decisions, interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes and is not a specific preference item for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax. The opinion described in the preceding sentence assumes the accuracy of certain representations and compliance by the City with covenants designed to satisfy the requirements of the Code that must be met subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds. Failure to comply with such requirements could cause interest on the Bonds to be included in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactive to the date of issuance of the Bonds. The City has covenanted to comply with such requirements. Bond Counsel has expressed no opinion regarding other federal tax consequences arising with respect to the Bonds. Interest on the Bonds is not exempt from present Wisconsin income or franchise taxes.

Backup Withholding

As a result of the enactment of the Tax Increase Prevention and Reconciliation Act of 2005, interest on tax-exempt obligations such as the Bonds is subject to information reporting in a manner similar to interest paid on taxable obligations. Backup withholding may be imposed on payments made to any Noteholder who fails to provide certain required information including an accurate taxpayer identification number to any person required to collect such information pursuant to Section 6049 of the Code. The new reporting requirement does not in and of itself affect or alter the excludability of interest on the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes or any other federal tax consequence of purchasing, holding or selling tax-exempt obligations.

Changes in Federal and State Tax Law

From time to time, there are legislative proposals in the Congress and in the states that, if enacted, could alter or amend the federal and state tax matters referred to above or adversely affect the market value of the Bonds. It cannot be predicted whether or in what form any such proposal might be enacted or whether if enacted it would apply to bonds issued prior to enactment. In addition, regulatory actions are from time to time announced or proposed and litigation is threatened or commenced which, if implemented or concluded in a particular manner, could adversely affect the market value of the Bonds. It cannot be predicted whether any such regulatory action will be implemented, how any particular litigation or judicial action will be resolved, or whether the Bonds or the market value thereof would be impacted thereby. Purchasers of the Bonds should consult their tax advisors regarding any pending or proposed legislation, regulatory initiatives or litigation. The opinions expressed by Bond Counsel are based upon existing legislation and regulations as interpreted by relevant judicial and regulatory authorities as of the date of issuance and delivery of the Bonds and Bond Counsel has expressed no opinion as of any date subsequent thereto or with respect to any pending legislation, regulatory initiatives or litigation.

Original Issue Premium

The Bonds being issued with original issue premium are collectively referred to herein as the “Premium Bonds.” An amount equal to the excess of the issue price of a Premium Bond over its stated redemption price at maturity constitutes premium on such Premium Bond. An initial purchaser of a Premium Bond must amortize any premium over such Premium Bond’s term using constant yield principles, based on the purchaser’s yield to maturity (or, in the case of Premium Bonds callable prior to their maturity, by amortizing the premium to the call date, based on the purchaser’s yield to the call date and giving effect to the call premium). As premium is amortized, the amount of the amortization offsets a corresponding amount of interest for the period and the purchaser’s basis in such Premium Bond is reduced by a corresponding amount resulting in an increase in the gain (or decrease in the loss) to be recognized for federal income tax purposes upon a sale or disposition of such Premium Bond prior to its maturity. Even though the purchaser’s basis may be reduced, no federal income tax deduction is allowed. Purchasers of the Premium Bonds should consult with their tax advisors with respect to the determination and treatment of premium for federal income tax purposes and with respect to the state and local tax consequences of owning a Premium Bond.

NOT BANK-QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS

The City will not designate the Bonds as “qualified tax-exempt obligations” for purposes of Section 265(b)(3) of the Code relating to the ability of financial institutions to deduct from income for federal income tax purposes interest expense that is allocable to carrying and acquiring tax-exempt obligations.

RATING

Moody’s Investors Service (“Moody’s”), 7 World Trade Center, 250 Greenwich Street, 23rd Floor, New York, New York has assigned a rating of “Aa2” to the Bonds. The rating reflects only the opinion of Moody’s. Any explanation of the significance of the rating may be obtained only from Moody’s.

There is no assurance that a rating will continue for any given period of time, or that such rating will not be revised, suspended or withdrawn, if, in the judgment of Moody’s, circumstances so warrant. A revision, suspension or withdrawal of a rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

MUNICIPAL ADVISOR

The City has retained Baker Tilly Municipal Advisors, LLC, of Saint Paul, Minnesota, and Madison, Wisconsin as municipal advisor in connection with certain aspects of the issuance of the Bonds. In preparing this Official Statement, Baker Tilly Municipal Advisors, LLC has relied upon governmental officials, and other sources, who have access to relevant data to provide accurate information for this Official Statement. Baker Tilly Municipal Advisors, LLC has not been engaged, nor has it undertaken, to independently verify the accuracy of such information. Baker Tilly Municipal Advisors, LLC is an independent advisory firm, registered as a municipal advisor, and is not engaged in the business of underwriting, trading or distributing municipal securities or other public securities.

Baker Tilly US, LLP (formerly Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP), a separate division of the Municipal Advisor, performed the independent audit of the financial statements of the City for the year ended December 31, 2019 and is currently engaged as the independent auditor for the City.

CERTIFICATION

The City has authorized the distribution of the Preliminary Official Statement for use in connection with the initial sale of the Bonds and a Final Official Statement following award of the Bonds. The Purchaser will be furnished with a certificate signed by the appropriate officers of the City stating that the City examined each document and that, as of the respective date of each and the date of such certificate, each document did not and does not contain any untrue statement of material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary, in order to make the statements made therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

UNDERWRITING

An underwriting syndicate managed by Robert W. Baird & Co., Incorporated in Milwaukee, Wisconsin with co-managers C.L. King & Associates, Inc.; Fidelity Capital Markets; Edward Jones; Colliers Securities LLC; Loop Capital Markets, LLC; Crews & Associates, Inc.; Davenport & Company LLC; Duncan-Williams, Inc.; Sierra Pacific Securities, LLC; Isaak Bond Investments; Bernardi Securities, Inc.; Oppenheimer & Co. Inc.; Wintrust Investments, LLC; SumRidge Partners, LLC; Country Club Bank; Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, Incorporated; Midland Securities Limited; BOK Financial Securities, Inc.; First Kentucky Securities Corporation; RBC Capital Markets; Multi-Bank Securities, Inc.; First Southern Securities, LLC; Commerce Bank; 280 Securities LLC; Dinosaur Securities, LLC; First Bankers' Banc Securities Inc.; Mountainside Securities LLC; and StoneX Financial Inc. (collectively, the "Purchaser") has agreed to purchase the Bonds from the City for a purchase price of \$18,610,073.05 (representing the principal amount of \$17,440,000.00, plus a reoffering premium of \$1,287,095.45, and less the underwriter's compensation of \$117,022.40). The Bonds are being offered for sale by the Purchaser to the public at the prices shown on the front cover of this Official Statement.

GENERAL, ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL INFORMATION RELATING TO THE CITY OF MADISON

General Information

The City of Madison is located approximately 150 miles northwest of Chicago, Illinois and 75 miles west of Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Madison is Wisconsin's second largest city with an estimated population of 257,197, and a land area of approximately 79.75 square miles. The City is the Wisconsin state capital and is home to the University of Wisconsin-Madison.

The Madison Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area (SMSA) ranks high in census categories describing educational attainment. According to Census Bureau, the Madison SMSA ranked high among the 323 United States SMSAs in percent of residents 25 years and older having completed high school, and of residents having four years of college or more. Comparable figures for the City itself show over 95.3% having completed high school and 57.9% completing at least four years of college.

Madison's population increased from 170,616 in 1980 to 257,197 as of January 1, 2020. Between 1999 and 2019, the median value of single-family homes rose 123% from \$141,156 to \$315,200*.

* From 2018 to 2019, the median value of single family homes increased 4.7%, from \$300,967 to \$315,200.

Mayor/Council Powers

The Common Council has the management and control of the City property, finances, highways, navigable waters, and the public service and has power to act for the government and the good order of the City, for its commercial benefit and for the health, safety, and welfare of the public. It may carry out its powers by license, regulation, suppression, borrowing of money, tax levy, appropriation, fine, confiscation and other necessary or convenient means.

The Mayor is the chief executive officer of the City. The Mayor has veto power as to all acts of the Common Council, except those as to which it is expressly or by necessary implication otherwise provided. A two-thirds vote of all the members of the Common Council shall then make an act effective, notwithstanding a veto by the Mayor.

The Mayor has the general supervisory responsibility of all City officers and heads of departments in the performance of their official duties. The Mayor is authorized under State Statutes and City Ordinances to appoint department heads, citizen officials and employees to various boards, committees and commissions, all subject to Common Council confirmation.

Principal Officials

The following is a list of the principal officials of the City of Madison as of July 1, 2020:

Satya Rhodes-Conway, Mayor

Common Council

Sheri Carter, President	Paul E. Skidmore
Syed Abbas, Vice President	Zachary Henak
Barbara Harrington-McKinney	Arvina Martin
Patrick W. Heck	Tag Evers
Lindsay Lemmer	Grant A. Foster
Michael Verveer	Michael J. Tierney
Shiva Bidar	Samba Baldeh
Marsha A. Rummel	Rebecca Kemble
Nasra Wehelie	Keith Furman
Max Prestigiacomio	Christian A. Albouras

The Mayor is elected to a four-year term and the Common Council to two-year terms. The Common Council president serves a one-year term and is elected by the other members of the Common Council. Department officials are appointed by the Mayor with the Common Council approval after a competitive recruitment process. The Fire Chief and Police Chief are appointed by the City's Police and Fire Commission. Currently, each department head serves under a five-year renewable contract. Following are the senior appointed staff:

David P. Schmiedicke, Finance Director/City Treasurer	Eric Knepp, Park Superintendent
Kwasi Obeng, Council Chief of Staff	Charles Romines, Street Superintendent
Michelle Drea, City Assessor	Yang Tao, City Traffic Engineer
Michael Haas, City Attorney	Sabrina Tolley, Parking Division Manager
Maribeth Witzel-Behl, City Clerk	Justin Stuehrenberg, Metro Transit General Manager
Norman Davis, Civil Rights Director	Tom Heikkinen, Water Utility Manager
Tresa Fuchs-Martinez, Employee Assistance Program Administrator	Matt Wachter, Planning & Community & Economic Development Director
Steven Davis, Fire Chief	James O'Keefe, Community Development Division Director
Harper Donahue, IV, Human Resources Director	Matthew Mikolajewski, Economic Development Division Director
Sarah Edgerton, Information Technology Director	Tom Conrad, Acting CDA Executive Director
Gregory Mickells, Library Director	George Hank, Building Inspection Division Director
Connie Thompson, Monona Terrace Director	Heather Stouder, Planning Division Director
Victor Wahl (acting), Police Chief	Thomas Lynch, Transportation Director
Janel Heinrich, Public Health Director	
Robert Phillips, City Engineer	
Mahanth Joishy, Fleet Service Superintendent	

Employee Relations as of July 28, 2020

The City of Madison employs 2,762 permanent full-time and 97 part-time civil service employees. Five unions represent 1,276 employees or 46% of the permanent work force. The principal unions that represent employees of the City are: Association of Madison Fire Supervisors; International Association of Fire Fighters Local 311; Association of Madison Police Supervisors; Madison Professional Police Officers Association; and Teamsters Union Local 695.

