Judge Doyle Square Project Board of Estimates Briefing

City Negotiating Team Monday, July 28, 2014



Council Directed Negotiating Guidelines

- 1. Keep the Madison Municipal Building in civic use. A significant, active connection to the hotel and Pinckney Street is needed and the planning for the MMB and the adjacent hotel should be thought of as an integrated development.
- 2. The new structures on Block 88 must be of high design quality and respect the design requirements of the MMB as a National Register of Historic Places building, and create a project design that is compatible with surrounding buildings and uses.
- 3. The development must be affordable for the taxpayers and efficient in the use of City resources.
 - ✓ For Block 88, work to carefully analyze the TIF investment and focus on the public benefit of that investment.
 - ✓ The density of the Block 105 development must not require significant public investment beyond parking related costs to serve the new development.
- 4. Rebuild the Government East parking ramp at an affordable cost to the Parking Utility while realizing a new, walkable extension of the retail/entertainment district to the 200 block of South Pinckney Street.



Council Directed Negotiating Guidelines

- 5. A significant amount of existing public parking supply should be maintained during the construction process.
- 6. Above ground parking should be visually appealing with its presence masked. No parking should be constructed at street level that is visible on S. Pinckney St.
- 7. An ironclad hotel room block agreement of 250 rooms, and a national affiliation (hotel flag) and a national sales force and reservation system for the hotel use are required.
- 8. The new hotel meeting/function space should complement Monona Terrace and create synergies with existing Madison hotels.
- 9. The project should have a community benefit by creating a sense of place for all Madisonians to interact and engage. The project team should negotiate opportunities for some affordable housing at 40% AMI, best practices for environmental sustainability, and community spaces for neighborhood groups.
- 10. The developer will enter into a Project Labor Agreement and establish a Community Work Agreement.

Judge Doyle Square Project Timeline

March 2012

Staff Report Provides Initial Summary of Findings

- ✓ Public Investment may be as much as \$50 million
- Outlined a preference for a full service hotel approach
- ✓ Recognized impacts are broader than the property taxes from the project alone
- Costs for parking likely to rise from the initial estimates as design progresses

November 2013

Staff Report Provides a Comparison of Proposals

- ✓ Total Public Investment among the proposals was \$45 to \$78 million (excluding City Offices)
- ✓ Strong preference for a "destination" approach
- ✓ Desire for architectural quality consistent with MMB on Block 88
- ✓ Both JDS proposals used above grade parking to the extent possible
- ✓ Suggested masking of above-grade parking

February 2014

RFP Selection Approved

- ✓ Elected to retain MIMB as City Offices
- ✓ Called for an integrated development plan
- Requirement for a high design quality
- ✓ Meeting space to complement Monona Terrace
- Phasing to maintain significant parking
- Mask above grade parking

March /July 2014

Project Concept Proposed with Cost Projections

- ✓ Retain MIMB as City Office Space
- ✓ Provides E-W and N-S public circulation connections
- ✓ Incorporated program complementary to Monona Terrace
- ✓ All Block 88 parking pushed below grade

2014

2012

2013

May / June 2013

RFQ Process Concludes

✓ Use of MMB as part

✓ Proposal for a "hotel

only" approach on

Block 88 was not

moved forward

of the project held out

as an alternate option

DRAFT 3

Design Summary



Core Design Objectives

The comparison against the core objectives were established to inform the design process:

Core Objective	Plan Considerations			
Authentic Destination	Destination elements include public gathering spaces, a redefinition of Pinckney Street and unique dining component			
Meeting Space	Complementary Program to support Monona Terrace			
Room Count	Approximately 311 Rooms will allow for the 250 Room Block			
Civic Design Character	East-West and North-South connections and programming in the public gathering space will help to better activate the area			
Integrated Development Plan	Connections provided from MLK through MMB into the core of the development Block 105 incorporates loading services for both Block 88 and Block 105 allowing for more activation at street level			
Viable Finance Plan	Public Investment focused on Core Destination Assets Maximize Market Supportable Tax Base and Fiscal Returns			

Street View Plan – MLK





Street View Plan – Pinckney



Massing Plan – Block 88 & Block 105





Program Summary

Block 88		
Parking Area		127,680 GSF
Parking Drive Connection		2,130 GSF
Civic and Public Circulation		36,445 GSF
Vertical Transportation – Public	8,070 SF	
Circulation – Public	5,740 SF	
East West Public Connection	1,085 SF	
North South Public Connection	2,670 SF	
Civic Gathering Space	7,110 SF	
Civic Space Circulation and Support	11,770 SF	
Hotel		190,110 GSF
Meeting Rooms		16,450 GSF
Dining Component		11,760 GSF
Wellness		8,365 GSF
Retail	_	12,085 GSF
Total Gross Building Area		405,025 GSF
Hotel Rooms		311
Parking Stalls		283

