UNIT WELL #19

Drilled in 1970, Unit Well 19 has a pumping capacity of 2175 gallons per minute. It operates year-round and primarily serves the University of Wisconsin campus area and the Regent neighborhood. In 2018, Well 19 pumped 342 million gallons of water compared to its 5-year average of 394 million gallons annually.

Unless otherwise noted, data contained in this report, which is updated annually, are from 2018.

Bacteria
In 2018, forty-three water samples were collected from Well 19 and tested for coliform bacteria, an indicator group of bacteria used to determine drinking water safety. None of the samples were found to have coliform bacteria present. Most samples (39) were chlorinated water while four were untreated groundwater. The Water Utility chlorinates drinking water to protect against bacteria and viruses that can be present in groundwater.

Hardness and Other Minerals
Like all groundwater, water from Well 19 contains calcium and magnesium that contributes to its hardness (290 mg/L [ppm] or 17 grains per gallon). Other naturally occurring constituents that are present in water from Well 19 can be found in the Inorganics Table.

Iron and Manganese
Water from Well 19 contains fairly high levels of both iron and manganese, minerals that can discolor the water. Water containing iron and manganese above the EPA secondary standards, 0.3 mg/L and 50 µg/L, respectively, may cause staining of laundry or plumbing fixtures.

Instances of colored water are random, infrequent, and temporary; the water usually clears up in 15-30 minutes without additional action. Running a coldwater tap at full force for a few minutes usually flushes out the minerals that cause the discoloration. If the color persists, call the Water Utility at 266-4654. You should not use colored water for drinking or cooking; instead run the water until the color clears.

Chromium
Tests have not found hexavalent chromium at Well 19. Chromium is known to be present in the aquifer; however, it is believed that the chemical environment in the Mt. Simon aquifer inhibits the release of chromium into groundwater. More information is found on the chromium page.
**Lead**

Madison’s groundwater supply does not contain significant amounts of naturally occurring lead.

**Radionuclides**

In 2018, water from Well 19 was tested four times for radium-226, radium-228, and other gross measures of radiation in water. Combined radium (226+228) ranged from 3.3 to 4.9 picocuries per liter (pCi/L) – below the maximum contaminant level (MCL) of 5 pCi/L.

Naturally occurring, radioactive elements are found in rock, soil, water, and air. They derive from the creation of our planet and enter our bodies when we drink water, breathe air, and eat foods that contain them. Everyone is exposed to some level of radiation in everyday life. For example, uranium and thorium are found in rock and soil. In time, they decay to other elements including radium, which later decays to radon gas. Radon is the largest contributor to our daily exposure of radiation from the natural world. More information is available from the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR).

See ATSDR for more information on radon.

**Man-made Contaminants**

Madison Water Utility annually tests all of its municipal wells for man-made contaminants that may be present in groundwater. Except for disinfection by-products (DBP), no other volatile organic compound (VOC) was detected at Well 19 in 2018. DBPs form when chlorine interacts with impurities in groundwater. The chlorine is added to disinfect the water and guard against bacterial growth in water mains.

The Volatile Organic Compounds table shows the list of substances that were tested, the results, and how the detected levels compare with the maximum contaminant levels (MCL) established by the EPA.

**Additional Information**

Information on routine water quality monitoring activities, including current test results and links to additional resources, is available at madisonwater.org. In addition, you can sign-up to receive periodic updates on Madison drinking water quality or the water main flushing program through the City of Madison website.

If you have questions about the information in this report or on our website, our staff would be happy to answer them. Please call the Water Quality line at 266-4654 weekdays from 7:45 a.m. to 4:00 p.m.

Click here to view water quality reports for other Madison municipal wells.