Under 2011 Wisconsin Act 10 and Act 32, along with their related court decisions, the scope of representation by public sector unions, with the exception of those representing police and fire commissioned employees and transit employees was changed. In response, most former city unions became employee associations in 2015.

Services

The State of Wisconsin (the “State”) mandates that certain services be performed by municipalities. Those functions and/or activities that are mandated by State law or administrative rule are: (i) providing for elections, (ii) maintaining a fire department, (iii) maintaining a police department, (iv) providing for a public health joint venture, and (v) providing traffic control.

In addition, the City furnishes numerous services including a comprehensive parks and recreational program, a modern mass transit system, public parking lots and ramps, a solid waste management program, housing and community development activities, an equal opportunities commission, as well as numerous services to low-income and elderly citizens.

The following table illustrates the 2020 budgeted revenue sources of the General Fund (by percentage) that support the services and activities of the City.

<u>Revenue Source</u>	<u>Percent of Total Revenue</u>
Real Estate and Personal Property Tax	73.4%
Intergovernmental Revenues (includes payments in lieu of taxes)	16.5
Miscellaneous (includes applied fund balance)	2.0
Charges for Services	2.8
Licenses and Permits	2.2
Fines and Forfeitures	1.9
Interest on Investments	<u>1.2</u>
Total	<u>100.0%</u>

NOTE: Total budgeted 2020 General Fund Revenues (including Madison Public Library) were \$340,708,133.

City Facilities

The principal facilities utilized by the City are considered to be suitable and adequate for the present and future requirements, except as noted below. Major facilities are:

- Municipal Offices: The City and Dane County jointly own and operate a City-County Building, located in the central business district of the City. This facility, and the City-owned Madison Municipal Building located across the street, house most of the City’s central administrative staff operations.
- Fire Stations: The City has 14 fire stations, an administration office, and a maintenance facility. In order to maintain the condition of Fire Administration offices and stations, 2020 initiatives include repairing flooring at Station 4, parking lot work at Station 6, and emergency power connections for Station generators.
- Police Stations: Historically, the Police Department has operated out of the City-County Building. The Police Department has decentralized police services by operating district stations serving specific geographic areas of the City. The 2020 project initiatives include providing facility updates at the six Police District Stations, the Training Center, and the Police Department units in the City-County Building.

- Health: The administrative central offices for Public Health-Madison and Dane County and the Public Health Lab are located in the City-County Building. This space was recently renovated.

Clinic facilities with staff offices are operated in leased space at the Village on Park on South Park Street, and at the Madison East Shopping Center on East Washington Avenue. The offices for Environmental Health and Animal Services are in leased space on International Lane.

- Library: Madison's library system is comprised of a centrally-located main facility and eight neighborhood branches. The central facility and four branches are City-owned, while the remaining four branches operate in leased space.

The Central Library received funding for new flooring, repainting the facility, and major furniture replacement. Also included in the 2020 Capital Budget is funding for plumbing repairs, electrical, and HVAC replacement at the Sequoia branch, and a front desk reconfiguration at the Alicia Ashman branch. Construction of the new Pinney Library location at 516 Cottage Grove Road was completed in 2020 and provides approximately 20,000 square feet of space to house new technology, additional reading and study rooms, and a dedicated space for children that better provides for the East Side community.

- Parking Systems: The City provides over 5,000 public parking spaces through its five parking ramps, seven parking lots and more than 1,300 on-street metered parking spaces.

The City is continuing its program of major renovations to the existing off-street parking facilities. The City completed constructing the Judge Doyle parking garage to provide 562 below ground spaces that replaces the older Government East ramp. Planned purchases in 2020 include: a utility vehicle, a sweeper, a dump truck, service truck, and a service worker vehicle. The replacement of the State Street Campus Lake Garage is expected to occur in 2024, with planning and design starting in 2023.

- Monona Terrace Community and Convention Center, a 250,000 square-foot convention center originally designed by Frank Lloyd Wright, opened in 1997. A 550-space parking ramp connecting to the convention center is owned by the State of Wisconsin. Planned projects for 2020 include a ceiling refinish of the north hall, escalator and elevator upgrades, repairing exterior loading docks, and replacing existing industrial equipment.
- Warner Park Community Recreation Center, located in Warner Park on the City's northeast side, is a multi-purpose, state-of-the-art public facility for recreational, educational, cultural and community programs and activities. The \$4.7 million project was developed by the City of Madison Department of Planning and Development, Community Development Block Grant Office, in partnership with the Northside Planning Council. Building funds were provided by the Department of Housing and Urban Development, the City, and contributions from community businesses and residents.

The Warner Park Community Recreation Center's Mission Statement provides that the center is a gathering place which provides innovative growth and enrichment opportunities for the Madison community and connects people of all ages, races and cultural backgrounds.

- Parks: In addition to Warner Park Community Recreation Center listed above, the City is responsible for the upkeep of the Goodman Pool, 12 beaches (8 of which have lifeguard services), over 274 parks, four golf courses, eight off-leash dog exercise areas, 20 conservation parks, botanical gardens, cemetery, and boulevard maintenance encompassing over 5,600 acres, as well as the care and pruning of over 96,000 street trees and 100,000 park trees. In addition to the Cypress Spray Park, the City opened two additional splash parks at Elver and Reindahl Parks in August 2014. In August 2015, the City opened a new storm shelter and developed recreational amenities for Highland Manor Park. The 6,400 square foot structure provides a "safe room" for residents of the mobile home community and a gathering space for the entire area. On September 10, 2015, the Irwin A. and Robert D. Goodman Skatepark at Central Park was opened. The first public skatepark in the City, this facility was made possible through funding from the City, private donations, and federal, state and county grants.

Taking place in 2020, are improvements at Brittingham Park, improvements to existing disc golf courses and potential new disc golf courses, improvements to existing dog park facilities, and new off-leash dog parks, removing and replacing ash trees throughout the city, and replacing roads at Forest Hill Cemetery.

- Streets and Sidewalks: The City budgets annually for the expansion and maintenance of this system, which currently includes over 790 miles of streets and 1,234 miles of sidewalks.
- Transit Utility: The City offers public transit services to its citizens, including service on both mainline and secondary routes, as well as school, commuter and special events service.

The Transit Utility is also responsible for planning and coordinating all fixed route transit improvements and programs, as well as the repair and maintenance services required by the transit fleet. Because the City operates the only publicly-owned bus system in Dane County, this service has been extended to other governmental entities at their request. When services are extended outside the City boundaries, the receiving entity pays its share of the operating costs.

Funding was advanced for the construction of the Metro Satellite Bus Facility. This facility will alleviate space constraints at the East Washington location and will house Metro's future fleet goal of 285 buses.

- Facility Management: The City Engineering Division's Facilities Management Section is responsible for development of a large portion of the City's physical plant. City Engineering staff perform architectural services and supervise construction projects, including building retrofits to meet energy and accessibility standards. This section also maintains data considering age and conditions for approximately 250 buildings city-wide, along with leading the Madison Municipal Building renovation and reconstruction efforts to provide additional functional workspace, improved energy efficiency, a high quality public environment, and to extend the useful life of the structure by more than 50 years.
- Facility Maintenance: The City Engineering Division's Facilities Maintenance Section provides maintenance services to several City agency facilities including fire and police stations, streets, facilities, the First Street Garage and the Engineering Services building.
- Fleet Equipment and Facilities: The Fleet Service Division is responsible for the purchase and preparation of fleet equipment used by City agencies, in-house repairs, and the purchase of outside repair and maintenance services.

The new Fleet facility at Nakoosa Trail on the east side is currently under construction. This facility will house the City's Central Garage, Fire Maintenance, and Radio Shop. The goal of the project is to improve the efficiency of fleet operations by delivering service at a single location, in contrast to the current approach which are spread across three facilities. The \$30 million facility is estimated to be complete by the end of 2020.

- Water: The Madison Water Utility serves the entire area of the City and additional wholesale customers beyond the municipal boundaries through its owned supply and distribution system, which draws from 23 active deep wells which includes over 895 miles of water main. The Utility plans to install water mains on Cottage Grove Road, Treetops Drive, Feather Edge Drive, Felland Road, and Lien Road in 2020.

On August 15, 2017, the PSCW granted the dissolution of Waunona Sanitary District #2 (District) and the acquisition of its customers and assets by the Madison Water Utility (water utility). The Water Utility Board agreed to take over the operations and began providing water and sewer service to the acquired customers after the effective date of transition.

- Sanitary Sewer: The Madison Sanitary Sewer Utility serves the entire area of the City and maintains 760 miles of sanitary sewer mains and 29 sanitary sewerage lift stations to convey wastewater to the interceptors and wastewater treatment plant of the Madison Metropolitan Sewerage District.

Relationship to Other Political Units

Dane County

The City and Dane County (the “County”) have a policy of cooperation and non-duplication of service. Examples of this are as follows:

- The governance of the Monona Terrace Community and Convention Center is shared jointly between the City and the County with the State also having representation.
- The County contracts with the City for the manufacturing of road and street signs, radio repair and the use of radio towers.
- The City and the County operate a unified and jointly funded Department of Public Health. Shared, or “joint” costs are apportioned to the City and County tax levies based upon equalized value. In addition, some expenses are funded entirely by either the City or County.
- The City and County jointly own and operate the City-County Building.
- The City, the County and other governmental entities bordering on lakes Monona and Mendota cooperate in lake patrol and weed control.
- The Dane County library system purchases various services from the City library.
- Dane County’s Department of Public Safety Communications provides countywide 9-1-1 emergency call taking services. The Department also provides dispatching and centralized communications services for the Dane County Sheriff’s Department, Madison Police and Fire Departments, as well as 21 local law enforcement agencies, 26 local fire departments, and 21 local EMS agencies.
- The County Sheriff’s Department coordinates with the Madison Police Department.
- The County has a Capitol Area Regional Planning Commission which assists in coordinating planning activities of all local jurisdictions.
- The Madison Area Transportation Planning Board (TPB) (the Metropolitan Planning Organization for the Madison Area) carries out a cooperative, continuing and comprehensive planning process for making transportation investment decisions in the Metropolitan area, working with 34 contiguous villages, cities and townships. The TPB prepares and maintains a long range multi-modal transportation plan and a five-year transportation improvement program to provide for transportation investments to meet metropolitan transportation needs.

Madison Metropolitan Sewerage District

The Madison Metropolitan Sewerage District (the “District”) was established to provide sewerage disposal and treatment services to a wide geographic area. The District owns and operates a major collection system and the processing/disposal facilities. Each local unit of government owns, operates and maintains the sewer mains and laterals within its geographic boundaries.

The District bills each local unit of government based on volume of sewerage processed. The City accounts for all of its sewer-related costs in a separate enterprise fund. Monthly billings are submitted along with the water bill and the revenue collected is sufficient to pay for the District’s sewer services plus the City’s Sewer Utility’s debt service and cost of local engineering and sewer maintenance.

Neighboring Municipalities

Since 1990, the City has entered into intergovernmental agreements with the Cities of Fitchburg, Middleton, Monona, Sun Prairie and Verona; the Villages of DeForest, Maple Bluff, McFarland, Shorewood Hills, and Waunakee; the Towns of Blooming Grove, Burke, Madison, Middleton, Springfield, Verona, and Westport; and Dane County. These agreements are intended to minimize annexation legal battles, provide for orderly City growth, and to ensure that each municipal identity will be maintained. Such agreements also provide opportunities for cost-sharing on capital projects such as road construction, as well as cost savings arising from municipal service consolidation.