Block 105

Parking Area Loading Dock Bike Center Retail	292,445 GSF 6,260 GSF 4,900 GSF 6,260 GSF
Residential Total Gross Building Area	187,705 GSF 497,570 GSF
Residential Units	140



E-W Section – Block 88



Below Grade Parking – Block 88



DRAFT 11

Wilson / Pinckney Street Entry Level – Block 88





Doty Street Entry Level – Block 88



DRAFT 13

Civic Gathering / Meeting Space Level – Block 88



DRAFT 14

Level 3 Hotel Rooms – Block 88



Level 4 to 6 Hotel Rooms – Block 88



Floors 7 to 10 Hotel Rooms – Block 88





N-S Section – Block 105



Wilson Street Entry Level – Block 105





Pinckney Street Retail Level – Block 105



 \bigotimes^{ν}

Level 2 Parking – Block 105



DRAFT 21

 \bigotimes^{ν}

Levels 3 to 5 Parking – Block 105



 \bigotimes^{ν}

DRAFT 22

Levels 6 to 12 Residential Rental – Block 105



DRAFT 23

SOURCES & USES OF FUNDS Block 88 + Block 105 Overall Project

Block 88 SOURCES OF FUNDS		Block 105 SOURCES OF FUNDS		Overall Project (Block 88 + Block 105) SOURCES OF FUNDS	
Debt	45,230,000	Debt	23,553,000	Debt	68,783,000
Public Investment	43,215,000	Public Investment	3,977,000	Public Investment	47,192,000
		City Parking & Bike Center Funding	28,325,000	City Parking & Bike Center Funding	28,325,000
TOTAL	\$108,225,000	TOTAL	\$ 65,950,000	TOTAL	\$ 174,175,000
USES OF FUNDS		USES OF FUNDS		USES OF FUNDS	
Site Acquisition	\$-	Site Acquisition	\$ 2,800,000	Site Acquisition	\$ 2,800,000
Demolition & Site Preparation	1,643,030	Demolition & Site Preparation	1,446,778	Demolition & Site Preparation	3,089,808
Construction and FF&E	81,279,712	Construction and FF&E	46,936,839	Construction and FF&E	128,216,550
Architecture and Engineering	4,975,364	Architecture and Engineering	2,903,017	Architecture and Engineering	7,878,381
Development / Soft Costs	20,326,894	Development / Soft Costs	11,863,366	Development / Soft Costs	32,190,260
TOTAL	\$ 108,225,000	TOTAL	\$ 65,950,000	TOTAL	\$ 174,175,000

Investment Summary Block 88 + Block 105 Overall Project

	Block 88	Block 105	TOTAL
(\$MM)			
PRIVATE INVESTMENT			
Equity	\$ 19.8	\$ 10.1	\$ 29.9
Tax Credit	\$-	\$-	\$-
Debt	\$ 45.2	\$ 23.6	\$ 68.8
Subtotal - Private Investment	\$ 65.0	\$ 33.6	\$ 98.7
PUBLIC INVESTMENT			
Public Investment	\$ 43.2	\$ 4.0	\$ 47.2
Site Acquisition	\$ -	\$ 2.8	\$ 2.8
Block 88 Destination Elements	\$ 29.1	\$-	\$ 29.1
Block 88 Parking	\$ 14.1	\$-	\$ 14.1
Block 105 Infrastructure	\$-	\$ 1.2	\$ 1.2
City Parking & Bike Center Funding	NA	\$ 28.3	\$ 28.3
Government East Replacement		\$ 22.3	\$ 22.3
Residential Monthly Parking (140 Spaces)		\$ 4.7	\$ 4.7
Bicycle Center		\$ 1.3	\$ 1.3
TOTAL	\$108.2	\$ 66.0	\$174.2

Focus of Public Investment – Block 88

- Underground parking on Block 88 and underground connector to parking on Block 105
- Public Connections
 - East-West and North-South Public Connections
 - Vertical Transportation Public
- Meeting spaces, civic gathering space and public spaces and to complement Monona Terrace
- Structural framing, building mechanical systems and enclosure impacts including higher design quality to respect the landmark MMB

Focus of Public Investment – Block 105

- Loading dock serving both Block 88 and Block 105 located along the Wilson Street side of the Block 105 parking structure
- Maintain a significant amount of parking throughout construction
- Site acquisition costs
- Bicycle center
- Design quality including façade treatment of above ground parking



Council Directed Negotiating Guidelines

A comparison of the proposed plan against the Council Directed Negotiating Guidelines:

Council Directed Negotiating Guideline	Proposed Plan	
Keep MMB in Civic Use	•	
Integrated Development	•	
Affordable to Tax Payer	TBD	
Adequate and Affordable Parking	Continuing to negotiate	
Walkable Pinckney Street / Urban Scale	•	
Maintain Parking During Construction	Target a minimum of 280 stalls at all times	
Visually Appealing Parking	•	
Room Block	•	
Hotel Flag	•	
Complementary Meeting Space for MT	•	
A Sense of Place for All Madisonians	•	
Project Labor Agreement and Community Work Agreement	•	

DK

Project Cost Estimate Comparisons

• Estimated cost and level of TIF support has remained relatively consistent throughout the staff team review, RFQ, RFP and negotiation process to date.

