

UNIT WELL #24

Drilled in 1979, Unit Well 24 has a pumping capacity of 2100 gallons per minute. It operates year-round and serves Madison's Central (Capitol area) and Near East neighborhoods between the Yahara River and just east of Park Street. In 2019, Well 24 pumped 371 million gallons of water compared to its 5-year average of 427 million gallons annually.

Unless otherwise noted, data contained in this report, which is updated annually, are from 2019.

Bacteria

In 2019, forty-nine water samples were collected from Well 24 and tested for coliform bacteria, an indicator group of bacteria used to determine drinking water safety. None of the samples were found to have coliform bacteria present. A majority of the samples (45) were chlorinated water while four samples were untreated groundwater. The Water Utility chlorinates drinking water to protect against bacteria and viruses that can be present in groundwater.

Hardness and Other Minerals

Like all groundwater, water from Well 24 contains calcium and magnesium that contributes to its hardness (268 mg/L [ppm] or 16 grains per gallon). Other naturally occurring constituents that are present in water from Well 24 can be found in the [Inorganics Table](#).

Iron and Manganese

Water from Well 24 contains intermediate levels of both iron and manganese, two minerals that at elevated levels can discolor the water. The EPA [secondary standards](#) for iron and manganese are 0.3 mg/L and 50 µg/L, respectively. Water containing iron or manganese above these levels may cause staining of laundry or plumbing fixtures.

Instances of colored water are random, infrequent, and temporary; the water usually clears up in 15-30 minutes without additional action. Running a coldwater tap at full force for a few minutes usually flushes out the minerals that cause the discoloration. If the color persists, call the Water Utility at 266-4654. You should not use colored water for drinking or cooking; instead run the water until the color clears.

Chromium

Tests have not found hexavalent chromium at Well 24. Chromium is known to be present in the aquifer; however, it is believed that the chemical environment in the Mt. Simon aquifer inhibits the release of chromium into groundwater. More information is found on the [chromium](#) page.

Lead

Madison's groundwater supply does not contain significant amounts of naturally occurring lead.

Radionuclides

In 2019, water from Well 24 was tested for radium-226, radium-228, and other gross measures of radiation in water. Combined radium (226+228) measured at 2.1 picocuries per liter (pCi/L) – well below the maximum contaminant level (MCL) of 5 pCi/L.

Naturally occurring, radioactive elements are found in rock, soil, water, and air. They derive from the creation of our planet and enter our bodies when we drink water, breathe air, and eat foods that contain them. Everyone is exposed to some level of radiation in everyday life. For example, uranium and thorium are found in rock and soil. In time, they decay to other elements including radium, which later decays to radon gas. Radon is the largest contributor to our daily exposure of radiation from the natural world. More information is available from the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry ([ATSDR](#)).

See [ATSDR](#) for more information on radon.

Man-made Contaminants

Madison Water Utility annually tests all of its municipal wells for man-made contaminants that may be present in groundwater. Except for three disinfection by-products (DBP), no other volatile organic compounds (VOC) were detected at Well 24 in 2019. DBPs form when chlorine interacts with impurities in groundwater. The chlorine is added to disinfect the water and guard against bacterial growth in water mains.

The [Volatile Organic Compounds](#) table lists the substances that were tested, the results, and how the detected levels compare with the maximum contaminant levels (MCL) established by the EPA.

Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS)

All Madison wells were tested for PFAS in 2019. None of the thirty [PFAS](#) we tested were found at Well 24. Our website, [madisonwater.org](#), has more information about PFAS in drinking water.

Additional Information

Information on routine [water quality monitoring](#) activities, including current test results and links to additional resources, is available at [madisonwater.org](#). In addition, you can sign-up to receive periodic updates on Madison drinking water quality or the water main flushing program through the [City of Madison](#) website.

If you have questions about the information in this report or on our website, our staff would be happy to answer them. Please call the Water Quality line at 266-4654 weekdays from 7:45 a.m. to 4:00 p.m.

Click [here](#) to view water quality reports for other Madison municipal wells.