City Finances

The City Finance Department is responsible for overall accounting, finance and budget functions for agencies and proprietary operations of the City. The centralized accounting system is multi-dimensional and provides information necessary for budgetary control, resource allocation, and program costs.

Financial statements conform to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles applicable to governmental units prepared in accordance with standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and are included in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). Interim financial statements are prepared monthly for some enterprise funds, as well as quarterly budget to actual and cash-flow projections, and specialized financial reports are also prepared on an as-needed basis.

The City maintains a "financial trend monitoring system" that charts various balance sheet, revenue and cost items, as well as key financial ratios. Changes in trends are analyzed and, when appropriate, corrective action is taken. Results of the trends also play a role in the City's debt management program.

The City maintains a segregated debt service fund. Annual deposits are made to the fund in amounts sufficient to pay all current year interest and principal on all general obligation debts. In addition, any unused proceeds from borrowing are transferred to the fund. These amounts are used to offset future years' debt service payments.

Investment Policies

The City has a comprehensive written investment policy. All of the City's temporary idle cash is invested by the Treasury and Revenue Manager as the Investment Officer. Cash flow projections prepared by the City Finance Department are used in making investment decisions. Major features of its policy are as follows:

- Safety – safety of principal is the foremost objective of the City.
- Liquidity – the investment portfolio will remain sufficiently liquid to meet all operating requirements that may be reasonably anticipated.
- Return – the City's investment portfolio is designed to attain a market-average rate of return during budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the City's investment risk constraint and the cash flow characteristics of the portfolio.
- Local considerations – where possible, funds may be invested for the betterment of the local economy or that of local entities within the State. The City may accept a proposal from an eligible institution which provides for a reduced rate of interest provided that such institution documents the use of deposited funds for community development projects.
- Social Responsible Investing - Investments in corporate equities and bonds will be limited to companies with an Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) score within the top 50% of the ranking index and consistent with Common Council authorized guidance.

- Authorized financial institutions, depositories, and broker/dealers – the City maintains a list of financial institutions and depositories authorized to provide investment services, as well as of approved security broker/dealers selected for credit worthiness, experience, and other relevant factors.
- Delivery vs. payment – all trades of marketable securities will be executed by delivery vs. payment (DVP) to ensure that securities are deposited in an eligible financial institution prior to the release of funds.
- Safekeeping – securities will be held by an independent third-party custodian selected by the City as evidenced by safekeeping receipts in the City’s name.
- Internal controls – the Investment Officer is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse.
- Investment types – as a unit of local government in the State, the City is restricted by Section 66.0603(1m) of the Wisconsin Statutes to the following investment options:
 - A. U.S. Treasury obligations which carry the full faith and credit guarantee of the United States government.
 - B. U.S. government agency and instrumentality obligations that have a liquid market with a readily determinable market value.
 - C. Certificates of deposit and other evidences of deposit in any credit union, bank, savings bank, trust company or savings and loan association which is authorized to transact business in Wisconsin if the time deposits mature in not more than 3 years.
 - D. Commercial paper rated in the highest tier by a nationally recognized rating agency. Investment- grade obligations of state and local governments and public authorities which mature or which may be tendered for purchase at the option of the holder within not more than seven years of the date on which it was acquired.
 - E. Investment-grade obligations of state and local governments and public authorities which mature or which may be tendered for purchase at the option of the holder within not more than seven years of the date on which it was acquired.
 - F. Any corporate security which matures or which may be tendered for purchase at the option of the holder within not more than seven years of the date on which it is acquired, if that security has a rating which is the highest or second highest rating category assigned by a nationally recognized rating agency.
 - G. Repurchase agreements whose underlying securities consist of U.S. Treasury obligations or U.S. government agency or instrumentality obligations.
 - H. Money market mutual funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and invested primarily in government or government agency money market instruments.
 - I. Local government investment pools administered by the State of Wisconsin or developed through joint powers statutes and other intergovernmental agreement legislation.
- Collateralization – all demand deposit accounts, including checking accounts and non-negotiable certificates of deposit, should be fully collateralized.
- Repurchase agreements – Repurchase agreements shall be consistent with the Recommended Practices on Repurchase Agreements of the Government Finance Officers Association.

- All investments of the City shall be diversified on the following basis:
 - A. The City shall limit investments to avoid over-concentration in securities from a specific Issuer or business sector. In general, no limits are necessary for U.S. Treasury securities, no more than 25% should be invested in a single government agency Issuer, no more than 20% in a single money market fund (excluding the Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool), no more than 10% in corporate bonds, no more than 10% in commercial paper, no more than 3% in a single Issuer of corporate bonds, and no more than 3% in a single Issuer of commercial paper. In no case should combined corporate bond/commercial paper holdings in a particular business sector exceed 10%.
 - B. The City shall invest in securities with varying maturities.
 - C. The City shall continuously invest a portion of the portfolio in readily available funds such as local government investment pools, money market funds or overnight repurchase agreements to ensure that appropriate liquidity is maintained in order to meet ongoing obligations.
- Maximum maturities – The City shall attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements to the extent possible. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the City will not directly invest in securities maturing more than ten years from the date of purchase. The City will invest in accordance with state and local statutes or ordinances. Reserve funds remaining after short-term fund requirements are met will be invested using a “laddered maturity” approach. The portfolio shall have a weighted average maturity of less than five years, with the exception of investments made to coincide as nearly as practicable with the expected use of funds. Any securities purchased will be liquid with an active secondary market that can be accessed if necessary to sell a security prior to its maturity.
- Competitive Bids – The investment officer shall obtain competitive bids from at least two brokers or financial institutions on all purchases of investment instruments purchased on the secondary market.
- Management – The investment officer may consult with internal and external partners regarding the diversification of the portfolio and cash management.
- Reporting – The Investment Officer shall prepare an investment report at least quarterly, including a management summary that provides an analysis of the status and statement of market value and the individual transactions executed over the last quarter, which will determine whether investment activities during the reporting period have conformed to the investment policy. The report will include a listing of individual securities held at the end of the reporting period, realized and unrealized gains and losses resulting from appreciation or depreciation, average weighted yield to maturity of portfolio on investments as compared to applicable benchmarks, a list of investments by maturity date, and the percentage of total portfolio that each type of investment represents. The city of Madison’s cash management portfolio shall be designated with the objective of regularly meeting or exceeding the average return on three-month U.S. Treasury bills.

As of July 31, 2020, the City had invested a total of \$575,977,110 for itself, the Water Utility, and the Madison Metropolitan School District. Of that total, \$99,588,495 (17.29%) was invested in securities having a maturity date of later than July 31, 2021.

Budget Process

The City of Madison utilizes the “Executive Budget” process, whereby the Mayor develops and submits a budget for the upcoming fiscal year. The Mayor develops priorities and guidelines for the next year and presents them to City agencies. Each agency is then required to submit a budget request to the Finance Director prior to August 15 for the ensuing calendar year. Operating budget requests are reviewed by the Finance Director and the Mayor. Capital budget requests are reviewed by the Mayor, Finance Director and appropriate staff. Based on the requests and changes made thereto, the Mayor makes final determination as to which programs, and their level of funding, are to be included in the Executive Budget and presents it to the Common Council.

The Council’s Finance Committee reviews the Executive Budget in detail, holding several public hearings and numerous meetings for deliberation. The Board may make changes to the Executive Budget.

When completed, the budget, as amended by the Finance Committee, is submitted to the Common Council for final approval. The Council may make further amendments to the budget, and final adoption requires a simple majority vote.

Once the budget is adopted, subsequent amendments and additional appropriations require a three-fourths vote of the Common Council. A balanced budget (appropriations equal to the sum of estimated revenues, tax levy and applied fund balance) is required at all times.

Pension Costs

All employees holding qualified positions, as defined by the City’s retirement plan, are eligible for participation in the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS). The City pays a portion of the program’s entire cost. Also included in payments to the WRS are amounts to fund disability pensions of police officers and firefighters as provided by Section 40.65 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The total cost of the retirement plan and disability pensions approximated the following for the past five years is:

2019	\$33,765,363
2018	33,006,192
2017	32,123,893
2016	28,889,626
2015	28,751,096

Effective with the adoption of the State of Wisconsin 2011-2013 budget (Wisconsin Act 32) and Wisconsin Act 10, all new employees hired after July 1, 2011, that are expected to work over 1,200 hours in a year, are eligible to participate in WRS. Current employees already in the WRS, became eligible when expected to work over 600 hours in a year.

All eligible employees except commissioned Police and Fire staff must pay 50% of their respective total WRS contribution rates. Employee contributions for 2020 are 6.75% and will remain 6.75% in 2021. Commissioned Police and Fire staff pay these same employee contribution rates.

WRS utilizes the “Entry Age Normal with Frozen Initial Liability” actuarial method in establishing employer contribution rates. Under this method, the unfunded accrued actuarial liability is affected only by the monthly amortization payments, compound interest, the added liability created by new employer units, and any added liabilities caused by changes in benefit provisions. All actuarial gains or losses arising from the difference between actual and assumed experience are reflected in the determination of the normal cost. The City has no unfunded accrued pension liabilities as determined by the WRS.

GASB 68

The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (GASB 68) and related GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date-an amendment to GASB 68, which revised existing standards for measuring and reporting pension liabilities for pension plans provided to City employees and require recognition of a liability equal to the City’s proportionate share of net pension liability which is measured as the total pension liability less the amount of the pension plan’s fiduciary net position.

The City’s proportionate shares of the pension costs and the City’s net pension liability for WRS for the past three years are as follows:

	<u>Proportion of the Net Pension Liability</u>	<u>Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)</u>
2019	1.74727964%	\$62,162,732
2018	1.68891241	(50,145,814)
2017	1.62005356	13,353,109

For more information regarding GASB 68 with respect to the City, please reference “Note V- Other Information –A. Employees’ Retirement System” of the City’s Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

The City contributes to other post-employment benefits (“OPEB”) to eligible retired City employees and their spouses that covers both active and retired members.

The City of Madison adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective January 1, 2018.

The following table shows the components of the City’s annual OPEB costs for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

Balance at January 1, 2019	<u>\$65,258,316</u>
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	4,291,031
Interest	2,792,310
Changes of benefit terms	-
Changes in assumptions	4,468,248
Differences between expected and actual experience	(2,300,267)
Benefit payments	<u>(3,252,602)</u>
Net changes	<u>5,998,720</u>
Balance at December 31, 2019	<u>\$71,257,036*</u>

* Excludes OPEB obligation for the Department of Public Health for Madison and Dane County (DPHMDC), which is a joint venture with Dane County.