	2012 Staff Team Report	Journeyman RFP Proposal	JDS 2 RFP Proposal	JDS Development Proposal
Total Cost	\$192m	\$179m	\$190m	\$174m
Total Square Feet	1,079,000	962,214	784,485	902,595
Cost per Sq Ft	\$178	\$186	\$242	\$193
TIF Estimate (Journeyman and JDS 2 from staff analysis of RFP)	\$25m to \$50m	\$56m	\$49m	\$48m
TIF Share of Cost (exc. City Parking and Bike Center)	15% to 30%	36%	29%	31%

DRAF

Options for Moving the Project Forward

Direct Negotiating Team to:

- 1. complete the term sheet for the project as presented by August 15th
- 2. reduce the public investment in the project while exploring the feasibility of maintaining approximately 300 rooms in the hotel
- 3. reduce the public investment in the project including the reduction of the number of hotel rooms, type of hotel, and flag
- 4. de-couple Block 88 and Block 105 to allow Block 105 to proceed now
- 5. suspend negotiations





Potential Areas for Cost Savings

- Reduce sizing of structural members in hotel tower with an additional column line penetrating the lower floors of MMB
- Reduce gross building area by cutting back on program for E-W, N-S Connections or Civic Spaces
- Reduce the number of vertical circulation cores on Block 88 (tradeoffs in terms of convenience of access for E-W & N-S public circulation)
- Reduce quality of design and skin costs on upper levels of the building (i.e., relax design quality requirements consistent with MMB)
- Refine foundations costs based on site investigation / soil report
- Rework vertical circulation cores for upper level development on Block 105 to improve on efficiency of parking structure below
- Eliminate or reduce cost of skin / screening at above grade parking
- Eliminate one (1) bay from Loading Dock on Block 105
- Reduce program of Bicycle Center
- Reduce underground parking on Block 88 with a commitment for event parking inventory in the Parking Utility garage on Block 105



Analysis of Proposed Project Costs

Block 88

Destination Hotel Construction and FF&E Overall Project Cost	\$ \$		per Key per Key	 Includes an allocation of demolition and site prep costs Destination elements drive higher than market supportable square feet per key
Retail & Wellness	¢	450.00	CE	Industry on ellipsetion of demolition and site group spate
Construction Costs Overall Project Cost	\$ \$		per SF per SF	 Includes an allocation of demolition and site prep costs Includes TI Allowance for Leased Space
Overall Floject Cost	φ	213.40	per SF	• Includes IT Allowance for Leased Space
Underground Parking				
Construction Costs	\$	37,187	per Stall	 Includes an allocation of demolition and site prep costs
Overall Project Cost	\$	49,713	per Stall	 Includes Underground Connector to Block 105
				 Tight site results in some single loaded parking driving higher SF and cost per stall
<u>Block 105</u>				
Residential				
Land / Air Rights	\$	20.000	per Unit	 Includes cost for purchase of air rights from City
Construction and FF&E	\$		per Unit	 Parking assumed to be leased from Parking Utility
Overall Project Cost	\$		per Unit	High rise construction
				Design quality consistent with Block 88 / MMB
Commercial & Retail				
Construction Costs	\$	184.02	per SF	 Parking assumed to be leased from Parking Utility
Overall Project Cost	\$		per SF	Includes TI Allowance for Leased Space
				Design quality consistent with Block 88
Bike Center & Loading Dock				
Construction Costs	\$	168.02	per SF	 Loading dock serves both Block 88 & 105
Overall Project Cost	\$		per SF	 Single loading dock allows for more street level activation
Structured Parking				
Construction Costs	\$		per Stall	 Includes demolition and site prep costs for Block 105
Overall Project Cost	\$	38,761	per Stall	 Loading dock results in quick ramps driving higher SF and cost per stall
EQUITY INVESTMENT				
Block 88	*	19.8 MM		
Block 105		10.1 MM		ant Equity Commitment at DRAFT 33
TOTAL	\$	29.9 MM	30%	6 of Private Investment DRAFI 33