Funded status of the City’s OPEB as reported in the actuarial reports for the past five fiscal years is as follows:

<u>Actuarial Valuation Date</u>	<u>Actuarial Value of Assets</u>	<u>OPEB Expense</u>	<u>Actuarial^(a) Total OPEB Liability</u>
December 31, 2019	- (b)	\$6,535,006	\$71,257,036
December 31, 2018	- (b)	6,375,205	65,258,316
December 31, 2017	- (b)	7,293,602	62,674,237
December 31, 2016	\$1,639,640	7,440,559	64,414,957
December 31, 2015	1,639,640	6,808,834	57,433,140

(a) 2017 and prior reported under GASB 45, 2018 and forward reported under GASB 75.

(b) Plan assets are not currently administered by a fund trustee.

Source: City’s 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For more information concerning the City’s OPEB obligations, please reference “Note V – Other Information, D. Other Post-Employment Benefits” and “Required Supplementary Information” of the City’s Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

Sources: City’s Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports.

ECONOMY

Statistics prepared by the State Department of Workforce Development for the Madison Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) break down employment by category for June 2020 as follows:

<u>Approximate Employment Category</u>	<u>Number Employed</u>
Government	68,500
Goods Producing	53,400
Professional and Business Services	53,800
Leisure and Hospitality	23,300
Manufacturing	33,800
Finance	24,000
Other Services	18,400
Information	14,900

The principal private employers are Epic Systems (9,600 employees), SSM Health Care (6,082 employees), and American Family Mutual Insurance Group (4,468 employees).

Employment/unemployment statistics are as follows:

	Annual Average				September 2020
	2016	2017	2018	2019	
Madison MSA					
Labor Force (000)	385.0	388.1	387.6	388.0	394.6
Employed (000)	373.6	378.5	378.7	378.2	379.5
Unemployed (000)	9.9	10.5	11.1	9.8	15.1
Percent Unemployed					
United States	4.9%	4.4%	3.9%	3.7%	7.9%
State of Wisconsin	4.0	3.3	3.0	3.3	5.4
Madison MSA	3.0	2.5	2.3	2.5	3.8

Source: Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development, <https://www.jobcenterofwisconsin.com/wisconomy/>, 2020 data is preliminary. Data is not seasonally adjusted.

Major Employers in the Madison Area

Employer	Number of Employees
State of Wisconsin	41,405
University of Wisconsin – Madison	22,365
UW Health	14,599
Epic Systems (Verona)	9,600
SSM Health Care	6,082
United States Government	5,430
American Family Mutual Insurance Group	4,468
Madison Metropolitan School District	3,592
City of Madison	3,056
Unity Point Health - Meriter	2,987

Source: This is not a comprehensive list, but is based on the City's 2019 CAFR, (Table 16 page 235).

Population Data (City of Madison)

The population trend of the City since 1980 is shown below:

Year	Census Population Count	Percent Increase (Decrease) from Previous Year Shown
2020 (Est. Jan. 1, 2020)	257,197	10.3%
2010	233,209	12.1
2000	208,054	8.8
1990	191,262	12.1
1980	170,616	--

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, <https://www.census.gov>, and Wisconsin State Department of Administration, <https://www.doa.wi.gov>.

Population by Age Distribution (City of Madison)

	<u>1990*</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2020</u>
Under 5	11,863	10,815	13,561	14,403
5-14	17,323	20,348	21,298	23,662
15-19	6,469	18,192	16,508	19,290
20-24	42,089	32,394	34,919	40,637
25-44	68,378	66,979	73,364	79,474
45-64	27,309	40,142	51,176	52,983
65 & Over	<u>17,831</u>	<u>19,184</u>	<u>22,383</u>	<u>26,748</u>
Total	<u>191,262</u>	<u>208,054</u>	<u>233,209</u>	<u>257,197</u>

* For the year 1990, age categories are: under 5, 5-13, 14-17, 18-24, 25-44, 45-64, and 65 and over.

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, <https://www.census.gov> and Wisconsin State Department of Administration, <https://www.doa.wi.gov>.

Family Income Range (City of Madison)

	<u>Number of Families</u>			
	<u>1980</u>	<u>1990</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>2018*</u>
Under - \$9,999	5,105	2,493	1,627	1,801
\$10,000 - \$14,999	4,697	1,993	1,141	723
\$15,000 - \$24,999	11,158	5,144	3,163	2,240
\$25,000 - \$49,999	13,528	16,289	10,692	7,185
\$50,000 - \$74,999	1,825	8,902	11,495	8,797
\$75,000 & Over	<u>846</u>	<u>5,426</u>	<u>14,642</u>	<u>30,397</u>
Total	<u>37,159</u>	<u>40,247</u>	<u>42,760</u>	<u>51,143</u>
Median Family Income	\$22,856	\$40,799	\$59,840	\$88,743

* 2014-2018 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates; most recent information available. Released in December 2019.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, <https://www.census.gov>

Growth and Trends

As of July 31, 2020, the City encompassed 79.75 square miles.

The City of Madison's Comprehensive Plan is the result of Imagine Madison, a community engagement process that reached over 15,000 City residents. The Comprehensive Plan is the City's high-level plan for the future. It includes recommendations regarding land use, transportation, housing, economic development, parks and open space, cultural resources, and a variety of services. The primary function of the Plan is to guide growth and development in the City over the next 20 years. Several key recommendations of the Comprehensive Plan include transit improvements, more housing choices, creation of family-supporting jobs, and focusing future growth on infill and redevelopment priority areas. Additionally, the 2020 Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) invests \$1.1 billion over the next 6 years. The timing of major projects, such as construction of new facilities, causes the variability in budget amounts across the CIP. After peaking in 2019, the CIP ranges from \$149-191 million for 2020 to 2024, except for 2022 where the CIP grows to \$256 million for major infrastructure and facilities projects.

City Tax Incremental Districts

As of January 1, 2020, the City had 13 active Tax Incremental Districts. The total 2020 equalized value of property in the active districts is \$2,317,663,600 or 7.02% of the City's 2020 equalized value of \$33,036,794,000. Taxes generated from the incremental values have been sufficient to pay all costs associated with the districts, including applicable debt service.

The following table is a listing of the City's active districts and their total incremental value generated as of January 1, 2020.

<u>No. and Title</u>	<u>General Location</u>	<u>Incremental Value Generated</u>
25. West Wilson St. Corridor	Central city	\$ 197,394,900
29. Allied Dunn's Marsh Neighborhood	Southeast	32,043,200
35. Todd Drive/West Beltline Highway	South	53,833,800
36. Capitol Gateway Corridor	Central city	407,836,000
37. Union Corners	East	119,273,900
38. Badger/Ann/Park Street	South	2,186,900
39. Stoughton Road	Southeast	114,770,700
41. University- Whitney	West	51,061,800
42. Wingra	West	57,527,200
44. Royster Clark	East	35,876,600
45. Capitol Square West	Central city	103,134,600
46. Research Park	West	240,506,400
47. Silicon Prairie	West	<u>18,230,900</u>
Total Incremental Value Generated		<u>\$1,433,676,900</u>

Assessed Valuation Growth

Assessed valuation changes in millions of dollars for residential and commercial real property for the last five years are shown in the following schedule.

<u>Assessment Year</u>	<u>(In Millions of Dollars)</u>				
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Residential:					
Construction	\$ 164	\$ 189	\$ 206	\$ 182	\$ 237
Revaluation	<u>471</u>	<u>789</u>	<u>869</u>	<u>876</u>	<u>747</u>
Subtotal	\$ 635	\$ 978	\$1,075	\$1,058	\$984
Commercial:					
Construction	\$ 354	\$ 561	\$ 398	\$ 424	\$392
Revaluation	<u>200</u>	<u>745</u>	<u>375</u>	<u>216</u>	<u>490</u>
Subtotal	\$ 554	\$1,306	\$ 773	\$640	\$882
Agricultural:					
Construction	-	-	\$ 1	-	\$ 1
Revaluation	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Subtotal	-	-	\$ 1	-	\$ 1
Total:					
Construction	\$ 518	\$ 750	\$ 605	\$ 606	\$630
Revaluation	<u>671</u>	<u>1,534</u>	<u>1,244</u>	<u>1,092</u>	<u>1,237</u>
Grand Total	<u>\$1,189</u>	<u>\$2,284</u>	<u>\$1,849</u>	<u>\$1,698</u>	<u>\$1,867</u>

* Source: 2019 assessed valuation breakdowns as of January 1, 2020, as published by the City Assessor in June 2020, (The 2020 Property Tax Base of the City of Madison)

New residential construction during each of the last five years is shown below:

Number of Dwelling Units Constructed-as of July 31, 2020

<u>Assessment Year</u>	<u>One Family</u>	<u>Two or More Families</u>	<u>Total</u>
2016	292	1,558	1,850
2017	361	1,698	2,059
2018	359	1,224	1,583
2019	368	1,322	1,690
2020 (through 7-31)	203	1,029	1,232

Permits Issued by the City

Year	New Single Family Residential		New Commercial/Industrial		Total Value* (All Permits)
	Number	Value	Number	Value	
2020 (to 8-21)	225	\$ 77,073,390	42	\$223,547,272	\$415,036,710
2019	378	117,916,106	73	426,303,664	812,994,688
2018	359	105,575,828	86	429,423,037	966,292,347
2017	361	100,503,415	97	524,110,171	882,224,669
2016	342	87,701,354	86	358,026,333	743,849,219
2015	299	78,816,625	63	244,977,932	556,466,808

* *In addition to building permits, the total value includes all other permits issued by the City (i.e. heating, lighting, plumbing, roof replacement, etc.).*

Source: The City.

Education

The majority of the City is within the Madison Metropolitan School District, which educates more than 27,000 students. The district operates 50 schools, including five high schools and one alternative high school. In addition, the District operates the University of Wisconsin Hospital School which serves the educational needs of school age children who are under care and treatment at the University of Wisconsin hospital. The Verona School District, the Sun Prairie Area School District, the Middleton-Cross Plains School District, the DeForest School District, the Monona Grove School District, the McFarland School District and the Waunakee Community School District also serve small parts of the City. Madison is the home of the main campus of the University of Wisconsin (UW) system. UW Madison graduates over 7,000 undergraduate students annually.

DEBT STRUCTURE

Estimated General Obligation Debt Outstanding as of December 22, 2020

General Obligation Bonds	\$ 134,610,000
General Obligation Promissory Notes	<u>401,082,500</u>
 Total	 <u>\$535,692,500*</u>

NOTE: The total general obligation debt of the City of Madison currently includes \$166,447,371 that will be reimbursed from the earnings of various City operations. The total general obligation debt also includes \$41,952,746 borrowed to fund the City's portion of Tax Incremental Districts (TIDs). Principal and interest for TID-related debt are paid by the incremental taxes generated in the TIDs, not the general tax levy.

Estimated Calendar Year General Obligation Debt Service Payments

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Principal & Interest</u>
2020 (at 10-15)	(Paid)	(Paid)
2021	\$ 82,008,000	\$ 98,547,020
2022	74,597,500	87,555,990
2023	69,550,000	80,133,126
2024	63,249,000	71,871,563
2025	54,882,500	61,636,363
2026	47,849,500	52,993,336
2027	39,523,000	43,323,515
2028	30,708,000	33,373,883
2029	20,655,000	22,512,451
2030	12,600,000	13,954,045
2031	5,485,000	6,578,709
2032	5,470,000	6,423,626
2033	4,765,000	5,577,350
2034	4,765,000	5,444,038
2035	4,760,000	5,303,225
2036	4,145,000	4,551,281
2037	3,810,000	4,096,925
2038	3,120,000	3,297,200
2039	2,620,000	2,709,900
2040	<u>1,130,000</u>	<u>1,152,600</u>
 Total	 <u>\$535,692,500*</u>	 <u>\$611,036,146</u>

* 92.5% of this debt will be retired within ten years.

Computation of City's Legal Debt Margin

Debt Limit (5% of 2020 Equalized Value of \$33,036,794,000)	\$1,651,839,700
Total Debt Applicable to Debt Limit	<u>(535,692,500)</u>
Legal Debt Margin as of December 22, 2020*	<u>\$1,116,147,200*</u>
Debt Outstanding as a Percent of Legal Debt Limit	32.43%

* The legal debt margin permits debt to be offset by debt service funds. No such offset has been used to decrease the margin shown above.

Percentage of General Obligation Debt To Equalized Value as of December 31 for Last Five Years

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>G.O. Debt</u>	<u>Equalized Value</u>	<u>G.O. Debt as a % of Equalized Value</u>
2015	\$382,395,000	\$23,685,668,450	1.61%
2016	410,605,000	24,596,422,250	1.67
2017	448,645,000	26,768,653,950	1.68
2018	487,061,000	28,727,407,800	1.70
2019	521,391,000	30,910,698,000	1.69

General Obligation Debt Per Capita and Debt Per Capita as a Percentage of Per Capita Personal Income as of December 31 for Last Five Years

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>G.O. Debt</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Debt Per Capita</u>	<u>Madison MSA Per Capita Income</u>	<u>Debt Per Capita as a % of Per Capita Income</u>
2015	\$382,395,000	242,216	\$1,579	\$52,352	3.02%
2016	410,605,000	247,207	1,661	53,595	3.10
2017	448,645,000	250,073	1,794	58,100	3.09
2018	487,061,000	252,546	1,929	59,371	3.25
2019	521,391,000	255,650	2,039	N/A	N/A

Sources: The City and the Bureau of Economic Analysis – US Department of Commerce, <http://www.bea.gov/regional/bearfacts>. Personal income last published on November 14, 2019.

Overlapping Debt

<u>Taxing Unit</u>	<u>Estimated G.O. Debt as of 12-22-2020*</u>	<u>Debt Applicable to Value in City</u>	
		<u>Percent</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Dane County	\$350,665,000	44.82%	\$157,168,053
DeForest School District	140,160,000	9.79	13,721,664
Madison Metropolitan School District	51,060,000	89.61	45,754,866
McFarland School District	61,160,000	10.03	6,134,348
Middleton-Cross Plains School District	199,330,000	22.42	44,689,786
Monona Grove School District	85,895,000	0.12	103,074
Sun Prairie Area School District	268,360,000	15.74	42,239,864
Verona School District	170,025,000	3.66	6,222,915
Waunakee Community School District	68,740,000	2.60	1,787,240
Madison Area Technical College	166,390,000	32.96	<u>54,842,144</u>
Total			<u>\$372,663,954</u>

* Excludes general obligation debt of the Madison Metropolitan Sewerage District (the "District"). The District has not levied a property tax since 1973 for this general obligation debt. All operating and debt service expenditures of the District are paid out of sewer service charges billed to the local units of government within the District.

Estimated Non-General Obligation Debt Outstanding

Revenue Bonds Payable from Enterprise Funds:	
Water Utility	\$206,260,000
Sewer Utility	<u>51,445,000*</u>
Total as of December 22, 2020	<u>\$257,705,000</u>

* Includes the Bonds and excludes the Refunded Bonds.

In addition, the Community Development Authority of the City has issued various obligations payable solely from revenues generated by the associated projects, and housing bonds and notes payable from public housing rentals and subsidies. As of December 31, 2019, the total principal amount outstanding of the Community Development Authority obligations was \$3,190,000.

GENERAL FUND FINANCIAL INFORMATION

**Balance Sheet
General Fund
Years Ended December 31, 2015-2019**

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 61,166,869	\$ 68,398,674	\$ 67,013,897	\$ 73,440,507	\$ 78,890,748
Receivables					
Taxes	193,648,230	202,863,467	213,310,368	224,186,106	230,971,165
Accounts	4,254,315	5,581,578	3,408,514	4,293,286	4,515,384
Accrued revenue	873,293	331,898	948,351	170,983	-
Accrued interest	517,236	454,426	364,370	494,287	651,661
Long-term loans	2,163,731	1,848,042	898,024	830,704	779,273
Other receivables	16,736,000	16,546,000	16,546,000	16,546,000	14,648,000
Due from other funds	1,601,312	760,958	7,148,588	489,505	579,225
Due from component unit	796,655	654,610	-	20,286	11,831
Due from other governmental units	1,984,200	366,821	357,244	527,061	3,958,201
Advances to other funds	3,060,000	2,295,000	1,530,000	1,578,340	1,316,829
Advances to component unit	238,000	238,000	238,000	238,000	238,000
Leases receivable	-	-	-	-	-
Inventories	600,105	-	574,173	560,568	557,686
Prepaid items	2,143,038	1,800,987	1,934,402	1,894,844	2,032,826
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 289,782,984</u>	<u>\$ 302,140,461</u>	<u>\$ 314,271,931</u>	<u>\$ 325,270,477</u>	<u>\$ 339,150,829</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 5,070,718	\$ 5,811,378	\$ 7,279,403	\$ 4,961,167	\$ 5,103,947
Accrued liabilities	8,379,163	10,675,737	10,202,312	10,255,284	12,325,628
Deposits	5,155,574	5,269,071	5,509,752	5,827,506	6,260,882
Due to other governmental units	113,351	1,420,650	655,310	43,301	125,325
Other liabilities	59,887	54,746	56,439	54,628	34,144
Total Liabilities	<u>18,778,693</u>	<u>23,231,582</u>	<u>23,703,216</u>	<u>21,141,886</u>	<u>23,849,926</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable revenues	22,191,193	21,880,289	19,108,236	17,639,543	16,307,165
Property taxes for subsequent year	<u>194,175,500</u>	<u>202,813,066</u>	<u>213,262,507</u>	<u>224,132,157</u>	<u>230,855,731</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>216,366,693</u>	<u>224,693,355</u>	<u>232,370,743</u>	<u>241,771,700</u>	<u>247,162,896</u>
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable					
Noncurrent advances to other funds	2,295,000	1,530,000	765,000	813,340	1,316,829
Advances to component units	238,000	238,000	238,000	238,000	238,000
Noncurrent interfunds	1,160,931	-	3,079,684	-	-
Noncurrent receivables	2,892,064	1,131,305	85,661	64,245	64,245
Inventories	-	-	574,173	560,568	557,685
Prepaid items	2,143,038	1,800,987	1,934,402	1,894,844	2,032,826
Restricted	-	-	-	822,139	779,273
Assigned	7,479,909	10,209,047	9,495,705	8,645,543	9,977,440
Unassigned	<u>38,428,656</u>	<u>39,306,185</u>	<u>42,025,347</u>	<u>49,318,212</u>	<u>53,171,709</u>
Total Fund Balances	<u>54,637,598</u>	<u>54,215,524</u>	<u>58,197,972</u>	<u>62,356,891</u>	<u>68,138,007</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	<u>\$ 289,782,984</u>	<u>\$ 302,140,461</u>	<u>\$ 314,271,931</u>	<u>\$ 325,270,477</u>	<u>\$ 339,150,829</u>

Sources: City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports.

GENERAL FUND FINANCIAL INFORMATION

**Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
General Fund
Years Ended December 31, 2015-2019**

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 189,481,458	\$ 195,421,631	\$ 204,541,277	\$ 214,650,234	\$ 225,805,119
Intergovernmental	35,724,727	35,717,178	36,596,686	37,280,604	38,503,530
Licenses and permits	6,712,323	9,327,847	7,706,199	7,897,702	7,385,413
Fines and forfeitures	7,012,225	7,694,509	6,614,108	6,360,901	6,452,870
Public charges for services	10,187,921	9,159,414	15,967,637	13,334,323	14,786,359
Investment income	1,179,285	2,759,893	1,506,537	3,462,791	5,767,747
Miscellaneous	2,999,030	1,174,743	1,267,501	1,176,552	3,171,525
Total Revenues	<u>253,296,969</u>	<u>261,255,215</u>	<u>274,199,945</u>	<u>284,163,107</u>	<u>301,872,563</u>
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	\$ 23,580,539	\$ 25,817,932	\$ 25,798,262	\$ 25,964,541	\$ 25,698,059
Public safety	119,787,675	125,262,941	127,524,178	131,741,893	137,676,340
Public works	34,218,992	36,837,928	35,485,767	36,914,468	40,180,686
Planning and development	21,329,625	19,951,759	21,884,467	22,060,875	23,808,696
Culture and recreation	16,461,258	16,989,347	17,098,705	17,598,272	18,104,270
Total Expenditures	<u>215,378,089</u>	<u>224,859,907</u>	<u>227,791,379</u>	<u>234,280,049</u>	<u>245,468,051</u>
Excess of revenues over expenditures	<u>37,918,880</u>	<u>36,395,308</u>	<u>46,408,566</u>	<u>49,883,058</u>	<u>56,404,512</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	-			
Sale of capital assets	59,499	43,435	106,692	45,705	51,758
Transfers in	16,206,381	17,216,799	18,910,297	20,319,278	20,898,187
Transfers out	<u>(55,805,416)</u>	<u>(54,077,616)</u>	<u>(61,443,107)</u>	<u>(66,911,261)</u>	<u>(71,573,341)</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(39,539,536)</u>	<u>(36,817,382)</u>	<u>(42,426,118)</u>	<u>(46,546,278)</u>	<u>(50,623,396)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,620,656)	(422,074)	3,982,448	3,336,780	5,781,116
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year	<u>56,258,254</u>	<u>54,637,598</u>	<u>54,215,523</u>	<u>59,020,111</u>	<u>62,356,891</u>
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 54,637,598</u>	<u>\$ 54,215,524</u>	<u>\$ 58,197,971</u>	<u>\$ 62,356,891</u>	<u>\$ 68,138,007</u>

Sources: City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports.

General Fund and Debt Service Budget Summary

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Revenues:		
Property Taxes	\$241,829,723	\$250,016,152
Intergovernmental revenues (includes payment in lieu of taxes)	54,864,600	56,616,012
Charges for Services	9,202,101	9,389,049
Other Local Taxes and revenues	7,190,600	6,810,000
Fines and Forfeitures	6,900,000	6,500,000
Licenses and Permits	7,729,420	7,376,920
Interest Income	<u>4,350,000</u>	<u>4,000,000</u>
 Total Revenues	 <u>\$332,066,444</u>	 <u>\$340,708,133</u>
Expenditures:		
Public Safety and Health	\$134,986,175	\$145,084,514
General Government	2,177,601	2,604,260
Public Works and Transportation	66,301,280	61,615,533
Administration	22,568,777	24,802,434
Department of Planning and Development	24,365,494	25,317,259
Debt Service	54,708,710	54,422,907
Miscellaneous	<u>9,254,842</u>	<u>7,697,623</u>
 Total General Fund Expenditures	 \$314,362,879	 \$321,544,530
Library	<u>17,703,565</u>	<u>19,163,603</u>
 Total Expenditures	 <u>\$332,066,444</u>	 <u>\$340,708,133</u>

Source: The City's 2020 Adopted Operating Budget, pages 11-13.

Debt Service Expenditures

Net debt service cost as a percentage of total General Fund expenditures for the past five years is shown as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>(In Thousands of Dollars)</u>		<u>Percent of Total</u>
	<u>Total General Fund Expenditures</u>	<u>Debt Service Expenditures</u>	
2016	\$273,769	\$40,477	14.8%
2017	283,939	44,321	15.6
2018	297,031	47,239	15.9
2019	314,363	54,709	17.4
2020 (Budget)	321,545	54,423	16.9

Source: The City's 2020 Adopted Operating Budget, page 13.

TAX LEVIES, COLLECTIONS AND RATES

The City of Madison levies property taxes for general City operations and collects the City's share of tax levies of other governmental units (School Districts, County, Madison Area Technical College (MATC) and State) certified to the City. Taxes are levied by the Common Council. The City collects taxes, and offers citizens two types of payment options. The first option is a lump sum payment due on or before January 31. The second option is four installment payments due on or before January 31, March 31, May 31, and July 31. All delinquent real estate taxes are purchased by Dane County. Final settlement for these taxes is August 20, at which time the City receives 100% of its real property levy from the County. The City charges back delinquent personal property taxes to other taxing entities on a pro rata basis. Overdue or delinquent personal property taxes and special assessments are subject to an interest charge of 1% per month or fraction of a month. In addition to the interest charge, special assessments are subject to a penalty of 0.5% per month or fraction of a month.

Delinquent personal property taxes for the last five years as of July 31, 2020 are:

<u>Tax/Levy Year</u>	<u>Collection Year</u>	<u>Delinquent Taxes</u>
2015	2016	\$ 90,404
2016	2017	105,031
2017	2018	72,664
2018	2019	185,336
2019	2020	266,325

The City of Madison has never borrowed against delinquent taxes nor has the City ever engaged in interim borrowing for operational purposes.

Property Tax Rates Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>City^(a)</u>	<u>Madison School District</u>	<u>County</u>	<u>State^(b)</u>	<u>MATC</u>	<u>Less: State Credit</u>	<u>Total</u>
2016	\$9.49	\$12.54	\$3.06	\$0.18	\$0.96	\$(2.02)	\$24.21
2017	9.49	12.26	3.03	0.17	0.99	(1.98)	23.97
2018	9.34	11.99	3.09	-	0.97	(2.06)	23.33
2019	9.07	11.58	2.91	-	0.95	(1.99)	22.52
2020	8.90	11.78	2.87	-	0.94	(1.93)	22.56

^(a) Includes levy for Madison Public Library.

^(b) The State of Wisconsin repealed the forestry mill tax effective in 2018.

Source: The City's 2020 Adopted Operating Budget, page 8.

Tax Levies

Fiscal Year	City ^(a)	School District ^(b)	County	State ^(c)	MATC	Total ^(d)
2016	\$209,856,552	\$285,786,854	\$69,895,342	\$4,019,600	\$21,964,999	\$591,523,347
2017	219,728,630	282,644,837	70,246,283	4,174,161	23,018,319	599,812,230
2018	231,041,537	294,885,198	76,359,975	-	24,040,527	626,327,237
2019	241,829,722	307,595,085	77,628,453	-	25,383,285	652,436,545
2020	250,016,152	331,214,274	80,483,264	-	26,324,292	688,037,982

(a) Includes levy for Madison Public Library. Actual city levy may differ adopted budget property tax levy.

(b) The amount shown is the total for all of the school districts in which the City has property.

(c) The State of Wisconsin did not levy taxes during the current fiscal year.

(d) Levy before State tax credit.

Source: The City's 2020 Adopted Operating Budget, page 8.

CITY PROPERTY VALUES

Equalized and Assessed Value of Taxable Property

Levy Year	Equalized Value	Assessed Value	Ratio of Assessed to Equalized
2016	\$24,596,422,250	\$23,949,881,200	97.4%
2017	26,768,653,950	26,301,011,850	98.2
2018	28,727,407,800	27,588,748,100	96.0
2019	30,910,698,000	29,125,082,300	94.2
2020	33,036,794,000	*	*

* 2020 Assessed Value is not yet available.

NOTE: Includes captured tax increment value.

Source: Annual Assessment Summary Report, <https://www.revenue.wi.gov>.

2020 Equalized Value by Class of Property

Real Estate:		
Residential	\$19,556,377,500	59.2%
Commercial	12,408,044,200	37.5
Manufacturing	383,698,500	1.2
Agricultural and Other	25,506,600	0.1
Personal Property	<u>663,167,200</u>	<u>2.0</u>
Total	\$33,036,794,000	100.0%
Less: Captured Tax Increment Value	<u>(1,433,676,900)</u>	
Net Equalized Value	<u>\$31,603,117,100</u>	

Source: Equalized Value by Class of Property report, <https://www.revenue.wi.gov>.

The City Assessor has the statutory duty to determine the full market value of all locally assessable, non-exempt property in the City to ensure that property taxes are levied uniformly and equitably. The Assessor assesses all property at full market value as of January 1; publishes an annual assessment roll which describes the property and lists the owners' names and addresses and sets forth the assessed valuations that are used in computing property tax statements for City taxpayers.

The “equalized value,” also called the “full value assessment” or the “aggregate full value,” attempts to equalize the various local assessment policies so that a basis for uniformity of property values throughout the State is established. Under Section 70.57, Wisconsin Statutes, the State Department of Revenue is required to determine the equalized value of all taxable property in each county and taxation district. Based on several economic factors, including past sales studies, the State Department of Revenue calculates a percentage which, when applied to the assessed value, produces a value which most closely approximates the full market value of each county and taxation district. The State Department of Revenue shall notify each county and taxation district of its equalized value on August 15; with school districts being notified on October 15.

All municipalities must assess taxable property at a minimum of 90% of State equalized values at least once every five years.

Top Ten Individual Taxpayers in the City

<u>Taxpayer & Type of Business</u>	<u>2019 Assessed Value</u>	<u>Amount of Taxes Levied</u>	<u>Percentage of the Tax Levy</u>
1. Madison Joint Venture (Shopping Center Dev. & Management)	\$171,778,000	\$ 3,874,022	1.55%
2. American Family Insurance Corp (Insurance)	134,993,700	3,214,939	1.29
3. Core Campus Madison LLC (Property Dev. & Management)	89,500,000	2,018,698	0.81
4. University Research Park Inc. (Property Dev. & Management)	81,924,400	1,847,112	0.74
5. CG Growth LLC (Educational Services)	82,400,000	1,821,365	0.73
6. Core Campus II Madison LLC (Property Dev. & Management)	76,700,000	1,729,979	0.69
7. Covance Laboratories Inc. (Research)	74,955,000	1,690,618	0.68
8. 777 University Ave LLC (Property Dev. & Management)	66,935,700	1,509,655	0.60
9. AX Madison Junction LP (Property Dev. & Management)	64,300,000	1,381,501	0.55
10. Domain Apartments LLC (Property Dev & Management)	<u>57,070,000</u>	<u>1,287,201</u>	0.51
Totals	<u>\$900,556,800^(a)</u>	<u>\$ 20,375,090^(b)</u>	<u>8.15%</u>

^(a) Represents 3.10% of the City’s 2019 assessed value of \$29,125,082,300. 2020 assessed values are not yet available.

^(b) Represents 8.15% of the City’s 2020 adopted property tax levy of \$250,016,152.

Intergovernmental and Operating State Revenues

The City of Madison received over 13.4% of its total revenue from intergovernmental and operating program revenues in 2019. Primary sources are described below:

State Shared Taxes – Long-term, payment to municipalities based on population and property values.

State Highway Aid – Long-term, funded by state gasoline tax and motor vehicle fees. This revenue source is based on the type and size of governmental unit. Aid is distributed under a formula which considers the number of miles, types of roads in a municipality and local costs of maintaining the roads. This revenue is utilized by municipalities for major street repairs.

State Payment for Municipal Services – It is a payment in lieu of taxes funded in the state budget based on the value of State-owned property within a local jurisdiction; recognizes the cost of municipal services to state facilities.

State Recycling Aid – Since its inception in 1990, this State-funded grant program has existed to assist local units of government in recovering their recycling costs.

Expenditure Restraint Program – Starting in 1991, the State of Wisconsin implemented a program to provide additional financial assistance to cities with tax rates above the statewide average. In order to qualify for payments, the City must adopt an annual budget reflecting an increase no greater than the increase in the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Debt service expenditures are excluded from cost controls. Additional allowances for annual increases may be made due to growth in the City's tax base.

State Computer Reimbursement – Exempted business computers from being subject to property taxes beginning with the 1999 property tax collected in 2000. It also provides for a state aid payment to municipalities to offset the loss of this taxable property. This aid payment is recognized as General Fund revenue.

Fire Insurance Dues – The State of Wisconsin collects 2% of all fire insurance premiums sold in Wisconsin. All municipalities receive a share based on equalized value of real property improvements. Funds may be used for fire inspection, prevention and protection, training, purchase of fire protection equipment and funding of firefighters' pension programs.

State Personal Property Exempt – Effective January 1, 2018 the State exempted machinery, tools, and patterns, other than items already considered exempt manufacturing property under prior law. A new state aid program was also created to reimburse municipalities for lost personal property tax revenue.

The following table illustrates the amount of revenue the City has received from intergovernmental and operating program revenues over the last five years:

	(In Thousands of Dollars)				
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
State Shared Revenue	\$ 6,018	\$ 6,061	\$ 6,060	\$ 6,091	\$ 6,104
State Highway Aid	10,250	10,204	10,061	10,876	10,799
State Payment for Municipal Services	8,097	8,011	8,726	7,960	7,619
State Recycling Aid	804	765	803	804	805
Expenditure Restraint Program	6,568	6,399	6,783	6,932	7,043
State Computer Reimbursement	2,560	2,666	3,146	3,535	3,726
State Fire Insurance Dues	876	952	1,018	1,083	1,228
State Personal Property Exempt	0	0	0	0	1,180
Other Government Payment for Services	<u>552</u>	<u>659</u>	<u>0*</u>	<u>0*</u>	<u>0*</u>
Total	<u>\$35,725</u>	<u>\$35,717</u>	<u>\$36,597</u>	<u>\$37,281</u>	<u>38,504</u>

* *In prior years, revenue from payment of services comprised of fire protection for the Town of Burke, Town of Blooming Grove, and the Village of Shorewood Hills. In 2017 & beyond, the aforementioned revenues are no longer intergovernmental revenues, but are charges for services.*

INSURANCE

The City is provided general liability, automobile liability, public official's liability and police professional liability by the Wisconsin Municipal Mutual Insurance Company (WMMIC). The City has a \$500,000 per occurrence self-insurance retention (SIR) with a maximum annual aggregate SIR of \$1,825,000. Coverage of up to \$12,000,000 per occurrence 30,000,000 aggregate in excess of the SIR is provided by WMMIC. WMMIC also places a Cyber and Privacy Liability policy for the City through the Beazley Group and Lloyd's of London with a \$2,000,000 per occurrence/\$2,000,000 aggregate limit and a \$50,000 deductible.

Automobile liability insurance for the City's mass transit operation is provided by the Transit Mutual Insurance Corporation of Wisconsin. The group participants are insured with limits of \$250,000 per person and \$7,000,000 per accident.

Property insurance is provided by Municipal Property Insurance Company. In addition, the City insures its cash and crime exposures through an insurance program underwritten by Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland. The City also insures its Boiler and Machinery exposure through the Chubb Group.

Claims against the City are referred to the insurance administrators for processing. The independent administrators also establish "reserves" for the claims.

The City's Insurance and Worker's Compensation Funds had positive net positions of \$724,862, and \$4,761,695, respectively as of December 31, 2019. These balances are based on actuarial estimates of future claim liability and will be recovered through future charges to departments.

The Worker's Compensation program is self-insured and administered by a third-party administrator hired by the City. The City purchases workers' compensation excess coverage from Safety National Casualty Corp. with a \$650,000 retention.

GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019
(With comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2018)

	2019		Variance - Positive (Negative)	2018 Actual
	Final Amended Budget	Actual		
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 224,126,157	\$ 224,034,229	\$ (91,928)	\$ 212,870,528
Penalties and Interest on Delinquent Property Taxes	350,000	458,793	108,793	357,504
Prior Years Taxes	25,000	-	(25,000)	40,831
Mobile Home Tax	75,000	91,034	16,034	84,586
Transient Occupancy Tax	5,643,696	5,883,538	239,842	5,367,313
Payments in Lieu of Property Taxes	10,990,200	10,475,988	(514,212)	10,172,907
Total Taxes	241,210,053	240,943,582	(266,471)	228,893,669
Intergovernmental:				
State Shared Revenues	6,061,146	6,104,290	43,144	6,091,388
State Payment for Municipal Services	8,266,780	7,619,221	(647,559)	7,959,628
State Computer Reimbursement	3,719,678	3,725,755	6,077	3,534,842
State Highway Aids	10,960,000	10,798,726	(161,274)	10,875,556
State Recycling Aid	800,000	804,539	4,539	803,841
State Expenditure Restraint Program	7,042,624	7,042,624	-	6,932,000
State Fire Insurance Dues	1,150,000	1,227,899	77,899	1,083,349
State Personal Property Exempt	1,180,476	1,180,476	-	-
Total Intergovernmental	39,180,704	38,503,530	(677,174)	37,280,604
Licenses and Permits:				
Licenses	1,366,500	1,254,857	(111,643)	1,399,086
Permits	6,362,920	6,130,556	(232,364)	6,498,616
Total Licenses and Permits	7,729,420	7,385,413	\$ (344,007)	7,897,702
Fines and Forfeitures:				
Moving Violations	565,000	504,757	(60,243)	462,003
Uniform Citations	850,000	912,348	62,348	933,835
Parking Violations	5,485,000	5,035,215	(449,785)	4,964,178
NSF Fee	-	550	550	885
Total Fines and Forfeitures	6,900,000	6,452,870	(447,130)	6,360,901
Charges for Services:				
Engineering	750,000	920,386	170,386	635,640
Recreation	635,000	664,751	29,751	675,339
Cemetery	265,000	271,604	6,604	273,870
Current Services	1,427,101	1,726,531	299,430	1,801,804
Cable TV Fees	2,675,000	2,464,417	(210,583)	2,494,059
Ambulance Fees	7,800,000	8,738,670	938,670	7,453,611
Total Charges for Services	13,552,101	14,786,359	1,234,258	13,334,323
Investment Income	4,350,000	5,767,747	1,417,747	3,462,791
Other:				
Proceeds from Rental and Sale of Property	100,000	-	(100,000)	45,705
TIF Reimbursements	-	-	-	1,245,532
Miscellaneous	1,340,600	3,223,283	1,882,683	1,176,553
Total Other	1,440,600	3,223,283	1,782,683	2,467,790
Total Revenues	\$ 314,362,878	\$ 317,062,784	\$ 2,699,906	\$ 299,697,780

GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019
(With comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2018)

	2019			2018 Actual
	Final Amended Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)	
General Government:				
Council	\$ 831,869	\$ 815,466	\$ 16,403	\$ 752,336
Mayor	1,355,238	1,353,888	1,350	1,521,933
Municipal Court	55,494	124,413	(68,919)	239,992
Attorney	2,998,351	2,900,443	97,908	2,932,701
Assessor	2,667,024	2,430,784	236,240	2,656,307
Clerk	1,736,064	1,667,785	68,279	2,227,824
Treasurer	764,563	724,280	40,283	726,616
Finance	3,395,746	3,221,364	174,382	3,579,455
Information Technology	6,998,694	6,896,330	102,364	6,371,483
Human Resources	1,617,595	1,639,060	(21,465)	1,841,130
EAP	413,502	349,579	63,923	354,516
Department of Civil Rights	1,862,962	1,967,307	(104,345)	1,729,017
Total General Government	24,697,102	24,090,699	606,403	24,933,310
Public Safety and Health:				
Fire	55,260,773	55,156,436	104,337	52,774,900
Police	79,225,337	77,829,025	1,396,312	75,571,670
Public Health	5,384,683	5,384,683	-	4,238,064
Total Public Safety and Health	139,870,793	138,370,144	1,500,649	132,584,634
Public Works and Transportation:				
Engineering	4,360,065	4,222,720	137,345	4,505,320
Streets	27,757,940	26,286,078	1,471,862	25,512,214
Transit Utility	14,211,148	14,211,149	(1)	12,369,449
Transportation	461,293	486,326	(25,033)	106,774
Traffic Engineering	6,649,534	6,474,717	174,817	5,933,731
Total Public Works and Transportation	53,439,980	51,680,990	1,758,990	48,427,488
Planning and Development:				
Office of the Director of Planning	822,094	878,174	(56,080)	681,995
Planning Division	3,302,176	3,233,353	68,823	3,185,915
Building Inspection Division	4,592,002	4,510,389	81,613	4,534,746
Community Development Division	13,958,039	13,490,794	467,245	12,074,167
Economic Development Division	1,735,070	1,692,343	42,727	1,539,972
CDA Housing Operations	175,000	175,000	-	175,000
Total Planning and Development	24,584,381	23,980,053	604,328	22,191,795
Culture and Recreation:				
Parks	14,361,915	13,828,433	533,482	13,644,041
Other:				
Unallocated Employee Benefits	-	-	-	367,387
Miscellaneous	3,641,459	4,622,639	(981,180)	6,973,234
Total Other	3,641,459	4,622,639	(981,180)	7,340,621
Debt Service	54,708,710	54,708,710	-	47,239,110
Total Expenditures	\$ 315,304,340	\$ 311,281,668	\$ 4,022,672	\$296,360,999

GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN UNASSIGNED FUND BALANCE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019
(With comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2018)

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Unassigned Fund Balance–January 1	\$42,847,486	\$49,318,212
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures and Encumbrances	3,336,781	5,781,116
Decrease (Increase) in Amount Assigned for Future Expenditures	850,162	(1,331,899)
Other Changes to Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed and/or Assigned Fund Balance	<u>2,283,783</u>	<u>(595,720)</u>
Unassigned Fund Balance–December 31	<u>\$49,318,212</u>	<u>\$53,171,709</u>

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PROPOSED FORM OF LEGAL OPINION

December 22, 2020

The Common Council of the
City of Madison, Wisconsin

\$17,440,000
City of Madison, Wisconsin
Sewer System Revenue and Refunding Bonds,
Series 2020-D

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have examined a record of proceedings relating to the issuance of \$17,440,000 Sewer System Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2020-D (the “Bonds”), of the City of Madison, a municipal corporation of the State of Wisconsin (the “City”) situate in the County of Dane. The Bonds are authorized and issued pursuant to the provisions of Section 66.0621 of the Wisconsin Statutes and City of Madison Resolution RES-20-00802 duly adopted by the Common Council of the City on December 1, 2020 (the “Bond Resolution”).

The Bonds are issued and issuable only in fully registered form in the denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof and are numbered from one upward in order of their issuance. The Bonds initially issued are dated December 22, 2020. The Bonds mature on December 1 in each of the following years in the respective principal amount set opposite each such year in the following table, and the Bonds maturing in each such year bear interest from their date payable June 1, 2021 and semiannually thereafter on the first days of June and December of each year at the respective rate of interest per annum set forth opposite such year:

<u>Maturities</u>	<u>Amounts (\$)</u>	<u>Interest Rates (%)</u>
2021	1,520,000	5.00
2022	1,560,000	5.00
2023	1,635,000	5.00
2024	1,710,000	5.00
2025	1,800,000	2.00
2026	845,000	2.00
2027	860,000	2.00
2028	880,000	4.00
2029	915,000	1.00
2030	920,000	1.15
2031	935,000	1.25
2032	945,000	1.35
2033	960,000	1.45
2034	970,000	1.55
2035	985,000	1.65

The Bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2029 are subject to redemption prior to maturity as a whole or in part at the option of the City, in any order of maturity and by lot within a single maturity, on December 1, 2028 and on any date thereafter, at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount thereof to be redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date and without premium.

The Bonds are payable solely from and are secured by a pledge of the Net Revenues (as that term is defined in the Bond Resolution) of the sewer system of the City (the “System”).

We are of the opinion that:

1. The City is a municipal corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Wisconsin and is authorized to improve, maintain and operate the System and to charge and collect rents, fees and other charges for the use and services of the System.

2. The Bond Resolution has been duly adopted by the City, is in full force and effect and is valid and binding upon the City in accordance with its terms. The Bond Resolution creates a valid pledge of Net Revenues and other moneys and securities held thereunder for the benefit and security of the Bonds.

3. The Bonds have been duly and validly authorized and issued in accordance with the Constitution and laws of the State of Wisconsin and the Bond Resolution, are entitled to the benefits of the Bond Resolution, are enforceable in accordance with their terms, and constitute valid and binding limited obligations of the City. Neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing power of the City is pledged for the payment of the Bonds or the interest thereon.

4. Under existing law, interest on the Bonds is not includable in the gross income of the owners thereof for Federal income tax purposes. If there is continuing compliance with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the “Code”), we are of the opinion that interest on the Bonds will continue to be excluded from the gross income of the owners thereof for Federal income tax purposes. We are further of the opinion that the Bonds are not “private activity bonds” within the meaning of Section 141(a) of the Code. Accordingly, interest on the Bonds is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax. Interest on the Bonds is not exempt from Wisconsin income taxes.

The Code contains certain requirements that must be satisfied from and after the date hereof in order to preserve the exclusion from gross income for Federal income tax purposes of interest on the Bonds. These requirements relate to the use and investment of the proceeds of the Bonds, the payment of certain amounts to the United States, the security and source of payment of the Bonds and the use of the property financed with the proceeds of the Bonds. The City has covenanted in the Bond Resolution to comply with these requirements.

In rendering the foregoing opinion, we advise you that the enforceability (but not the validity or binding effect) of the Bonds and the Bond Resolution (i) may be limited by any applicable bankruptcy, insolvency or other laws affecting the rights or remedies of creditors generally now or hereafter in effect and (ii) is subject to principles of equity in the event that equitable remedies are sought.

Respectfully yours,

**CONTINUING DISCLOSURE UNDERTAKING
OF THE CITY OF MADISON, WISCONSIN, FOR THE PURPOSE OF PROVIDING
CONTINUING DISCLOSURE INFORMATION
UNDER SECTION (B)(5) OF SEC RULE 15c2-12, AS AMENDED**

This Continuing Disclosure Undertaking (this “Agreement”) is executed and delivered by the City of Madison, Wisconsin (the “Issuer”) in connection with the issuance of \$17,440,000 aggregate principal amount of Sewer System Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2020-D (the “Bonds”) of the Issuer. The Bonds are being issued pursuant to Resolutions adopted on December 1, 2020 (the “Resolution”).

In consideration of the issuance of the Bonds by the Issuer and the purchase of such Bonds by the owners thereof, the Issuer hereby covenants and agrees as follows:

Section 1. Purpose of this Agreement. This Agreement is executed and delivered by the Issuer as of the date set forth below, for the benefit of the holders and owners (the “Bondholders”) of the Bonds and in order to assist the Participating Underwriter (as defined below) in complying with the requirements of the Rule (as defined below). The Issuer represents that it will be the only obligated person (as defined in the Rule) with respect to the Bonds at the time the Bonds are delivered to the Participating Underwriter and that no other person is expected to become an obligated person at any time after the issuance of the Bonds.

Section 2. Definitions. The terms set forth below shall have the following meanings in this Agreement, unless the context clearly otherwise requires.

“*Annual Financial Information*” means the financial information and operating data described in Exhibit I.

“*Annual Financial Information Disclosure*” means the dissemination of disclosure concerning Annual Financial Information and the dissemination of the Audited Financial Statements as set forth in Section 4.

“*Audited Financial Statements*” means the audited consolidated financial statements of the Issuer, prepared pursuant to the standards and as described in Exhibit I.

“*Commission*” means the Securities and Exchange Commission.

“*Dissemination Agent*” means any agent designated as such in writing by the Issuer and which has filed with the Issuer a written acceptance of such designation, and such agent’s successors and assigns.

“*EMMA*” means the Electronic Municipal Market Access facility for municipal securities disclosure of the MSRB.

“*Exchange Act*” means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

“*Financial Obligation*” means a (i) debt obligation; (ii) derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or (iii) guarantee of (i) or (ii). The term “Financial Obligation” does not include municipal securities as to which a final official statement has been provided to the MSRB consistent with the Rule.

“*Material Event*” means the occurrence of any of the events with respect to the Bonds set forth in Exhibit II.

“*Material Events Disclosure*” means dissemination of a notice of a Material Event as set forth in Section 5.

“*MSRB*” means the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board.

“*Participating Underwriter*” means each broker, dealer or municipal securities dealer acting as an underwriter in any primary offering of the Bonds.

“*Prescribed Form*” means, with regard to the filing of Annual Financial Information, Audited Financial Statements and notices of Material Events with the MSRB at www.emma.msrb.org (or such other address or addresses as the MSRB may from time to time specify), such electronic format, accompanied by such identifying information, as shall have been prescribed by the MSRB and which shall be in effect on the date of filing of such information.

“*Rule*” means Rule 15c2-12 adopted by the Commission under the Exchange Act, as the same may be amended from time to time.

“*State*” means the State of Wisconsin

“*Undertaking*” means the obligations of the Issuer pursuant to Sections 4 and 5.

Section 3. CUSIP Number/Final Official Statement. The CUSIP Numbers of the Bonds are as follows:

Series 2020-D:

Maturity (December 1)	CUSIP (558605)
2021	GU9
2022	GV7
2023	GW5
2024	GX3
2025	GY1
2026	GZ8
2027	HA2
2028	HB0
2029	HC8
2030	HD6
2031	HE4
2032	HF1
2033	HG9
2034	HH7
2035	HJ3

The final Official Statement relating to the Bonds is dated December 8, 2020 (the “Final Official Statement”).

Section 4. Annual Financial Information Disclosure. Subject to Section 9 of this Agreement, the Issuer hereby covenants that it will disseminate the Annual Financial Information and the Audited Financial Statements (in the form and by the dates set forth below and in Exhibit I) to the MSRB within 270 days of the completion of the Issuer’s fiscal year.

The Issuer is required to deliver such information in Prescribed Form and by such time so that such entities receive the information by the dates specified.

If any part of the Annual Financial Information can no longer be generated because the operations to which it is related have been materially changed or discontinued, the Issuer will disseminate a statement to such effect as part of its Annual Financial Information for the year in which such event first occurs.

If any amendment is made to this Agreement, the Annual Financial Information for the year in which such amendment is made (or in any notice or supplement provided to the MSRB) shall contain a narrative description of the reasons for such amendment and its impact on the type of information being provided.

Section 5. Material Events Disclosure. Subject to Section 9 of this Agreement, the Issuer hereby covenants that it will disseminate in a timely manner, not in excess of 10 business days after the occurrence of the event, Material Events Disclosure to the MSRB in Prescribed Form. Notwithstanding the foregoing, notice of optional or unscheduled redemption of any Bonds need not be given under this Agreement any earlier than the notice (if any) of such redemption or defeasance is given to the owners of the Bonds pursuant to the Resolution. From and after the Effective Date, the Issuer is required to deliver such Material Events Disclosure in the same manner as provided by Section 4 of this Agreement.

Section 6. Duty To Update EMMA/MSRB. The Issuer shall determine, in the manner it deems appropriate, whether there has occurred a change in the MSRB's e-mail address or filing procedures and requirements under EMMA each time it is required to file information with the MSRB.

Section 7. Consequences of Failure of the Issuer to Provide Information. the Issuer shall give notice in a timely manner, not in excess of 10 business days after the occurrence of the event, to the MSRB in Prescribed Form of any failure to provide Annual Financial Information Disclosure when the same is due hereunder.

In the event of a failure of the Issuer to comply with any provision of this Agreement, the Bondholder of any Bond may seek specific performance by court order to cause the Issuer to comply with its obligations under this Agreement. A default under this Agreement shall not be deemed an Event of Default under the Resolution or the Agreement or any other agreement, and the sole remedy under this Agreement in the event of any failure of the Issuer to comply with this Agreement shall be an action to compel performance.

Section 8. Amendments; Waiver. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the Issuer may amend this Agreement, and any provision of this Agreement may be waived, if:

(i) The amendment or waiver is made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, change in law, or change in the identity, nature or status of the Issuer or type of business conducted;

(ii) This Agreement, as amended, or the provision, as waived, would have complied with the requirements of the Rule at the time of the primary offering, after taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances; and

(iii) The amendment or waiver does not materially impair the interests of the Bondholders of the Bonds, as determined either by parties unaffiliated with the Issuer or the Issuer (such as the Trustee) or by an approving vote of the Bondholders of the Bonds holding a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds (excluding Bonds held by or on behalf of the Issuer or its affiliates) pursuant to the terms of the Resolution at the time of the amendment; or

(iv) The amendment or waiver is otherwise permitted by the Rule.

Section 9. Termination of Undertaking. The Undertaking of the Issuer shall be terminated hereunder when the Issuer shall no longer have any legal liability for any obligation on or relating to the repayment of the Bonds. The Issuer shall give notice to the MSRB in a timely manner and in Prescribed Form if this Section is applicable.

Section 10. Dissemination Agent. The Issuer may, from time to time, appoint or engage a Dissemination Agent to assist it in carrying out its obligations under this Agreement, and may discharge any such Dissemination Agent, with or without appointing a successor Dissemination Agent.

Section 11. Additional Information. Nothing in this Agreement shall be deemed to prevent the Issuer from disseminating any other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in this Agreement or any other means of communication, or including any other information in any Annual Financial Information Disclosure or notice of occurrence of a Material Event, in addition to that which is required by this Agreement. If the Issuer chooses to include any information from any document or notice of occurrence of a Material Event in addition to that which is specifically required by this Agreement, the Issuer shall not have any obligation under this Agreement to update such information or include it in any future disclosure or notice of the occurrence of a Material Event.

Section 12. Beneficiaries. This Agreement has been executed in order to assist the Participating Underwriter in complying with the Rule; however, this Agreement shall inure solely to the benefit of the Issuer, the Dissemination Agent, if any, the Issuer, and the Bondholders of the Bonds, and shall create no rights in any other person or entity.

Section 13. Recordkeeping. The Issuer shall maintain records of all Annual Financial Information Disclosure and Material Events Disclosure, including the content of such disclosure, the names of the entities with whom such disclosure was filed and the date of filing such disclosure.

Section 14. Past Compliance. The Issuer represents that, except as otherwise disclosed in the Final Official Statement, it has complied with the requirements of each continuing disclosure undertaking entered into by it pursuant to the Rule in connection with previous financings to which the Rule was applicable.

Section 15. Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State.

CITY OF MADISON, WISCONSIN

By _____
David P. Schmiedicke
Finance Director

Dated: December 22, 2020

EXHIBIT I

ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION AND TIMING AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

“*Annual Financial Information*” means financial information and operating data exclusive of Audited Financial Statements as set forth below of the type appearing or incorporated by reference under “Continuing Disclosure” in the Final Official Statement.

All or a portion of the Annual Financial Information and the Audited Financial Statements as set forth below may be included by reference to other documents which have been submitted to the MSRB or filed with the Commission. The Issuer shall clearly identify each such item of information included by reference.

Annual Financial Information will be provided to the MSRB within 270 days after the last day of the Issuer’s fiscal year. Audited Financial Statements as described below should be filed at the same time as the Annual Financial Information. If Audited Financial Statements are not available when the Annual Financial Information is filed, unaudited financial statements shall be included, and Audited Financial Statements will be provided to the MSRB within 10 business days after availability to the Issuer.

Audited Financial Statements will be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States as in effect from time to time.

If any change is made to the Annual Financial Information as permitted by Section 4 of the Agreement, including for this purpose a change made to the fiscal year-end of the Obligated Person, the Issuer will disseminate a notice to the MSRB of such change in Prescribed Form as required by such Section 4.

EXHIBIT II

EVENTS WITH RESPECT TO THE BONDS FOR WHICH MATERIAL EVENTS DISCLOSURE IS REQUIRED

1. Principal and interest payment delinquencies
2. Nonpayment-related defaults, if material
3. Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties
4. Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties
5. Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform
6. Adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the security, or other material events affecting the tax status of the security
7. Modifications to rights of security holders, if material
8. Bond calls, if material, and tender offers
9. Defeasances
10. Release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the securities, if material
11. Rating changes
12. Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the Issuer*
13. The consummation of a merger, consolidation or acquisition involving the Issuer or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Issuer, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material
14. Appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material
15. Incurrence of a Financial Obligation of the Issuer, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a Financial Obligation of the obligated person, any of which affect security holders, if material.
16. Default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a Financial Obligation of the Issuer, any of which reflect financial difficulties.

* This event is considered to occur when any of the following occur: the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer for the Issuer in a proceeding under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the Issuer, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governing body and officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the Issuer.